

Mobile Broadcast Services

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Contents

1.	SC	OPE	8
2.	RE	CFERENCES	9
2	2.1	NORMATIVE REFERENCES	
2	2.2	INFORMATIVE REFERENCES	
3.		CRMINOLOGY AND CONVENTIONS	
	3.1	CONVENTIONS	
	3.2	DEFINITIONS	
	3.3	ABBREVIATIONS	
4.		TRODUCTION	
	1.1	Version 1.0	
5.		OBILE BROADCAST SERVICES	
	5.1	SERVICE PROVISIONING	
٠	5.1		
		5.1.1.1 Transport Protocol for General Service Provisioning Messages	
		5.1.1.2 Transport Protocol for Smartcard Service Provisioning Messages	
	5.1		
		5.1.2.1 HTTP Binding for General Service Provisioning Message	
		5.1.2.2 HTTP Binding for Smartcard Service Provisioning Messages	
	5.1		
		5.1.3.1 Message Authentication for General Service Provisioning Messages	
		5.1.3.2 Subscriber Authentication for Smartcard Profile Service Provisioning Messages	
	5.1		
	5.1	\mathcal{C}	
		5.1.5.1 Pricing Information Request Messages	
		5.1.5.3 LTKM Renewal Messages	
		5.1.5.4 Unsubscription Messages	
		5.1.5.5 Token Purchase Request Messages	
	4	5.1.5.6 Account Inquiry Messages	
	5.1		
		5.1.6.1 Pricing Information Messages	50
		5.1.6.2 Service Request Messages	
		5.1.6.3 LKTM Renewal, Response and Completion Messages	
		5.1.6.4 Unsubscription Messages	
		5.1.6.5 Token Messages	
		5.1.6.7 Registration Procedure	
		5.1.6.8 LTKM Request Procedure	
		5.1.6.9 Deregistration Procedure	
		5.1.6.10 LTKM delivery mechanisms	58
	4	5.1.6.10.1 Signaling of supported LTKM delivery mechanisms	58
		5.1.6.10.2 LTKM delivery over SMS	
		5.1.6.10.3 LTKM delivery over HTTP	
		5.1.6.10.4 LTKM general processing	
	5.1	6 I	
	5.1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
_	5.2	5.1.8.1 Smartcard Profile Trigger Message TERMINAL PROVISIONING	
-	5.2 5.2		
	5.2		
		5.2.2.1 Declaring Terminal Provisioning as a Service within Service Guide	
		5.2.2.2 Declaring Terminal Provisioning as a Service within Service Guide	64
	_	5.2.2.3 Declaring Terminal Provisioning through Bootstrap	
	5.2		
5	5.3	INTERACTION	

5.3.1 Protocols and media codecs for Service Interaction Function	
5.3.2 Interactive retrieval of Service Guide	
5.3.3 Interactive retrieval of Service related information	
5.3.4 Interactive service ordering.	
5.3.5 Interaction for service and content protection	
5.3.6 Service related interaction and feedback	
5.3.6.1 Interactivity Media Document	
5.3.6.2 Broadcast delivery of InteractivityMediaDocuments	
5.3.6.3 Interactive delivery of InteractivityMediaDocuments	84
5.4 PERSONALIZATION/SUPPORT FOR USER-BASED PROFILES AND PREFERENCES	
5.4.1 User-based Profiles over Broadcast Channel	
5.4.2 Communicating the End User Preferences to Network	
5.5 CHARGING	
5.5.2 When to Trigger Calls to the Charging Enabler	
5.5.3 BCAST-related Information in Charging Messages	
5.5.3.1 Subscription-Based Charging: Subscribe/Purchase, Subscription Update, Unsubscribe Req	
5.5.3.2 Consumption-Based Charging: Token Purchase Request	
5.5.3.3 Service Interaction	
5.5.4 Exchange of charging data among systems	
5.6 MOBILITY	
5.6.1 Specifying Alternative Accesses for a Service	
5.6.2 Global Identification of Services and Content	
5.7 BROADCAST ROAMING	
5.7.1 Roaming messages between Terminal and BSM	
5.7.1.1 RoamingRuleRequest	
5.7.1.2 RoamingRuleResponse	
5.7.2 Roaming messages between Home BSM and Visited BSM	
5.7.2.1 Protocol stack for message exchanges between BSMs	
5.7.2.2 RoamingServiceRequest	
5.7.2.3 RoamingServiceResponse	
5.8 AVAILABILITY OF LOCATION INFORMATION	
5.9 XML FOR SIGNALLING	
5.9.1 Namespace identifier	
5.9.2 Proprietary extensions	
5.10 SERVICE PROVISIONING OF UNICAST SERVICES	
5.12 AUXILIARY DATA INSERTION AND SUPPORT FOR ADVERTISEMENTS	
5.13 SUBTITLING AND CLOSED CAPTIONS	
5.14 NOTIFICATION FUNCTION	
5.14.1 Discovery of Availability and Access to Notifications	
5.14.1.1 Discovery of Availability and access to Routifeations	
5.14.1.2 Discovery of availability and access to service-specific notifications	
5.14.2 Specification of event types of notifications (eventType)	
5.14.3 Format of Notification Message	
5.14.4 Notification Message Delivery	
5.14.4.1 Notification Message Delivery over Broadcast Channel	
5.14.4.2 Notification Message push-delivery over Interaction Channel	
5.14.4.3 Polling notifications over Interaction Channel	
5.14.5 Notification Interfaces	
5.14.5.1 Protocol Stacks	
5.14.5.2 Notification Event Delivery	
5.14.5.3 Notification Message Delivery	
5.14.6 Minimal support for emergency notifications	
APPENDIX A. CHANGE HISTORY (INFORMATIVE)	
A.1 APPROVED VERSION HISTORY	
A.2 Draft/Candidate Version 1_0 History	12

APPENDIX	K B. EXAMPLES ON REALIZING INTERACTIVE SERVICES (INFORMATIVE)	129
B.1 U	SE OF MMS TEMPLATE FOR SERVICE INTERACTION (INFORMATIVE)	129
B.1.1	Retrieving the MMS Message Template	129
B.1.2	Launching MMS Message Template Client and creating Multimedia Message	129
B.1.2.1		
B.1.2.2		
B.1.3	Sending the Interaction Message	131
APPENDIX		
C.1 Se	CR FOR BCAST CLIENT	132
C.2 S	CR FOR BCAST SERVICE APPLICATION (BSA)	134
	CR FOR BCAST SERVICE DISTRIBUTION/ADAPTATION (BSDA)	
	CR FOR BCAST SUBSCRIPTION MANAGEMENT (BSM)	
	CR FOR BCAST NOTIFICATION CLIENT (NTC)	
C.6 S	CR FOR BCAST NOTIFICATION DISTRIBUTION ADAPTATION (NTDA)	136
APPENDIX	X D. <mediaobjectset> EXAMPLES (INFORMATIVE)</mediaobjectset>	138
D.1 X	HTML MP BUNDLE	138
	IMS MESSAGE TEMPLATE BUNDLE	
	MIL BUNDLE	
APPENDIX	K E. WALK-THROUGH OF BROADCAST ROAMING (INFORMATIVE)	141
APPENDIX		
	MA BCAST DEVICE MANAGEMENT GENERAL	
	MA BCAST MANAGEMENT OBJECT TREE	
	CAST MO PARAMETERS	
F.3.1	<x></x>	
F.3.2	<x>/BCASTRelease</x>	
F.3.3	<x>/BCASTClientID</x>	
F.3.4 F.3.5	<x>/ServiceProvider <x>/SGServerAddress</x></x>	
F.3.6	<x>/SGServerAddress/Addr</x>	
F.3.7	<x>/SGServerAddress/AddrType</x>	
F.3.8	<x>/SGServerAddress/Port</x>	
F.3.9	<x>/BDSEntryPoint</x>	
F.3.10	<x>/BDSEntryPoint/<x></x></x>	
F.3.11	<x>/BDSEntryPoint/<x>/IPDC</x></x>	
F.3.12	<x>/BDSEntryPoint/<x>/IPDC/Tuning</x></x>	
F.3.13	<x>/BDSEntryPoint/<x>/IPDC/Tuning/Frequency</x></x>	148
F.3.14	<x>/BDSEntryPoint/<x>/IPDC/Tuning/UseLPChannel</x></x>	149
F.3.15	<x>/BDSEntryPoint/<x>/IPDC/IPPlatformID</x></x>	
F.3.16	<x>/BDSEntryPoint/<x>/IPDC/DVBNetworkID</x></x>	
F.3.17	<x>/BDSEntryPoint/<x>/IPDC/ESGProviderID</x></x>	
F.3.18	<x>/BDSEntryPoint/<x>/MBMS</x></x>	
F.3.19	X>/BDSEntryPoint/ <x>/MBMS/SG</x>	
F.3.20	<x>/BDSEntryPoint/<x>/MBMS/SG/IPSourceAddress</x></x>	
F.3.21	<x>/BDSEntryPoint/<x>/MBMS/SG/IPMulticastAddress</x></x>	
F.3.22	<x>/BDSEntryPoint/<x>/MBMS/SG/Port</x></x>	
F.3.23 F.3.24	<x>/BDSEntryPoint/<x>/MBMS/SG/TMGI</x></x>	
F.3.24 F.3.25	<x>/BDSEntryPoint/<x>/MBMS/SG/URL <x>/BDSEntryPoint/<x>/MBMS/APN</x></x></x></x>	
F.3.25 F.3.26	<x>/BDSEIIIIyPoiiii/<x>/ivibiiis/APN <x>/BSMSelector</x></x></x>	
F.3.20 F.3.27	<x>/BSMSelector/Name</x>	
F.3.28	<x>/BSMSelector/BSMFilterCode</x>	
F.3.29	<x>/BSMSelector/IsHomeBSM</x>	
F.3.30	<x>/BSMSelector/RoamingRule</x>	
F.3.31	<x>/Roaming</x>	
F.3.32	<x>/Roaming/HomeRoamingRuleRequestAddress</x>	

F.3.33	<x>/Roaming/ForceHomeRoamingRuleRequestAddress</x>	
F.3.34	<x>/Roaming/IgnoreUnIdentifiedBSM</x>	
F.3.35 F.3.36	<x>/Roaming/UseVisitedServiceProvisioningMode <x>/Ext</x></x>	
APPENDIX	X G. GUIDELINES FOR EXTENDING THE XML SCHEMAS IN FUTURE VERSIONS C 156	OF BCAST
APPENDIX		
	IEDIA-TYPE REGISTRATION REQUEST FOR APPLICATION/VND.OMA.BCAST.SPROV+XML IEDIA-TYPE REGISTRATION REQUEST FOR APPLICATION/VND.OMA.BCAST.DRM-TRIGGER+XML	
H.3 M	EDIA-TYPE REGISTRATION REQUEST FOR APPLICATION/VND.OMA.BCAST.SMARTCARD-TRIGGER-	-XML158
	IEDIA-TYPE REGISTRATION REQUEST FOR APPLICATION/VND.OMA.BCAST.IMD+XML IEDIA-TYPE REGISTRATION REQUEST FOR APPLICATION/VND.OMA.BCAST.NOTIFICATION+XML	
11.5 W	tedia-1 fre Registration Request for application, vnd.oma.dcast.notification+aml	100
Figure	es	
Figure 1: N	otification message delivery protocol stack variant 1	115
Figure 2: N	Totification message delivery protocol stack variant 2	115
Figure 3: N	oticifcation component exchange protocol stack	116
Figure 4: T	he screen flow of Voting Template	130
Figure 5: T	he screen flow of Viewer's Contribution Template	131
Figure 6: Iı	nformative Example of Broadcast Roaming	141
Figure 7: O	OMA BCAST Management Object Structure	145
Table	S	
Table 1: BO	CAST functions, Interfaces and Specifications	20
Table 2: Su	ımmary General Service Provisioning messages	21
Table 3: Su	ımmary Smartcard Service Provisioning messages	21
Table 4: Cı	ross Reference Table (Informative)	23
Table 5: St	ructure of Pricing Information Request in General Service Provisioning Message	25
Table 6: St	ructure of Pricing Information Response in General Service Provisioning Message	28
Table 7: St	ructure of Service Request in General Service Provisioning Message	32
Table 8: St	ructure of Service Response in General Service Provisioning Message	34
Table 9: St	ructure of Service Completion in General Service Provisioning Message	34
Table 10: S	structure of LTKM renewal request in General Service Provisioning Message	36
Table 11: S	structure of LTKM renewal response in General Service Provisioning Message	38
Table 12: L	TKM renewal completion in General Service Provisioning Message	39
Table 13: S	tructure of Unsubscribe Request in General Service Provisioning Message	41
Table 14: S	tructure of Unsubscribe Response in General Service Provisioning Message	42

Table 15: Structure of Token Purchase Request in General Service Provisioning Message	45
Table 16: Structure of Token Purchase Response in General Service Provisioning Message	47
Table 17: Structure of Token Purchase Completion in General Service Provisioning Message	48
Table 18: Structure of Account Inquiry Request in General Service Provisioning Message	49
Table 19: Structure of Account Inquiry Response in General Service Provisioning Message	50
Table 20: Structure of Smartcard Profile Trigger Message	63
Table 21: OMA BCAST Device Management Client Requirements	65
Table 22: Data structure of InteractivityMediaDocument	79
Table 23: elements of <interactivitymediadocument> used for language selection</interactivitymediadocument>	81
Table 24: Structure of Interactivity Media Document Request	86
Table 25: Structure of Interactivity Media Document Response	86
Table 26: Structure of End User Preference Message	87
Table 27: List of chargeable events	88
Table 28: Mapping table for Subscription based Charging	90
Table 29: Mapping table for Consumption based Charging	91
Table 30: Mapping table for Service Interaction	92
Table 31: Structure of RoamingRuleRequest Message	95
Table 32: Structure of Roaming RuleResponse Message	96
Table 33: Structure of RoamingServiceRequest Message	98
Table 34: Structure of RoamingServiceResponse Message	99
Table 35: Global Status Codes	104
Table 36: Event Types of Notifications	106
Table 37: Structure of Notification Message	114
Table 38: Header for UDP Delivery of Notification Message	115
Table 39: Structure of Notification Event Request Message	117
Table 40: Structure of Notification Event Response Message	118
Table 41: Structure of Notification Delivery Request Message	119
Table 42: Structure of Notification Delivery Response Message	119
Table 43: MMS Template Example for Voting	130
Table 44: MMS Template Example for User Feedback	131

1. Scope

This specification, together with the other specification comprising the Mobile Broadcast Services Enabler (BCAST 1.0), define a technological framework and specify globally interoperable technologies for the generation, management and distribution of mobile broadcast services over different broadcast distribution systems. The complete list of the specifications for BCAST 1.0 is defined in the Enabler Release Definition of BCAST 1.0 [BCAST10-ERELD]. This enabler suite includes specifications for the following functions: Service Guide; Service and Content protection; File and Stream distribution; Terminal Provisioning; Service Provisioning; Notifications; and; Service Interaction. In addition, a specification is provided for Roaming, Mobility and Charging. Adaptations to specific broadcast distribution systems (3GPP/MBMS, 3GPP2/BCMCS and "IP Datacast over DVB-H") are specified in the Adaptation Specification documents.

Overall, the scope of the BCAST 1.0 enabler is service layer technologies. Thus, all specifications address the protocol layers on top of the radio bearer level. Furthermore, a common nominator for all the BCAST 1.0 technologies is that they are based on Internet Protocol (IP) and technologies related to IP. This scoping applies to all features and functionalities specified in BCAST 1.0.

The following functions are included in this specification: Service Provisioning; Terminal Provisioning; Interaction, Personalization and Support for User-Based Profiles and Preferences; Security and Privacy; Charging; Mobility; Broadcast Roaming; Notification; and; Location Information. Further, this document provides mappings between the BCAST 1.0 interfaces as defined in BCAST Architecture [BCAST10-Architecture] and the various BCAST 1.0 Technical Specifications.

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3. Terminology and Conventions

3.1 Conventions

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC2119].

All sections and appendixes, except "Scope" and "Introduction", are normative, unless they are explicitly indicated to be informative.

The following is the legend used in this specification:

Type: E=Element, A=Attribute, E1=sub-element, E2=sub-element's sub-element, E[n]=sub-element of element[n-1]

Cardinality: x..y = the number of the presented instance of this element/attribute is in the range from x to y. If x=0, this specific element/attribute is OPTIONAL for network to use, otherwise it is MANDATORY for network to use.

Category: NM = Mandatory for network to support; NO = Optional for network to support; TM = Mandatory for terminal to support; TO = Optional for terminal to support. M = Mandatory to support; O = Optional to support. If an element or attribute has a cardinality greater than zero, it is always classified as M or NM to maintain consistency.

The following relationship applies between elements and their sub-elements respectively attributes:

If an implementation chooses to support an element of category,	it MUST also support all its sub- elements and attributes of category	it MAY also choose to support any of itssub-element or attribute of category
0	M	0
NO	NM	NO
ТО	TM	ТО

This is an informative document, which is not intended to provide testable requirements to implementations.

3.2 Definitions

Broadcast Roaming

Broadcast Roaming is the ability of a user to receive broadcast services from a Mobile Broadcast Service Provider different from the Home Mobile Broadcast Service Provider with which the user has a contractual relationship.

Broadcast Service

A Broadcast Service is a "content package" suitable for simultaneous distribution to many recipients (potentially) without knowing the recipient. Either each receiver has similar receiving devices or the content package includes information, which allows the client to process the content according to his current conditions.

Examples of Broadcast Services are:

- pure Broadcast Services:
 - mobile TV
 - mobile newspaper
 - mobile file downloading (clips, games, SW upgrades, other applications, applications)
- combined broadcast/interactive Broadcast Services:
 - mobile TV for file downloading with voting
 - betting Broadcast Services
 - auction Broadcast Services
 - trading Broadcast Services

Broadcast Service Area

The geographical or logical area in which a Broadcast Service is distributed.

CSIM Acronym for 'cdma2000 Subscri

 $A cronym \ for \ `cdma 2000 \ Subscriber \ Identify \ Module', corresponding \ to \ an \ application \ defined \ in \ [3GPP2]$

C.S0065] residing on the UICC to register services provided by 3GPP2 mobile networks with the appropriate security.

Home Mobile Broadcast Service Provider The Mobile Broadcast Service Provider with which the user has a subscription. Typically a user has one Home Mobile Broadcast Service Provider. However, the user may also have no Home Mobile Broadcast Service Provider or several Home Mobile Broadcast Service Providers

IRM (International Roaming MIN)

A form of MIN defined by IFAST (International Forum on ANSI-41 Standards Technology) towards facilitating international roaming by minimizing conflicts with the North American MIN.

ISIM

An IP Multimedia Services Identity Module is an application defined in [3GPP TS 31.103] and [3GPP2 C.S0069] residing in the memory of the UICC, providing IP service identification, authentication and ability to set up Multimedia IP Services.

Long-Term Key Message

Collection of keys and possibly, depending on the profile, other information like permissions and/or other attributes that are linked to items of content or services.

MIN (Mobile Identification Number)

MIN is a numeric ID that uniquely identifies a mobile defined by TIA standards for Cellular and PCS technologies. The MIN may be in the form of an IRM (International Roaming MIN). Note: the MIN may be in the form of the IRM.

Mobile Broadcast Service

Mobile Broadcast Services include a wide range of broadcast services, which jointly leverage both the unidirectional one-to-many broadcast paradigm and bi-directional unicast paradigm in a mobile environment, covering one-to-many services ranging from classical broadcast to mobile multicast. Typically, Mobile Broadcast Services deliver content suitable for simultaneous one-way distribution to a potentially large number of recipients without relying on specific addressing information of each recipient. Associated two-way interactive transactions having contextual relevance to the broadcast programs typically rely on established unicast delivery methods requiring specific recipient addressing information.

Examples of Mobile Broadcast Services include the following:

- pure Broadcast Services:
 - o mobile TV
 - o mobile newspaper
 - mobile file downloading
- combined broadcast/interactive Broadcast Services:
 - o mobile TV for file downloading with voting
 - o Broadcast Services for betting
 - Broadcast Services for auction
 - o Broadcast Services for trading

Mobile Broadcast Service Provider Business entity that has a role of providing the Mobile Broadcast Services to the user. Mobile Broadcast Service Provider may operate any set of server side functionalities as outlined in Mobile Broadcast Services Architecture [BCAST10-Architecture]. Mobile Broadcast Service Provider may have a subscription with the user. Note: In this specification Mobile Broadcast Service Provider is not technical or architectural concept

The ability to receive service independent of location or while moving. (from OMA Dictionary)

Purchase Item

Mobility

A purchase item groups one or multiple services or pieces of content that an end-user can purchase or subscribe to as a whole [BCAST10-SG].

Rights Issuer

An entity that issues Rights Objects to OMA DRM Conformant Devices [DRMDRM-v2.0].

Rights Object

A collection of Permissions, Constraints, and other attributes which define under what circumstances access is granted to, and what usages are defined for, DRM Content. All OMA DRM Conformant Devices must adhere to the Rights Object associated with DRM Content [DRMDRM-v2.0].

R-UIM

Acronym for 'Removable User Identity Module', corresponding to a non-UICC platform based module as defined in [3GPP2 C.S0023] to register services provided by 3GPP2 mobile networks with the appropriate converter.

Short-Term Key Message

Message delivered alongside a protected service, carrying key material to decrypt and optionally authenticate the service, and access rights to delivered content.

A non-UICC secure function platform which may contain the SIM or R-UIM module, or a UICC-based Smartcard

> secure function platform which may contain one or more of the following applications: a 3GPP USIM, 3GPP2 CSIM or 3GPP/3GPP2 ISIM. Note that the set of applications/modules residing on the Smartcard are typically governed by the affiliation of the Smartcard to 3GPP or 3GPP2 specifications, as indicated by

the definition below for "Smartcard Profile".

Smartcard Profile Alias for a set of Smartcard-based technologies and mechanisms which provide key establishment and key

management, as well as permission and token handling for the Service and Content Protection solution for

BCAST Terminals. In particular, subscriber key establishment and both short and long term key

management may be based on GBA mechanisms and a Smartcard with (U)SIM/ISIM as defined by 3GPP, or based on a pre-provisioned shared secret key and a Smartcard with R-UIM/CSIM/ISIM or a UIM as

defined by 3GPP2.

The Smartcard Profile is described in [BCAST10-ServContProt] Section 6.

User ID A unique ID that can be used to identify the user in the BCAST service areas of both the Home Mobile

Broadcast Service Provider and the Visited Mobile Broadcast Service Provider. An example is the 3GPP/3GPP2 IMSI (International Mobile Subscriber Identity) as specified in 3GPP TS 23.003 and 3GPP2

C.S0005 (for the case the Broadcast Service Provider is a cellular mobile operator).

Visited Mobile Broadcast

Service Provider

Any other Mobile Broadcast Service Provider than the user's Home Mobile Broadcast Service Provider.

Abbreviations 3.3

3GPP 3rd Generation Partnership Project

BCAST Mobile Broadcast Services **BCMCS** Broadcast Multicast Service BDS **Broadcast Distribution System BSA BCAST Service Application**

BSD/A BCAST service distribution/adaptation

BSDA BCAST Service Distribution and Adaptation

BSM BCAST Subscription Management BSM BCAST Subscription Management

BSP-C Broadcast service provisioning Client Function

BSP-M Broadcast service provisioning Management Function

CID Content ID

DRM Content Format DCF **DRM** Digital Rights Management DVB

Digital Video Broadcast DVB-H Digital Video Broadcast - Handheld

DVB-T Digital Video Broadcast - Terrestrial

ENEuropean Norm

ESG Electronic Service Guide

ETSI European Telecommunications Standards Institute

FDT File Delivery Table

FEC Forward Error Correction

FLUTE File Delivery over Unidirectional Transport

GZIP GNU zip HTTP Hyper Text Transfer Protocol

HTTPS Secure Hyper Text Transfer Protocol

IC Interaction Channel

IMEI International Mobile Equipment Identity

IMS IP Multimedia Subsystem
INT IP/MAC Notification Table

IP Internet Protocol
IPDC IP DataCast
IPsec IP security

ISMACryp Internet Streaming Media Alliance (ISMA) Encryption and Authentication

KMS Key Management System
LTKM Long-Term Key Message

MBMS Multimedia Broadcast / Multicast Service

MIKEY Multimedia Internet KEYing

MMS Multimedia Messaging System

MPE Multi-Protocol Encapsulation

MTD Message Template Definition

OMA Open Mobile Alliance
OSF Open Security Framework

PSI/SI Program Specific Information/Service Information

RI Rights Issuer
RO Rights Object

RTCP Real Time Control Protocol

SDP Session Description Protocol

SG Service Guide

SG-C Service Guide-Client
 SG-D Service Guide-Distribution
 SGDU Service Guide Delivery Unit
 SIP Session Initiation Protocol

SMIL Synchronized Media Integration Language

SMS Short Message Service

SRTP Secure Real-time Transport Protocol

STKM Short Term Key Message
TCP Transmission Control Protocol

TP-C Terminal Provisioning Client Component

TP-M Terminal Provisioning Management Component

TR Technical Report
TS Technical Specification
UDP User Datagram Protocol

WAP Wireless Application Protocol

XHTML Extensible Hypertext Markup Language

XML Extensible Markup Language

4. Introduction

The term "Mobile Broadcast Services" refers to a broad range of Broadcast Services, which jointly leverage the unidirectional one-to-many broadcast paradigm and the bi-directional unicast paradigm in a mobile environment, and covers one-to-many services ranging from classical broadcast to mobile multicast.

Building on mobile network systems, which provide bi-directional links, and digital broadcast systems, which provide unidirectional broadcast, Mobile Broadcast Services enable distribution of rich, interactive, and bandwidth consuming media content to large mobile audiences.

4.1 Version 1.0

In general, the availability of both broadcast channel and interaction channel are assumed for the BCAST 1.0 enabler. However, both broadcast channel and interaction channel may be temporarily unavailable, for example due to lack of radio coverage. Further, devices without access to an interaction channel are possible within the BCAST architecture and specifications. However, such devices may have limited functionality. Optimizations for devices without interaction channel are optional to implement in devices with interaction channel and are optional to use (for details see the SCR tables). Parts of the enabler are adaptation specifications for IPDC over DVB-H [BCAST10-DVBH-IPDC-Adaptation], 3GPP MBMS [BCAST10-MBMS-Adaptation], and 3GPP2 BCMCS [BCAST10-BCMCS-Adaptation].

This specification is structured as follows. Chapter 5 starts by mapping the interfaces as defined in BCAST Architecture [BCAST10-Architecture] to the various BCAST 1.0 Technical Specifications. Further, chapter 5 specifies the following BCAST 1.0 functions: Service Provisioning; Terminal Provisioning; Interaction, Personalization and Support for User-Based Profiles and Preferences; Charging; Mobility; Broadcast Roaming; Notification; and; Location Information. Appendix D provides informative examples related to service interaction and Appendix E illustrates the roaming related flows.

It is assumed that in BCAST 1.0 the network will make use of the BDS resources in accordance with the capabilities of the BDS.

5. Mobile Broadcast Services

Mobile Broadcast Services Architecture [BCAST10-Architecture] defines the Mobile Broadcast Services Enabler as a set of service-enabling functions. Within the overall architecture, each function has a set of interfaces, each of which forms the basis for interoperability. Although the architecture as such is not normatively specified, the interfaces provide a useful tool to map the various parts of BCAST specifications to the context of the overall architecture. The following table outlines how different parts of the BCAST Enabler are specified in the Technical Specifications.

Function	Interface	Normative Specification
Service Guide	SG-1	Out of scope of BCAST 1.0
	SG-2	Out of scope of BCAST 1.0
	SG-4	Refer to [BCAST10-SG], section 5.3 and 5.6
	SG-5	Refer to [BCAST10-SG], sections 5.3, 5.4.2 and 6.1.1
	SG-6	Refer to [BCAST10-SG], sections 5.3, 5.4.3, 6.1.2 and 6.2
	SG-B1	Refer to [BCAST10-SG], sections 5.3 and each BDS Adaptation Specification.
File Distribution	FD-1	Refer to [BCAST10-Distribution], section 5.4.1
	FD-2	Refer to [BCAST10-Distribution], section 5.4.1
	FD-5	Refer to [BCAST10-Distribution], section 5.2
	FD-6	Refer to [BCAST10-Distribution], section 5.3 and 5.5
	FD-B1	Refer to [BCAST10-Distribution] section 5.4.2 and each BDS Adaptation Specification.
Stream Distribution	SD-1	Refer to [BCAST10-Distribution], section 6.4.1
	SD-2	Refer to [BCAST10-Distribution], section 6.4.1
	SD-5	Refer to [BCAST10-Distribution], section 6.2
	SD-6	Refer to [BCAST10-Distribution], section 6.3 and 6.5
	SD-B1	Refer to [BCAST10-Distribution] section 6.4.2 and each BDS Adaptation Specification.
Service Protection	SP-2	Uses SD-2 and FD-2
	SP-4	Refer to [BCAST10-ServContProt] section 13.1
	SP-5-1	Refer to [BCAST10-ServContProt] section 5.6.1.1, 5.6.2.1, 6.8.1.1, and 6.8.2.1
	SP-5-2	Refer to [BCAST10-ServContProt] section 5.3, 5.4, 5.5, 6.5, 6.6, and 6.7
	SP-7	Refer to [BCAST10-ServContProt] section 5.3, 5.4, 6.5, and 6.6
	SP-9	Out of scope (this is a terminal internal interface and is not standardized within OMA BCAST)
Content Protection	CP-2	Uses SD-2 and FD-2
	CP-4	Refer to [BCAST10-ServContProt] section 13.2
	CP-5-1	Refer to [BCAST10-ServContProt] sections 5.6.1.2, 5.6.2.2, 6.8.1.2, and 6.8.2.2
	CP-5-2	Refer to [BCAST10-ServContProt] sections 5.3, 5.4, 5.5, 6.5, 6.6, and 6.7
	CP-7	Refer to [BCAST10-ServContProt] sections 5.3, 5.4, 6.5, and 6.6
	CP-9	Out of scope of BCAST 1.0 (this is a terminal internal interface and is not standardized within OMA BCAST)
Service Interaction	SI-8	Refer to this specification, section 5.3
Service Provisioning	SPR-7	Refer to this specification, section 5.1
	SPR-8	Out of scope (this interface is for out-of-band subscription)
Notification	NT-1	Refer to this specification, section 5.14

	NT-3	Refer to this specification, section 5.14
	NT-4	Refer to this specification, section 5.14
	NT-5	Refer to this specification, section 5.14
	NT-6	Refer to this specification, section 5.14
Terminal Provisioning	TP-4	Refer to this specification, section 5.2
	TP-5	Refer to this specification, section 5.2
	TP-7	Refer to this specification, section 5.2

Table 1: BCAST functions, Interfaces and Specifications

In addition to specific functions, the BCAST Enabler defines such horizontal, or universal, features as support for Mobility, Roaming and Charging. These aspects are in the scope of this specification.

5.1 Service Provisioning

BCAST Terminal SHALL support Service Provisioning messages if it supports the interaction channel and if it supports service and/or content protection as defined in [BCAST10-ServContProt]. This section specifies the messages used in Service Provisioning function over interface SPR-7, between Broadcast Service Provisioning Client (BSP-C) in the Terminal and Broadcast Service Provisioning Management (BSP-M) in the BSM. The Service Provisioning function supports the following operations:

- Requesting pricing information related to PurchaseItem declared in Service Guide
- Requesting / subscribing to service related to a PurchaseItem
- Renewing LTKMs related to already requested PurchaseItem
- Requesting /subscribing to a service that was already purchased (e.g. via out of band means)
- Cancelling a subscription related to already requested PurchaseItem
- Requesting a token or LTKM
- Inquiring the status of an account
- Subscription and unsubscription to user-specific notifications

To archive the above operations, the Service Provisioning function works with Service Guide function, Service Protection function, and Content Protection function. The linkage to Service Guide is through the use of PurchaseItem fragment which provides the identifiers (PurchaseItemID) used in the messages of Service Provisioning function. The linkage to Service and Content Protection function is through service request and subscription management messages, which requires the functionality of Service Protection Function and Content Protection Function.

This section has two sub-sections, one for BCAST general Service Provisioning message and one for Service Provisioning message based on Smartcard profile. BCAST General Provisioning messages supports the various kinds of Service Protection Function and Content Protection Function with the sub-elements and Smartcard service provisioning message are specified for Terminal supporting Smartcard profile.

The following two tables specify under which conditions each message is mandatory or optional to support for the general Service Provisioning message and Smartcard Service Provisioning message respectively.

Message	Section	Broadcast Service Provisioning Client (BSP-C)	Broadcast Service Provisioning Management(BSP-M)
Pricing Information Request	5.1.5.1.1	OPTIONAL	OPTIONAL
Pricing Information Response	5.1.5.1.2	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Service Request	5.1.5.2.1	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Service Response	5.1.5.2.2	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Service Completion	5.1.5.2.3	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
LTKM Renewal Request	5.1.5.3.1	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
LTKM Renewal Response	5.1.5.3.2	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
LTKM Renewal Completion	5.1.5.3.3	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Unsubscribe Request	5.1.5.4.1	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Unsubscribe Response	5.1.5.4.2	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Token Purchase Request	5.1.5.5.1	OPTIONAL	OPTIONAL
Token Purchase Response	5.1.5.5.2	OPTIONAL	OPTIONAL
Token Purchase Completion	5.1.5.5.3	OPTIONAL	OPTIONAL
Account Inquiry Request	5.1.5.6.1	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Account Inquiry Response	5.1.5.6.2	MANDATORY	MANDATORY

Table 2: Summary General Service Provisioning messages

Message	Section	Broadcast Service Provisioning Client (BSP-C)	Broadcast Service Provisioning Management(BSP-M)
Pricing Information Request	5.1.6.1.1	OPTIONAL	OPTIONAL
Pricing Information Response	5.1.6.1.2	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Service Request	5.1.6.2.1	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Service Response	5.1.6.2.1	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Service Completion	5.1.6.2.2	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
LTKM Renewal Request	5.1.6.3	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
LTKM Renewal Response	5.1.6.3	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
LTKM Renewal Completion	5.1.6.3	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Unsubscribe Request	5.1.6.4.1	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Unsubscribe Response	5.1.6.4.1	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Token Request	5.1.6.5.1	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Token Response	5.1.6.5.1	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Account Inquiry Request	5.1.6.6.1	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Account Inquiry Response	5.1.6.6.2	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Registration Procedure	5.1.6.7	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
LTKM Request Procedure	5.1.6.8	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Deregistration Procedure	5.1.6.9	MANDATORY	MANDATORY

Table 3: Summary Smartcard Service Provisioning messages

5.1.1 Transport Protocol for Service Provisioning Messages

Service Provisioning operations are executed by exchanging the Service Provisioning messages over interface SPR-7. All the Service Provisioning messages specified in the tables in the following sections and instantiated as XML documents.

All request and reply messages defined below contain a *requestID* field which MAY be used by a terminal to map a reply message to the corresponding request message. For this purpose, the network SHALL copy the requestID from a request message into to the corresponding reply message.

The URL towards which the service provisioning messages are directed is signaled through the PurchaseChannel fragment in SG as PurchaseURL [BCAST10-SG].

5.1.1.1 Transport Protocol for General Service Provisioning Messages

The BSP-M in the BSM SHALL support HTTP POST as a delivery method to exchange Service Provisioning messages over SPR-7.

The BSP-M in the BSM MAY support HTTPS POST as a delivery method to exchange Service Provisioning messages over SPR-7, where HTTPS SHALL be based on SSL 3.0 [SSL30] and TLS 1.0 [RFC 2246].

The BSP-C in the Terminal SHALL support HTTP POST and MAY support HTTPS POST as a delivery method to exchange Service Provisioning messages over SPR-7, where HTTPS SHALL be based on .SSL 3.0 [SSL30] and TLS 1.0 [RFC 2246].

For proper operation of Service Provisioning function, the terminal needs to know the URL for HTTP or HTTPS sessions. This is supported by 'purchaseURL' element contained in the PurchaseChannel fragment of Service Guide.

5.1.1.2 Transport Protocol for Smartcard Service Provisioning Messages

Most of the messages used for the Smartcard Profile are specified in [3GPP TS 33.246]. The remaining Service Provisioning messages are specified in the tables in the following sections and are instantiated as XML documents.

For the Smartcard Profile using (U)SIM or (R-)UIM/CSIM, the BSP-M in the BSM SHALL support HTTP POST and SHALL support HTTP digest authentication as per [3GPP TS 33.246] or [3GPP2 X.S0022-A], respectively, as a delivery method to exchange Service Provisioning messages over SPR-7.

For the Smartcard Profile using (U)SIM or (R-)UIM/CSIM, the BRP-C in the Terminal SHALL support HTTP POST and SHALL support HTTP digest authentication as per [3GPP TS 33.246] or [3GPP2 X.S0022-A], respectively.

For proper operation of Service Provisioning function, the terminal needs to know the URL for HTTP sessions. This is enabled by the 'PurchaseURL' element contained in the PurchaseChannel fragment of the Service Guide.

5.1.2 HTTP Binding

5.1.2.1 HTTP Binding for General Service Provisioning Message

Request messages are sent as HTTP content of type "application/vnd.oma.bcast.sprov+xml". Responses are always sent as part of the "200 OK" response to the original request. The content type is "application/vnd.oma.bcast.sprov+xml"

5.1.2.2 HTTP Binding for Smartcard Service Provisioning Messages

HTTP Binding rule specified in [3GPP TS 33.246] SHALL be applied. If error is occurred on the procedure, HTTP response message SHALL have the error code defined in [3GPP TS 33.246]. If General Provisioning Messages are used, the same HTTP binding rule defined in the previous section will be applied.

5.1.3 Authentication

5.1.3.1 Message Authentication for General Service Provisioning Messages

For the general Service Provisioning messages, message authentication SHALL be provided using HTTPS that SHALL be based on SSL 3.0 [SSL30] and TLS 1.0 [RFC 2246].

5.1.3.2 Subscriber Authentication for Smartcard Profile Service Provisioning Messages

Subscriber authentication for the Smartcard Profile SHALL be provided using HTTP digest as explained in [3GPP TS 33.246] or [3GPP2 X.S0022-A].

5.1.4 Use of Global Status Codes for Service Provisioning Messages

Table 4 proposes example values from Table 35 for the transaction messages that require the use of Global Status Codes. The values shown below are for informative purposes and the full range of values of Table 35 are applicable to all messages if deemed required.

TS-BCAST_Services	5.1.5.1.2 Pricing Information Response	000, 001, 002, 003, 007, 008, 011, 013, 015, 016, 017, 018, 019, 020, 021, 023
	5.1.6.2.2 Service Response	000, 001, 002, 003, 004, 005, 006, 007, 008, 009, 011, 013, 014, 015, 016, 017, 018, 019 020, 021, 023
	5.1.5.3.2 Subscription Long-Term Key Renewal Response	000, 001, 002, 004, 005, 006, 007, 008, 010, 011, 013, 015, 016, 017, 018, 019, 020, 021, 022, 023, 024,
	5.1.5.4.2 Unsubscribe Response	000, 001, 002, 007, 008, 010, 011, 013, 015, 016, 017, 018, 019, 020, 021, 022, 023
	5.1.5.5.2 Token Purchase Response	000, 001, 002, 004, 005, 006, 007, 008, 009, 011, 013, 015, 016, 017, 018, 019, 020, 021, 022, 023, 024
	5.1.5.6.2 Account Inquiry Response	000, 001, 002, 004, 005, 007, 008, 011, 013, 014, 015, 017, 018, 019, 020, 021, 023
	5.7.2.3. Roaming Authorization Response	000, 001, 002, 003, 004, 005, 006, 007, 008, 009, 010, 011, 013, 014, 015, 016, 017, 018, 019, 020, 021, 022, 023, 024, 025, 026
	5.7.2.5 RoamingServiceResponse	000, 001, 002, 003, 004, 005, 006, 007, 008, 009, 010, 011, 013, 014, 015, 016, 017, 018, 019, 020, 021, 022, 023, 024, 025, 026

Table 4: Cross Reference Table (Informative)

5.1.5 General Service Provisioning Messages

This section specifies the General Service Provisioning Messages. As described, many of the messages in this category support the Service Provisioning function of both the Smartcard Profile and DRM Profile BCAST Terminals, whereas others specifically pertain to Service Provisioning for DRM Profile terminals. The XML schema for these messages is defined in [BCAST10-XMLSchema-orderqueries].

5.1.5.1 Pricing Information Request Messages

This message is sent by the terminal to the BSM to request the pricing information of a particular purchase item or items. It is used in the following situations:

- the Service Guide announces Purchase Data elements associated with the Purchase Item, but does not announce any price for some or all of them, or
- the user wishes to discover whether a different price or additional purchase options are available for his or her subscriber ID.

The response message returns information about the price and subscription options for each purchase item, and optionally the full Service Guide fragments that describe them.

5.1.5.1.1 Pricing Information Request

Name	Type	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
PricingInfo Request	Е			Pricing Information Request Message.	
				Contains the following attributes: requestID	
	Contains the following elements: UserID DeviceID				
				PurchaseItemID	
requestID	A	0	01	Identifier for the Price Information request message.	unsignedInt
UserID	E1	0	0N	The user identity known to the BSM.	string
				For DRM profile, in case of roaming this element SHALL be included, otherwise it MAY be included. If it is missing, the network SHALL be able to identify the user with other means.	
				For Smartcard profile, this element SHALL be omitted, and the user identity SHALL be provided by the network with HTTP DIGEST authentication procedure defined in section 6.6 Contains the following attributes: type	
type	A	M	1	Specifies the type of User ID. Allowed values are: 0 – username defined in [RFC 2865] 1 – IMSI 2 – URI 3 – IMPI 4 – MSISDN 5 – MIN 6-127 reserved for future use 128-255 reserved for proprietary use	unsignedByt e
DeviceID	E1	0	0N	A unique device identification known to the BSM. Contains the following attributes: type	string
type	A	M	1	Specifies the type of Device ID. Allowed values are 0 – DVB Device ID 1 – 3GPP Device ID (IMEI) [3GPP TS 23.003] 2 – 3GPP2 Device ID (MEID)[3GPP2 C.S0072] 3-127 reserved for future use 128-255 reserved for proprietary use	unsignedByt e
Purchase Item	E1	M	1N	Identifier of the Purchase Item for which the user wants to know the price.	

				Contains the following attribute: globalIDRef	
globalIDRef	A	M	1	The ID of the Purchase Item. A purchase item is identified by the GlobalPurchaseItemID found in the PurchaseItem fragment.	anyURI
PurchaseDa taReference	E2	0	0N	Identifier the PurchaseData fragments for which the user wishes to know the price. If this element is omitted, the user is asking for the price of all the Purchase Data fragments associated with the Purchase Item, and available to the particular user.	
idRef	A	M	1	Identification of the 'PurchaseData' fragment in question.	anyURI

Table 5: Structure of Pricing Information Request in General Service Provisioning Message

5.1.5.1.2 Pricing Information Response

If the price information request is accepted by BSM, then the message from BSM contains following data:

Name	Type	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
PricingInfoRes ponse	E			Pricing Information Response Contains the following attributes: requestID globalStatusCode Contains the following elements: PurchaseItemPrice PurchaseDataFragment	
requestID	A	О	01	Identifier for the corresponding Pricing Information request message or Service Request message.	unsignedInt
global Status Code	A	O	01	The overall outcome of the request, according to the return codes defined in the section 5.11. If this attribute is present and set to value "0", the request was completed successfully. In this case the 'itemwiseStatusCode' SHALL NOT be given per each requested 'PurchaseItem'. If this attribute is present and set to some other value than "0", there was a generic error concerning the entire request. In this case the 'itemwiseStatusCode' SHALL NOT be given per each requested 'PurchaseItem'. If this attribute is not present, there was an error concerning one or more 'PurchaseItem' elements associated with the request. Further, the 'itemwiseStatusCode' SHALL be given per each requested 'PurchaseItem'.	unsignedByt e
PurchaseItem	E1	M	1N	Describes the price information of a PurchaseItem. It is possible to provide one or	

	1	ı	1		
				more price of PurchaseItem by currency.	
				Contains the following attribute:	
				globalIDRef	
				itemwiseStatusCode	
				Contains the fellowing allowers	
				Contains the following element: PurchaseDataReference	
globalIDRef	A	M	1	Identifier of the Purchase Item for which a price	anyURI
giodalizatei	11	141	1	was requested. A purchase item is identified by	anyora
				the GlobalPurchaseItemID found in the	
		0	0.1	PurchaseItem fragment.	in the
itemwise Status	A	О	01	Specifies a status code of each PurchaseItems using GlobalStatusCode defined in the section	unsignedByt e
Code				5.11.	C
PurchaseData	E2	О	0N	Describes the Price and subscription options	
Reference				available for this user.	
				The server SHALL include this element if the itemwiseStatusCode indicates success, and	
				MAY omit it otherwise.	
				Contains the following attribute:	
				idRef	
				Contains the following elements:	
				Price	
idRef	A	M	1	SubscriptionPeriod Identifier of this Purchase Data, to be used by	anyURI
lukci	A	IVI	1	the terminal when referencing to the purchase	anyoki
				data in a subsequent service request message.	
Price	E3	M	1N	Price information of Purchase Item that a user	decimal
				wants to know the price.	
				Contains the following attribute: validTo	
				currency	
validTo	A	0	01	The last moment when this price information is	unsignedInt
				valid. If not given, the validity is assumed to	unsigneum
				end in undefined time in the future. This field	
				expressed as the first 32bits integer part of NTP time stamps.	
				time stamps.	
				The validity indicated by this attribute SHALL	
				be equal to or be within the range of the	
				fragment validity of the associated	
currency	A	0	01	'PurchaseData' fragment. Specifies the currency codes defined in ISO	string
carrency	1		J1	4217 international currency codes. If not given,	5011115
				value of price is amount of Tokens.	
SubscriptionPe riod	E3	0	01	Specifies the subscription period for the option	duration
riod				represented by this PurchaseData. If the Purchase Item represents a bundle of services,	
				the SubscriptionPeriod SHALL be returned.	
				Otherwise it MAY be omitted.	

	1	ı	1		1
TermsOfUse	E1	O	01	Element that declares there are Terms of Use associated with the 'PurchaseItem' this 'Pricing Information Response' relates to. Contains the textual presentation of Terms of Use or a reference to Terms of Use representation through 'PreviewData', and information whether user consent is required for the Terms of Use. Multiple occurrences of 'TermsOfUse' are allowed within this message, but for any two such occurrences values for elements "Country"	
				and "Language" SHALL NOT be same at the same time.	
				Contains the following attributes:	
				type	
				id	
				userConsentRequired	
				Contains the following sub-elements:	
				Country	
				Language	
				PreviewDataIDRef TermsOfUseText	
type	A	M	1	The way the terminal SHALL interpret the	unsignedByt
type	A	141	1	Terms of Use:	e e
				1 – Display before purchasing or subscribing.	
				If 'TermsOfUse' element of type '1' is present,	
				terminal SHALL render the Terms of Use prior to initiating purchase or subscription request	
				related PurchaseItem associated with this	
				message.	
				2 – Display before playout.	
				If 'TermsOfUse' element of type '2' is present, terminal SHALL present the Terms of Use prior to playing out content or service associated this message.	
id	A	M	1	The URI uniquely identifying the Terms of Use.	anyURI
userConsentRe quired	A	M	1	Signals whether user consent for these Terms of Use is needed.	boolean
				true: User consent is required for these Terms of Use and needs to be confirmed in the subscription / purchase request message related to the PurchaseItem associated with this message.	
				false: User consent is not required for the Terms of Use.	
Country	E2	0	0N	List of countries for which the Terms of Use is applicable if consuming the service in that country. Each value is a Mobile Country Code according to [ITU-MCC].	string of three digits
				If this element is omitted, the Terms of Use are	

				applicable to any country.	
Language	E2	M	1	Language in which the Terms of Use is given. Value is a three character string according to ISO 639-2 alpha standard for language codes.	string
PreviewDataID Ref	E2	О	0N	Reference to the PreviewData fragment which carries the representation of legal text. If this element is not present, the 'TermsOfUseText' SHALL be present.	anyURI
TermsOfUseTe xt	E2	О	01	Terms of Use text to be rendered. If 'PreviewDataIDRef' element is present under the 'TermsOfUse' this element SHALL NOT be present.	string
PurchaseDataF ragment	E1	О	0N	Service guide fragments containing information for the requested Purchase Data fragments. The format is specified in [BCAST10-SG]	Complex Type

Table 6: Structure of Pricing Information Response in General Service Provisioning Message

5.1.5.2 Service Request Message

This message is sent by the terminal to the BSM to request the subscription to, or purchase of, the associated purchase item(s), and is applicable to both the DRM Profile and Smartcard Profile. This message is used strictly for the subscription/purchase of purchase item(s) which is(are) not associated with token-based payment. The Smartcard Profile also uses this message to submit a request for a SEK/PEK associated with a specific Key Validity period (range of STKM Time Stamp values), when the SEK/PEK required to enable play-back of protected recording is not available on the Smartcard (see Section 6.9.1 of [BCAST10-ServContProt]).

Note that for the Smartcard Profile, (U)SIM Smartcard Profile terminals shall not release the Packet Data Protocol (PDP) context [3GPP TS 23.060] used by the "Service Request" until a "De-registration" procedure has been performed. This is to ensure that the BSM is aware of the correct terminal IP address for the purpose of performing LTKM deliveries. The network may initiate the release of terminal PDP contexts, as defined in [3GPP TS 23.060], in the case that there is a limit on the number of active PDP contexts that it can maintain.

5.1.5.2.1 Service Request

This message is sent by the terminal to the BSM to request the subscription to, or purchase of, the associated purchase item. If the price is specified in the request message and it differs from the price calculated by the BSM for one or more of the purchase items included in the request, the BSM SHALL respond with Pricing Information Response message (5.1.5.1.2). Also, if the price is not specified for one or more of the purchase items in the request message, the BSM SHALL respond with Pricing Information Response message (5.1.5.1.2). Otherwise, the BSM SHALL respond with Service Response message (5.1.5.2.2).

Name	Type	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
ServiceReq uest	Е			Service Request Message to subscribe or purchase PurchaseItem Contains the following attributes:	
				requestID	
				Contains the following elements:	
				UserID	
				DeviceID	
				ServiceEncryptionProtocol	
				PurchaseItem	

	l	1	I		
				DrmProfileSpecificPart SmartcardProfileSpecificPart Note: The Service Request message MAY contain either the DrmProfileSpecificPart or SmartcardProfileSpecificPart, but not both. Furthermore, in the case of the Smartcard Profile, the 'SmartcardProfileSpecificPart' SHALL be omitted if the message is used for the purpose of subscription or purchase, and SHALL be included if the message is used to request delivery of SEK(s)/PEK(s).	
requestID	A	О	01	Identifier for the Service request message.	unsignedInt
UserID	E1	O	0N	The user identity known to the BSM. For DRM profile, in case of roaming this element SHALL be included, otherwise it MAY be included. If it is missing, the network SHALL be able to identify the user with other means. For Smartcard profile, this element SHALL be omitted, and the user identity SHALL be provided by the network with HTTP DIGEST authentication procedure defined in section 6.6 Contains the following attributes: type	string
type	A	M	1	Specifies the type of User ID. Allowed values are: 0 – username defined in [RFC 2865] 1 – IMSI 2 – URI 3 – IMPI 4 – MSISDN 5 – MIN 6-127 reserved for future use 128-255 reserved for proprietary use	unsignedByt e
DeviceID	E1	О	0N	A unique device identification known to the BSM. This element SHALL be included when the device supports the DRM profile. In this case, the device shall not allow the user to modify the DeviceID. Contains the following attributes: type	string
type	A	M	1	Specifies the type of Device ID. Allowed values are 0 – DVB Device ID 1 – 3GPP Device ID (IMEI)[3GPP TS 23.003] 2 – 3GPP2 Device ID (MEID)[3GPP2 C.S0072] 3-127 reserved for future use 128-255 reserved for proprietary use	unsignedByt e
ServiceEncr yptionProto col	E1	0	0N	Lists each service encryption protocol supported by the device, including the mandatory ones. Defined values: "ipsec", "srtp", and	string

				"ISMACryp". The device is allowed to include	
				more identifiers, however depending on the protocols supported by the network they may be	
				ignored.	
				Note: This element is only included in the	
				message if a service is to be delivered over Interaction channel.	
Purchase	E1	M	1N	Contains the list and price of items the user	
Item				wants to order and the list of services the user	
				wants to subscribe notification.	
				Contains the following attributes:	
				globalIDRef Contains the following elements:	
				PurchaseDataReference	
				Service	
globalIDRef	A	M	1	The identifier of the Purchase Item. The	anyURI
8				Purchase Item identifier is advertised in the	
				PurchaseItem fragment of the Service Guide as	
				GlobalPurchaseItemID and is inserted in this message in the same format.	
PurchaseDa	E2	0	01	Contains the price information.	
taReference	1.2		01	This specifies the PurchaseData fragment in the	
				Service Guide which is to be used for this	
				subscription.	
				Contains the following attribute	
				idRef	
				Contains the following Element:	
: ID 6		1 2 6		Price	1101
idRef	A	M	1	References the identifiers of PurchaseData Fragment advertised in Service Guide.	anyURI
Price	E3	О	01	The price of the Purchase Item known to the	decimal
				user from Service Guide. If PurchaseData in the Service Guide contains multiple price entries by	
				currency, this element should be specified to	
				indicate to the BSM the entry desired by the	
				user.	
				Contains the following attribute:	
011440404	Α.	0	0.1	currency	-4
currency	A	0	01	Specifies the currency codes defined in ISO 4217 international currency codes.	string
UserConsen	E2	0	01	Signals whether user agreed to the Terms of Use	boolean
tAnswer				as represented by id of the related TermsOfUse	
				element.	
				true: User agrees the terms of the Terms of Use.	
				false: User disagrees the terms of	
				the Terms of Use.	
				If this element is not present the interpretation is that the user has not read or understood the	
				Terms of Use.	
id	A	M	1	The URI uniquely identifying the Terms of Use	anyURI
				this 'UserConsentAnswer' relates to.	

			I		
Service	E2	O	0N	Reference of the Service. This element is only used for subscribing service-specific Notification Contains the following attributes: globalIDRef notification Note: This element is only used for the purpose of subscribing to service-specific Notification. In addition, this element should not be confused with the MBMS User Service ID (the latter is the equivalent MBMS designation for the concatenation of the attributes	
				'PurchaseItemID.@gobalIDRef' and	
				'PurchaseData.@idRef' in BCAST.	
globalIDRef	A	М	1	Unique ID of the Service, as represented by the GlobalServiceID. It is used to identify the Service.	anyURI
notification	A	M	1	Subscription to receive Notification Message related to the Service over Interaction Channel. If notification=true, it means Notification over Interaction Channel is subscribed. If notification=false, it means Notification over Interaction Channel should not be delivered.	boolean
DrmProfile SpecificPart	E1	O	01	Service & Content Protection DRM-profile specific part. This part is MANDATORY to support for DRM Profile, and is not applicable to the Smartcard Profile. Contains the following attributes: rightsIssuerURI Contains the following element: BroadcastMode	
rightsIssuer URI	A	O	01	ID of the rights issuer associated with the BSM.	anyURI
Broadcast Mode	E2	О	01	Indicates whether or not the device supports the optional broadcast mode of operation for rights acquisition, in addition to the interactive mode of operation.	boolean
SmartcardP rofileSpecifi cPart	E1	O	01	Service & Content Protection Smartcard Profile specific part. This part is MANDATORY to support for the Smartcard Profile, and is not applicable to the DRM Profile. Contains the following elements: ProtectionKeyID Note: This message is used to submit a request for SEK(s) or PEK(s) associated with a specific range of TEK values, due to unavailability of that key in the BCAST Terminal, necessary to enable play-back of protected recording.	
ProtectionK eyID	E2	M	1N	The 7-byte long concatenation of KeyDomainID and SEK/PEK ID corresponding to the content for which the SEK(s) or PEK(s) is requested.	unsignedLo ng

				Contains the following attributes: timestampMin timestampMax	
timestamp Min	A	О	01	The lower bound of the range of STKM timestamp values (4 bytes) for which the SEK or PEK is requested.	hexBinary
timestamp Max	A	0	01	The upper bound of the range of STKM timestamp values (4 bytes) for which the SEK or PEK is requested.	hexBinary

Table 7: Structure of Service Request in General Service Provisioning Message

5.1.5.2.2 Service Response

This message is sent to the terminal from the BSM in response to the request for subscription to the Service Request message. This message is applicable to both the DRM Profile and Smartcard Profile.

Name	Type	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
ServiceResp onse	Е			Service Response Message Contains the following attributes: requestID	
				globalStatusCode adaptationMode Contains the following elements:	
				PurchaseItem DrmProfileSpecificPart	
requestID	A	0	01	Identifier for the corresponding Service request message.	unsignedInt
global Status Code	A	O	01	The overall outcome of the request, according to the return codes defined in section 5.11. If this attribute is present and set to value "0", the request was completed successfully. In this case the 'itemwiseStatusCode' SHALL NOT be given per each requested 'PurchaseItem'. If this attribute is present and set to some other value than "0", there was a generic error concerning the entire request. In this case the 'itemwiseStatusCode' SHALL NOT be given per each requested 'PurchaseItem'. If this attribute is not present, there was an error concerning one or more 'PurchaseItem' elements associated with the request. Further, the 'itemwiseStatusCode' SHALL be given per each requested 'PurchaseItem'.	unsignedByt e
adaptation Mode	A	О	01	Informs the terminal of the operational adaptation mode: Generic or BDS-specific adaptation	boolean

	I	T .			1
				false– indicates Generic adaptation mode	
				true – indicates BDS-specific adaptation mode	
				Note: this attribute SHALL be present only if the 'globalStatusCode' indicates "Success", and	
				the underlying BDS is BCMCS.	
PurchaseIte	E1	M	1N	Describes the results of the request message of	
m				subscribing to or purchasing the PurchaseItem.	
				For the DRM Profile, if subscription or	
				purchase is successful, rightsValidityEndTime of PurchaseItem will be present. For either the	
				DRM Profile or Smartcard Profile, in the case of	
				subscription/purchase failure,	
				itemWiseStatusCode will be present to indicate	
				the reason why the request is not accepted by	
				BSM. Contains the following attributes:	
				globalDRef	
				itemwiseStatusCode	
globalIDRef	A	M	1	The ID of the Purchase Item. A purchase item is	anyURI
S			-	identified by the GlobalPurchaseItemID found	
				in the PurchaseItem fragment.	
itemwiseSta tusCode	A	О	01	Specifies a status code of each PurchaseItems	unsignedByt
tuscode				using GlobalStatusCode defined in the section 5.11.	e
Subscriptio	E2	0	01	The time interval during which the subscription	
nWindow	E2	0	01	is valid.	
				The network SHOULD include this element for	
				time-based subscriptions and MAY include it	
				for pay-per-view.	
				The terminal MAY use this information to determine the validity period of a subscription.	
				determine the validity period of a subscription.	
				Contains the following attributes:	
				startTime	
				endTime	
startTime	A	M	1	NTP timestamp expressing the start of subscription.	unsignedInt
endTime	A	0	01	NTP timestamp expressing the end of subscription.	unsignedInt
				This attribute SHALL NOT be present for open-	
D D. (*1	E1	0	0 1	ended subscriptions.	
DrmProfile SpecificPart	E1	О	01	Service & Content Protection DRM-profile specific part. This part is MANDATORY to	
1				support for DRM Profile, and is not applicable	
				to the Smartcard Profile.	
				Contains the following attributes:	
				rightsValidityEndTime	
				Contains the following elements:	
rights	A	0	01	roap Trigger The last time and date of validity of the Long-	unsignedInt
Validity	A		U1	Term Key Message, after which it has to be	unsigneumi
EndTime				renewed. This attribute will be present when	

				BSM accept the request message. This field is expressed as the first 32bits integer part of NTP time stamps. Note: this element is validated if RO is broadcasted. Otherwise, this element is not necessary.	
roap Trigger	E2	O	01	ROAP RO Acquisition Trigger**. The device is expected to use the trigger to initiate one or more Long-Term Key Message acquisitions.	reference to "roapTrigge r" element as defined in OMA DRM 2.0 XML namespace
SmartcardP rofileSpecifi cPart	E1	0	01	Service & Content Protection Smartcard-profile specific part. This part is MANDATORY to support for Smartcard Profile, and is not applicable to the DRM Profile. Contains the following elements: LTKM	
LTKM	E2	O	0N	Smartcard profile BCAST LTKM (base64-encoded MIKEY message). This element is present if the terminal and the BSM have agreed on "HTTP" as a LTKM delivery mechanism during the registration procedure (see section 5.1.6.10)	base64Binar y

Table 8: Structure of Service Response in General Service Provisioning Message

5.1.5.2.3 Service Completion (DRM Profile only)

This message MAY be sent by a terminal after it has received a Service Response Message and retrieved all LTKMs. The network SHALL reply with a HTTP 200 OK response message when this message is received.

Name	Type	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
ServiceCom	Е			Service Completion Message	
pletion				Message.	
				Contains the following attribute:	
				requestID	
				Contains the following element:	
				LTKMessageID	
requestID	A	О	01	Identifier for the corresponding Service request	unsignedInt
				message.	
LTK	E1	M	1N	A list containing the IDs of one or more LTKMs	string
MessageID				received by the device.	
				This is the RO ID.	

Table 9: Structure of Service Completion in General Service Provisioning Message

^{**} These (ROAP Messages) are DRM profile specific. They are defined in [DRMDRM-v2.0].

5.1.5.3 LTKM Renewal Messages

The following messages in this section are specific to the DRM Profile. For the Smartcard Profile, the equivalent messages and procedures pertaining to LTKM renewal are defined in Section 5.1.6.3.

5.1.5.3.1 LTKM Renewal Request (DRM Profile only)

The Long-term Key Message Renewal request message is sent if a terminal needs to renew the LTKM(s) associated to a certain Purchase Item or group of purchase items. It is only applicable to the DRM Profile.

This message can also be sent by the terminal to the BSM to request the subscription to any purchase items that the end user has already purchased (e.g. via out of band means), but has not yet received key material for. This could for example be used the first time the BCAST application is started in order to register the terminal to "free" or "default" channels.

Name	Type	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
LTKMRene	Е			Long Term Key Message Renewal Request	
walRequest				Message	
				Contains the following attributes:	
				requestID	
				Contains the following elements:	
				UserID	
				DeviceID	
		_		PurchaseItemID	
requestID	A	О	01	Identifier for the LTKM renewal request	unsignedInt
TI TO	E1		0.37	message.	. •
UserID	E1	О	0N	The user identity known to the BSM.	string
				For DRM profile, in case of roaming this element SHALL be included, otherwise it MAY	
				be included. If it is missing, the network	
				SHALL be able to identify the user with other	
				means.	
				Contains the following attributes:	
				type	
type	A	M	1	Specifies the type of User ID. Allowed values	unsignedByt
				are:	e
				0 – username defined in [RFC 2865]	
				1 – IMSI	
				2 – URI	
				3 – IMPI	
				4 – MSISDN	
				5 – MIN	
				6-127 reserved for future use	
				128-255 reserved for proprietary use	
DeviceID	E1	О	0N	A unique device identification known to the	string
				BSM. This element SHALL be included when the device supports the DRM profile. In this	
				case, the device shall not allow the user to	
				modify the DeviceID	
				Contains the following attributes:	
	l	l			l

				type	
type	A	M	1	Specifies the type of Device ID. Allowed values are 0 – DVB Device ID 1 – 3GPP Device ID (IMEI)[3GPP TS 23.003] 2 – 3GPP2 Device ID (MEID)[3GPP2 C.S0072] 3-127 reserved for future use 128-255 reserved for proprietary use	unsignedByt e
Purchase Item	E1	M	1N	A list of Purchase Items that the user wants to renew. Contains the following attribute: globalIDRef If the terminal wants to requests to the BSM the subscription to any purchase items that the end user has already purchased (e.g. via out of band means), but has not yet received key material for, the terminal has to set the globalIDRef attribute equal to "oma-bcast-allservices". This could for example be used the first time the BCAST application is started in order to register the terminal to "free" or "default" channels.	
globalIDRef	A	М	1	GlobalPurchaseItemID to identify this PurchaseItem, found in the PurchaseItem fragment.	anyURI

Table 10: Structure of LTKM renewal request in General Service Provisioning Message

5.1.5.3.2 LTKM Renewal Response

Name	Type	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
LTKMRene walRespons	Е			Long Term Key Message Renewal Response Message	
e				Contains the following attributes: requestID globalStatusCode Contains the following elements: PurchaseItem DrmProfileSpecificPart	
requestID	A	0	01	Identifier for the corresponding LTKM request message.	unsignedInt
global Status Code	A	O	01	The overall outcome of the request, according to the return codes defined in section 5.11. If this attribute is present and set to value "0", the request was completed successfully. In this case the 'itemwiseStatusCode' SHALL NOT be given per each requested 'PurchaseItem'. If this attribute is present and set to some other value than "0", there was a generic	unsignedByt e

PurchaseIte m	E1	M	1N	error concerning the entire request. In this case the 'itemwiseStatusCode' SHALL NOT be given per each requested 'PurchaseItem'. If this attribute is not present, there was an error concerning one or more 'PurchaseItem' elements associated with the request. Further, the 'itemwiseStatusCode' SHALL be given per each requested 'PurchaseItem'. Describes the results of the request message of LTKM Renewal. If renewal is successful, LTKValidityEndTime of PurchaseItem will be	
				present. If not, ItemWiseStatusCode will be present to show user the reason why the request is not accepted by BSM. Contains the following attributes: globalIDRef ltkValidityEndTime itemwiseStatusCode Contains the following sub-element: PurchaseDataReference In case the globalIDRef attribute of the PurchaseItem element has been set equal to "oma-bcast-allservices" in the corresponding request message, the reply message SHALL contain a list of those PurchaseItem elements which the terminal has already purchased (e.g. via out of band means), but has not received key material for.	
globalIDRef	A	M	1	The ID of the Purchase Item to which the validity end time is related. A purchase item is identified by the GlobalPurchaseItemID found in the PurchaseItem fragment.	anyURI
ItkValidityE ndTime	A	O	01	The last time and date of validity of the Long-Term Key Message, after which it has to be renewed again. This attribute will be present when BSM accept the request message. This field is expressed as the first 32bits integer part of NTP time stamps. Note: the information on this element can be provided in RO.	unsignedInt
itemwiseSta tusCode	A	О	01	Specifies a status code of each PurchaseItems using GlobalStatusCode defined in the section 5.11.	unsignedByt e
Subscriptio nWindow	E2	O	01	The time interval during which the subscription is valid. For time-based subscriptions, the network SHALL include this element when responding to an 'oma-bcast-allservices' request and SHOULD include it otherwise. For pay-perview, the network MAY include this element. The terminal MAY use this information to determine the validity period of a subscription.	

	I				
				Contains the following attributes: startTime endTime	
startTime	A	M	1	NTP timestamp expressing the start of subscription.	unsignedInt
endTime	A	0	01	NTP timestamp expressing the end of subscription. This attribute SHALL NOT be present for openended subscriptions.	unsignedInt
PurchaseDa taReference	E2	O	01	Describes the PurchaseData associated with the subscription to the Purchase. The device MAY use this information to update its internal subscription information concerning the user. The server SHALL include this element if the response is successful, and MAY omit it if it is not. Contains the following attributes: idRef Contains the following sub-element: Price	
idRef	A	M	1	The id of the Purchase Data fragment that is being referred to.	anyURI
Price	E3	О	0N	The price currently associated for the use to the subscription, possibly in multiple currencies. Contains the following attribute: currency	decimal
currency	A	0	01	Specifies the currency codes defined in ISO 4217 international currency codes. If not given, value of price is amount of Tokens.	string
DrmProfile SpecificPart	E1	O	01	Service & Content Protection DRM-profile specific part. This part is MANDATORY to support for DRM Profile. Note that as this message is only applicable for DRM profile, this element SHALL always be present for successful responses. Contains the following elements: Trigger	
Trigger	E2	О	01	ROAP RO Acquisition Trigger**. If the subscription renewal failed because the device was unregistered, the response MAY include a ROAP Registration Trigger**. In that case, the device is expected to use the trigger to initiate a registration and repeat the subscription renewal once it is registered.	RoapTrigger

Table 11: Structure of LTKM renewal response in General Service Provisioning Message

5.1.5.3.3 LTKM Renewal Completion

This message, sent by the terminal to the BSM, represents an acknowledgment of the terminal's receipt of the LTKM Renewal Response. The network SHALL reply with a HTTP 200 OK response message when this message is received.

^{**} These (ROAP Messages) are DRM profile specific

Name	Type	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
LTKMRene	Е			Long-Term Key Message Renewal Completion	
walComplet				Message	
ion				Contains the following attributes:	
				requestID	
				Contains the following elements:	
				LongTermKeyID	
requestID	A	O	01	Identifier for the corresponding LTKM request	unsignedInt
				message.	
LongTerm	E1	M	1N	A list containing the IDs of one or more Long-	string
KeyID				Term Key Messages received by the device.	

Table 12: LTKM renewal completion in General Service Provisioning Message

5.1.5.4 Unsubscription Messages

These messages pertain to the request and response for cancellation of the existing subscription to the purchase item as identified by the 'globalIDRef attribute' of PurchaseItem or the notification as identified by the 'globalIDRef attribute' of Service.

Depending on the specific situation, a subscription could still be valid after this procedure has been successfully executed, for example because the user has already paid a non-refundable amount for a time span that is yet to elapse. In this case, the subscription is to be considered valid until the time indicated in the "subscribedUntil" attribute of the response.

A device supporting the DRM Profile SHALL continue to renew keys with the LTK renewal procedure while the subscription is still valid, even if the user has unsubscribed.

When the device unsubscribing supports the smartcard profile, some additional actions need to occur upon successful completion of the unsubscribe procedure. The device SHALL remove the purchaseItemIDs from which it has unsubscribed from subsequent MBMS user registration or deregistration messages to the BSM, but not before the time indicated by the "subscribedUntil" attribute in the unsubscribe response. The BSM MAY also invalidate SEKs associated with the relevant purchase ID on the unsubscribing device which are not used by any other purchase items to which the device is subscribed. The BSM invalidates SEKs/PEKs by sending an LTKM with invalid Key Validity data, i.e. the lower bound is greater than the upper bound, where the bounds define the allowed range of either TEK IDs or TimeStamp values.

5.1.5.4.1 Unsubscribe Request

Name	Type	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
Unsubscrib	Е			Unsubscribe Request Message	
eRequest				Contains the following attributes:	
				requestID	
				keepSubscription	
				Contains the following elements:	
				UserID	
				DeviceID	
				PurchaseItem	
requestID	A	О	01	Identifier for the Unsubscribe request message.	unsignedInt
keepSubscri	A	O	01	Keep current subscription of PurchaseItem.	boolean
ption				When the user wants to unsubscribe from	
				notification only but keep the subscription to	
				PurchaseItem, this field is set to true. If this	

				element is not present or value is false, it means	
				both PurchaseItem and its relevant notification	
				will be unsubscribed.	
UserID	E1	О	0N	The user identity known to the BSM.	string
				For DRM profile, in case of roaming this element SHALL be included, otherwise it MAY be included. If it is missing, the network SHALL be able to identify the user with other means.	
				For Smartcard profile, this element SHALL be omitted, and the user identity SHALL be provided by the network with HTTP DIGEST	
				authentication procedure defined in section 6.6.	
				Contains the following attributes:	
				type	
type	A	M	1	Specifies the type of User ID. Allowed values	unsignedByt
				are:	e
				0 – username defined in [RFC 2865]	
				2 – URI	
				3 – IMPI	
				4 – MSISDN	
				5 – MIN	
				6-127 reserved for future use	
				128-255 reserved for proprietary use	
DeviceID	E1	0	0N	A unique device identification known to the BSM.	string
				Note: If User has multiple devices, then this element indicates a device or a group of devices that user want to unsubscribe.	
				contains the following attribute:	
				type	
type	A	M	1	Specifies the type of Device ID. Allowed	unsignedByt
				values are	е
				0 – DVB Device ID	
				1 – 3GPP Device ID (IMEI)[3GPP TS 23.003]	
				2 – 3GPP2 Device ID (MEID)[3GPP2 C.S0072] 3-127 reserved for future use	
				128-255 reserved for proprietary use	
Purchase	E1	M	1N	Specifies identifier of the Purchase Item the user	
Item				wants to unsubscribe from. Also, contains	
				ServiceID to unsubscribe service-specific	
				notification.	
				Contains the following attribute:	
				globalIDRef Contains the following element:	
				Contains the following element: Service	
globalIDRef	A	M	1	Identifier of PurchaseItem.	anyURI
Signature	11	171	1	GlobalPurchaseItemID found in the	uny OKI
				PurchaseItem fragment will be used.	

Service	E2	0	0N	This element is only used for unsubscribing service-specific Notification. See section 5.14.4.2.1 Contains the following attributes: globalIDRef notification	
globalIDRef	A	M	1	GlobalServiceID to identify Service	anyURI
notification	A	M	1	Un-subscription to receive Notification Message over Interaction Channel. If Notification=true, it means Notification over Interaction Channel is unsubscribed. If Notification=false or element is not present, it means there is no change in current status of subscription for notification over Interaction Channel.	boolean

Table 13: Structure of Unsubscribe Request in General Service Provisioning Message

5.1.5.4.2 Unsubscribe Response

Name	Type	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
UnsubscribeRe sponse	Е			Unsubscribe Response Message Contains the following attributes: requestID globalStatusCode Contains the following elements: PurchaseItem	
requestID	A	0	01	Identifier for the corresponding Unsubscribe request message.	unsignedInt
global Status Code	A	O	01	The overall outcome of the request, according to the return codes defined in section 5.11. If this attribute is present and set to value "0", the request was completed successfully. In this case the 'itemwiseStatusCode' SHALL NOT be given per each requested 'PurchaseItem'. If this attribute is present and set to some other value than "0", there was a generic error concerning the entire request. In this case the 'itemwiseStatusCode' SHALL NOT be given per each requested 'PurchaseItem'. If this attribute is not present, there was an error concerning one or more 'PurchaseItem' elements associated with the request. Further, the 'itemwiseStatusCode' SHALL be given per each requested 'PurchaseItem'.	unsignedByt e
Purchase Item	E1	M	1N	The ID of the Purchase Item to which the message is related. Contains the following attribute: globalIDRef	

				itemwiseStatusCode	
globalIDRef	A	M	1	Identifier of PurchaseItem. GlobalPurchaseItemID found in the PurchaseItem fragment will be used.	anyURI
itemwiseStatus Code	A	0	01	Indicates the results of the Unsubscribe Request message. If Value is successful, it means relevant PurchaseItem is unsubscribed. GlobalStatusCode specified in section 5.11 will be used for this code.	UnsignedBy te
subscribedUnti l	A	0	01	The date and time until which the subscription is still valid. If missing, the subscription is to be considered terminated immediately. For DRM profile, this is the time until which the terminal SHALL continue to issue LTK renewal requests for the purchase item. For Smartcard Profile, this is the time until which the terminal SHALL continue to include the purchase item in subsequent registration requests. This field is expressed as the first 32bits integer part of NTP time stamps.	unsignedInt
SmartcardProf ileSpecificPart	E1	0	01	Service & Content Protection Smartcard- profile specific part. This part is MANDATORY to support for Smartcard Profile, and is not applicable to the DRM Profile. Contains the following elements: LTKM	
LTKM	E2	0	0N	Smartcard profile BCAST LTKM (base64- encoded MIKEY message). This element is present if the terminal and the BSM have agreed on "HTTP" as a LTKM delivery mechanism during the registration procedure (see section 5.1.6.10)	base64Binar y

Table 14: Structure of Unsubscribe Response in General Service Provisioning Message

5.1.5.5 Token Purchase Request Messages

5.1.5.5.1 Token Purchase Request

This message is sent by the terminal to the BSM to request the purchase of tokens, or credits, to enable future consumption of broadcast services/content. The quantity of which is identified by the requested token amount. This message is applicable to both the DRM Profile and Smartcard Profile.

Note that for the Smartcard Profile, (U)SIM Smartcard Profile terminals shall not release the Packet Data Protocol (PDP) context [3GPP TS 23.060] used by the "Token Purchase Request" until a "De-registration" procedure has been performed. This is to ensure that the BSM is aware of the correct terminal IP address for the purpose of performing token deliveries. The network may initiate the release of terminal PDP contexts, as defined in [3GPP TS 23.060], in the case that there is a limit on the number of active PDP contexts that it can maintain.

Name	Type	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
TokenPurcha	Е			Token Purchase Request Message	
seRequest				Contains the following attributes:	

		1	1	raquastID	
				requestID	
				Contains the following elements:	
				UserID	
				DeviceID	
				PermissionsIssuerURI	
				TokenRequest	
				SmartcardProfileSpecificPart	
requestID	A	0	01	Identifier for the Token Purchase request	unsignedInt
4	1.			message.	unsignouni
UserID	E1	0	0N	The user identity known to the BSM.	string
				For DRM profile, in case of roaming this	
				element SHALL be included, otherwise it MAY	
				be included. If it is missing, the network	
				SHALL be able to identify the user with other means.	
				For Smartcard profile, this element SHALL be	
				omitted, and the user identity SHALL be	
				provided by the network with HTTP DIGEST	
				authentication procedure defined in section 6.6	
				Contains the following attributes:	
				type	
type	A	M	1	Specifies the type of User ID. Allowed values	unsignedByt
				are:	е
				0 – username defined in [RFC 2865]	
				1 – IMSI 2 – URI	
				3 – IMPI	
				4 – MSISDN	
				5 – MIN	
				6-127 reserved for future use	
				128-255 reserved for proprietary use	
DeviceID	E1	0	0N	A unique device identification known to the	string
DeviceiD	Ei		01	BSM.	Sumg
				contains the following attribute:	
				type	
type	A	M	1	Specifies the type of Device ID. Allowed	unsignedByt
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				values are	e
				0 – DVB Device ID	
				1 – 3GPP Device ID (IMEI) [3GPP TS 23.003]	
				2 – 3GPP2 Device ID (MEID) [3GPP2	
				C.S0072]	
				3-127 reserved for future use	
				128-255 reserved for proprietary use	
PermissionsI ssuerURI	E1	О	01	The identification of the Permissions Issuer	anyURI
SSUETUKI				depending on the Profile.	
				For the DRM Profile, this element is MANDATORY. It identifies the Rights Issuer	
				from which the BSM can retrieve the ROAP	
				Trigger**.	
	l		_1		<u> </u>

type	A	M	1	For the Smartcard Profile, this element is OPTIONAL. It identifies the Permissions Issuer, if different from the BSM, which grants tokens for both live rendering and play-back requests. Contains the following attribute: type The type of the Permissions Issuer identified by	boolean
				the PermissionsIssuerURI. Allowed values are: false – DRM Profile true – Smartcard Profile	
TokensReque sted	E1	0	01	Purchase request for tokens Contains the following attributes: type amount chargingType	
type	A	M	1	Specifies the type of tokens requested Allowed values are: 0 - unspecified 1 - tokens for the DRM Profile 2 - service tokens for the Smartcard Profile, added to the live_ppt_purse of the specified SEK/PEK key group 3 - service tokens for the Smartcard Profile, to the playback_ppt_purse of the specified SEK/PEK key group 4 - user tokens for the Smartcard Profile added to the user purse associated to the BSM ID 5 - 127 reserved for future use 128-255 reserved for proprietary use Note: type 1 tokens are applicable only to DRM Profile, whereas types 2-4 are applicable only to Smartcard Profile For a definition of user tokens and service tokens, see Sections 6.6.2.2 and 6.6.5 of [BCAST10-ServContProt].	unsignedByt e
amount	A	M	1	Specifies the amount of tokens requested. For types 0 and 1, this value corresponds to the number of tokens requested For types 2 and 3, this value corresponds to the requested number of service tokens, valid for any LTKM using service tokens associated to the given SEK/PEK key group. For type 4, this value corresponds to the requested number of user tokens, valid for any LTKM using user tokens associated to the ID of the BSM.	unsignedInt
charging Type	A	M	1	The type of charging (pre-paid or post-paid) the user wishes to use. The BSM will verify that the requested charging type is available for this user. The following values are defined:	unsignedByt e

				0 – undefined	
				1 – prepaid	
				2 – postpaid	
				3-127 – reserved for future use	
				128-255 – reserved for proprietary use	
SmartcardPr	E1	0	01	Service & Content Protection Smartcard Profile	
ofileSpecificP			0.1.1	specific part. This part is MANDATORY to	
art				support for the Smartcard Profile, and is not	
				applicable to the DRM Profile.	
				Contains the following elements:	
				ProtectionKeyID	
				PurchaseItem	
ProtectionKe	E2	О	01	The 7-byte long concatenation of KeyDomainID	unsignedLo
yID				and SEK/PEK ID corresponding to the	ng
				SEK/PEK ID for which service tokens are	
				requested. Key number part MAY be set to any value as	
				the service tokens are associated to a key group.	
				The element is only present when service tokens	
				are requested AND the PurchaseItem element is	
				absent.	
PurchaseIte	E2	0	0N	Identifier of the content(s), or service(s), or	
m				purchase item(s) to which the type of tokens in	
				the token purchase request corresponds, if the	
				information comes from the Service Guide.	
				This is given by the globalPurchaseItemID as	
				defined in [BCAST10-SG]. Contains the following attributes:	
				globalIDRef	
				purchaseDataIDRef	
				purchaseUnitNum	
				Note: PurchaseItemID SHALL be present if the	
				SmartcardProfileSpecificPart is present	
globalIDRef	Α	M	1	Identifier of PurchaseItem.	anyURI
				GlobalPurchaseItemID found in the	,
				PurchaseItem fragment will be used.	
purchaseDat	Α	0	01	Identifies the associated 'PurchaseData'	anyURI
aIDRef				fragment to which the requested credit package	
nurchaga In:4	Α	0	0.1	belongs.	unaiana dCh -
purchaseUnit Num	A	О	01	The number of token-based credit packages requested by the terminal, where the number of	unsignedSho rt
				tokens in one package is indicated by 'amount'	10
				attribute above.	
				In Smartcard Profile, the value of 'amount'	
				attribute SHALL be identical to the value of	
				'TotalNumberCredits' element specified in the	
				associated 'PurchaseData' fragment in the SG.	
				Therefore the actual number of tokens requested by the terminal is 'PurchaseUnitNum' times	
				'amount'.	
	<u> </u>	l	l		

Table 15: Structure of Token Purchase Request in General Service Provisioning Message

** These (ROAP Messages) are DRM profile specific

5.1.5.5.2 Token Purchase Response

This message, sent from the BSM to the terminal, represents a successful outcome, either unconditional or conditional in nature, in response to the Token Purchase Request. This message is applicable to both the DRM Profile and Smartcard Profile.

Name	Type	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
TokenPurcha	Е			Token Purchase Response	
seResponse				Contains the following attributes:	
				requestID	
				globalStatusCode	
				Contains the following elements:	
				DrmProfileSpecificPart	
				SmartcardProfileSpecificPart	
				Note: DrmProfileSpecificPart and	
				SmartcardProfileSpecificPart are mutually exclusive – TokenPurchaseResponse SHALL	
				contain either the DrmProfileSpecificPart or	
				SmartcardProfileSpecificPart.	
requestID	A	0	01	Identifier for the corresponding Token Purchase	unsignedInt
				request message.	
globalStatus	Α	M	1	The outcome of the request, according to the	unsignedByt
Code	Г1		0.1	return codes defined in Table 1.	е
DrmProfileS pecificPart	E1	О	01	Service & Content Protection DRM-profile specific part. This part is MANDATORY to	
promite unit				support for DRM Profile, and is not applicable	
				to the Smartcard Profile	
				Contains the following elements:	
				roap Trigger	
roap Trigger	E2	О	01	If the token purchase succeeded, the response	reference to
				SHALL include a ROAP Trigger** as an	"roapTrigge
				additional payload. The device is expected to use the trigger to initiate one or more token	r" element as defined in
				acquisitions.	OMA DRM
				If the token purchase failed because the device	2.0 XML
				was unregistered, the response includes a ROAP	namespace
				Registration Trigger** as an additional payload.	
				The device is expected to use the trigger to	
				initiate a registration and repeat the token purchase once it is successfully registered.	
SmartcardPr	E1	0	01	Service & Content Protection Smartcard Profile	
ofileSpecificP			01	specific part. This part is MANDATORY to	
art				support for the Smartcard Profile, and is not	
				applicable to the DRM Profile.	
				Contains the following element:	
				TokensGranted	
				LTKM	
TokensGrant	E2	О	01	Granted tokens in response to the token	

,		1	T	1	
ed				purchase request.	
				It contains the following attributes:	
				type	
				amount	
				chargingType	
				Note: The element TokensGranted simply	
				represents the information on the outcome of the	
				token purchase request. The actual token	
				delivery is fulfilled by the MIKEY LTKM.	
type	A	M	1	Specifies the type of tokens granted in the token purchase transaction.	unsignedByt e
				Allowed values are:	
				0 – reserved	
				1- tokens for DRM Profile	
				2 – service tokens for the Smartcard Profile,	
				added to the live_ppt_purse of the specified SEK/PEK key group	
				3 – service tokens for the Smartcard Profile	
				added to the playback_ppt_purse purse of the	
				specified SEK/PEK key group	
				4 – user tokens for the Smartcard Profile added	
				to the user purse associated to the BSM ID	
				5-127 reserved for future use	
				128-255 reserved for proprietary use	
amount	A	M	1	Specifies the number of tokens granted in the	unsignedInt
				token purchase transaction.	
				For type 0, 1, 2, 3 and 4, the value corresponds	
				to the number of tokens granted.	
charging	A	M	1	The type of charging to be associated with the	unsignedByt
Type				token purchase transaction. The following	e
				values are defined:	
				0 – unspecified	
				1 – prepaid	
				2 – postpaid	
				3-127 – reserved for future use	
				128-255 – reserved for proprietary use	
LTKM	E2	0	0N	Smartcard profile BCAST LTKM (base64-	base64Binar
				encoded MIKEY message). This element is	У
				present if the terminal and the BSM have agreed	
				on "HTTP" as a LTKM delivery mechanism during the registration procedure (see section	
				5.1.6.10)	
			1		1

Table 16: Structure of Token Purchase Response in General Service Provisioning Message

5.1.5.5.3 Token Purchase Completion

Token Purchase Completion Message MAY be sent by a terminal after it receives Token Purchase Response Message.

^{**}These (ROAP messages) are OMA DRMv2.0 specific. They are defined in [DRMDRM-v2.0]. Implementation in XML schema will be done by referenceing the "RoapTrigger element from the OMA DRM2.0 ROAP protocol schema. Other service protection mechanisms will map their own respective messages to the corresponding fields.

Name	Type	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
TokenPurc haseComple tion	Е			Token Purchase Completion Message for terminal to send. Contains the following attributes: requestID	
requestID	A	О	01	Identifier for the corresponding Token Purchase request message.	unsignedInt

Table 17: Structure of Token Purchase Completion in General Service Provisioning Message

5.1.5.6 Account Inquiry Messages

Account Inquiry allows the End user to request his/her account information such as active purchase item list, Service Guide Fragments associated with subscribed PurchaseItem, or Billing Information. The AccountInquiry Element in the Account Inquiry Request message (5.1.5.6.1) indicates which information the End user wants to receive and the response message can include GlobalPurchaseItem List or SG Fragments or Billing Information as per the request message.

5.1.5.6.1 Account Inquiry Request

Name	Type	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
AccountRe	Е			Account Inquiry Request message	
quest				Contains the following attributes:	
				requestID	
				Contains the following elements:	
				UserID	
				DeviceID	
				AccountInquiry	
requestID	A	О	01	Identifier for this request message	unsignedInt
UserID	E1	О	0N	The user identity known to the BSM.	string
				For DRM profile, in case of roaming this	
				element SHALL be included, otherwise it MAY	
				be included. If it is missing, the network SHALL be able to identify the user with other	
				means.	
				For Smartcard profile, this element SHALL be	
				omitted, and the user identity SHALL be	
				provided by the network with HTTP DIGEST	
				authentication procedure defined in section 6.6	
				Contains the following attributes:	
				type	
type	A	M	1	Specifies the type of User ID. Allowed values	unsignedByt
				are:	е
				0 – username defined in [RFC 2865] 1 – IMSI	
				2 – URI	
				3 – IMPI	
				4 – MSISDN	
				5 – MIN	
				6-127 reserved for future use	
				128-255 reserved for proprietary use	
DeviceID	E1	0	0N	A unique device identification known to the	string
		_		BSM.	

				contains the following attribute:	
				type	
type	A	M	1	Specifies the type of Device ID. Allowed	unsignedByt
				values are	e
				0 – DVB Device ID	
				1 – 3GPP Device ID (IMEI) [3GPP TS 23.003]	
				2 – 3GPP2 Device ID (MEID) [3GPP2	
				C.S0072]	
				3-127 reserved for future use	
				128-255 reserved for proprietary use	
AccountInq	E1	M	1N	Specifies the account information which user	unsignedByt
uiry				want to receive from the BSM. Possible values	e
				are:	
				0 – undefined	
				1 – PurchaseItem List	
				2 – Service Guide Fragments	
				3 – Billing Information	
				4 ~ 127 – Reserved for future use	
				128 ~ 255 – Reserved for proprietary use	
				Note: If value is 0, BSM SHOULD deliver the	
				response message as eitherone of the message	
				types defined above, or	
				- defined by the BSM operator.	

Table 18: Structure of Account Inquiry Request in General Service Provisioning Message

5.1.5.6.2 Account Inquiry Response

Name	Type	Categ ory	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
AccountRe sponse	Е			Account Inquiry Response Message Contains the following attributes:	
				requestID	
				globalStatusCode	
				Contains the following elements:	
				BillingInformation	
				PurchaseItem	
requestID	A	О	01	Identifier for the corresponding Account Inquiry message	unsignedInt
global Status Code	A	M	1	The overall outcome of the request, according to the return codes defined in section 5.11.	unsignedByt e
BillingInfor mation	E1	О	0N	Describes the total billing information, possibly in multiple languages. The language is expressed using built-in XML attribute xml:lang with this element.	string
PurchaseIt em	E1	O	0N	Specifies the PurchaseItem or the Service Guide Fragments which user subscribed or purchased.	
		_		Contains the following attributes: globalIDRef	

				Contains the following elements: Description PurchaseItemFragments	
globalIDRe f	A	M	1	GlobalPurchaseItemID of Purchase Item which the End user subscribed or purchased.	anyURI
Description	E2	0	0N	Describes the subscription information such as price, period, etc., possibly in multiple languages. The language is expressed using built-in XML attribute xml:lang with this element.	string
PurchaseIt emFragme nts	E2	О	0N	Contains the PurchaseItem Fragments related to the PurchaseItem to which the End user subscribed or purchased. The format is specified in [BCAST-SG].	ComplexTyp e

Table 19: Structure of Account Inquiry Response in General Service Provisioning Message

5.1.6 Smartcard Profile Service Provisioning Messages

This section specifies the Smartcard Service Provisioning Messages. These messages support the Service Provisioning function of BCAST Terminals with Smartcard Profile capability. The messages in Sections 5.1.6.1, 5.1.6.2 and 5.1.6.4 through 5.1.6.6 below are identical to General Service Provisioning Messages. The messages in Section 5.1.6.3 are somewhat unique as described in the corresponding section below. The messages in Sections 5.1.6.7 through 5.1.6.9 are unique to the Smartcard Profile (i.e. no counterparts for these exist in the General Service Provisioning Messages).

The XML schema for these messages is defined in [BCAST10-XMLSchema-orderqueries].

5.1.6.1 Pricing Information Messages

5.1.6.1.1 Pricing Information Request

This message is the same as the general service provisioning message. See section 5.1.5.1.1.

5.1.6.1.2 Pricing Information Response

This message is the same as the general service provisioning message. See section 5.1.5.1.2.

5.1.6.2 Service Request Messages

5.1.6.2.1 Service Request and Response

These messages are the same as those specified in Section 5.1.5.2.

5.1.6.2.2 Service Completion

The Service Completion message corresponds to the MIKEY acknowledgement message as defined in [3GPP TS 33.246]. Specifically, and subject to request by the BSM, this message is sent by the BCAST Terminal to the BSM to confirm, following the successful reception of the Service Response message, the subsequent reception of each LTKM sent by the BSM.

5.1.6.3 LKTM Renewal, Response and Completion Messages

LTKMs can be explicitly renewed with a Registration Procedure (Section 5.1.6.7), the LTKM Request Procedure (Section 5.1.6.8) or implicitly renewed via MSK delivery procedure as described in [3GPP TS 33.246].

5.1.6.4 Unsubscription Messages

5.1.6.4.1 Unsubscribe Request and Response

These messages are the same as those specified in Section 5.1.5.4.

5.1.6.5 Token Messages

5.1.6.5.1 Token Request and Response

These messages are the same as those specified in Section 5.1.5.5.

5.1.6.6 Account Inquiry Messages

These messages are the same as the General Service Provisioning Account Inquiry messages as specified in Section 5.1.5.6.

This message is the same as the general service provisioning message. See section 5.1.5.6.2

5.1.6.7 Registration Procedure

The Registration procedure is invoked by the terminal when the BCAST Client is started or re-activated and upon re-establishing connectivity to the interactivity network after having lost coverage or in response to a Smartcard Profile Trigger Message (see Section 5.1.8.1) or in response to a BSM Solicited Pull Procedure where BM-SC Solicited Pull message is formatted according to-Section 6.6.2 of [BCAST10-ServContProt].

The Registration procedure is used by the terminal to notify the BSM that it is available to receive LTKMs. The Registration procedure is not used in OMA BCAST to request any change in the subscription/ purchase status of the terminal. This functionality is provided by the Service Provisioning messages, e.g. Service Request. For the (U)SIM Smartcard Profile terminal, this procedure is the MBMS User Service Registration procedure as defined by [3GPP TS 33.246], in which the MBMS User Service IDs are given by the concatenation of GlobalPurchaseItemID and PurchaseDataReference. The Registration message SHALL contain the IDs of all the purchase items to which the terminal has currently purchased or the single parameter "oma-bcast-allservices". If the message contains list of purchase items, items that are unsubscribed but still valid because of presence subscribedUntil attribute in Usubscribe Response message SHALL be also included. This procedure is not applicable in the case of the (R-)UIM/CSIM Smartcard Profile, i.e., when BCMCS is the underlying BDS.

Note that for the Smartcard Profile, (U)SIM Smartcard Profile terminals SHALL not release the Packet Data Protocol (PDP) context [3GPP TS 23.060] used by the "Registration" until a "De-registration" procedure has been performed or a deactivation procedure has been initiated by the network as defined in [3GPP TS 23.060]. This is to ensure that the BSM is aware of the correct terminal IP address for the purpose of performing LTKM deliveries. Deactivation procedure can be initiated from the network in the case that there is a limit on the number of active PDP contexts that it can maintain.

The terminal MAY include in the registration request one RegistrationRequestExtension in order to:

• indicate the LTKM delivery mechanisms it supports starting from the time of this request. This mechanism is defined in sections 5.1.6.7.1 and 5.1.6.10.1.

The BSM MAY include in the registration response one RegistrationResponseExtension in order to:

• indicate the LTKM delivery mechanisms it plans to use for further LTKM deliveries to the terminal. This mechanism is defined in sections 5.1.6.7.2 and 5.1.6.10.1.

The BSM can also include in the registration response one or several RegistrationResponseServiceExtensions in order to:

- deliver to the terminal the LTKMs corresponding to the PurchaseItem/PurchaseData pairs that the terminal has successfully registered to. This information MAY be included. The underlying mechanism is defined in sections 5.1.6.7.2 and 5.1.6.10.3.
- indicate the subscription start and end times of the PurchaseItem/PurchaseData pairs that the terminal has successfully registered to. For time-based subscriptions, this information SHALL be included when the BSM

responds to an 'oma-bcast-allservices' request and SHOULD be included otherwise. For pay-per-view, this information MAY be included.

The following is an informative example illustrating the BCAST extensions (printed in boldface) possibly present in a Registration Response:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<mbmsSecurityRegisterResponse</pre>
    xmlns="urn:3GPP:metadata:2005:MBMS:securityRegistrationResponse"
    xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
    xmlns:bcast="urn:oma:xml:bcast:pr:orderqueries:1.0">
    <Response>
        <serviceID>urn:3gpp:mbms:example:service:identification:123456789abcdef</serviceID>
        <ResponseCode>200 OK</ResponseCode>
        <bcast:RegistrationResponseServiceExtension>
            <LTKM>...</LTKM>
            <SubscriptionWindow startTime="3408134400" endTime="3410812800"/>
        </bcast:RegistrationResponseServiceExtension>
    </Response>
    <Response>
        <serviceID>urn:3gpp:mbms:example:service:identification:fedcba987654321</serviceID>
        <ResponseCode>200 OK</ResponseCode>
        <bcast:RegistrationResponseServiceExtension>
            <LTKM>...</LTKM>
            <LTKM>...</LTKM>
            <SubscriptionWindow startTime="3408134400" endTime="3410812800"/>
        </bcast:RegistrationResponseServiceExtension>
    </Response>
   <bcast:RegistrationResponseExtension>
       <LTKMDelivery>
           <Type>2</Type> <!-- indicates `HTTP only' -->
      <LTKMDelivery>
   </bcast:RegistrationResponseExtension>
</mbmsSecurityRegisterResponse>
```

5.1.6.7.1 Registration Request Extension

The Registration Request payload is an "mbmsSecurityRegister" message defined according to XML schema "urn:3GPP: metadata:2005:MBMS:securityRegistrationRequest" specified in section 11.4.1 of [3GPP TS 26.346 v7].

To allow the inclusion of BCAST-specific information at <mbmsSecurityRegister> level of Registration Request payload, a *RegistrationRequestExtension* element is defined in the namespace "urn:oma:xml:bcast:pr:orderqueries:1.0" [BCAST10-XMLSchema-orderqueries]. When included, this element SHALL be present exactly once, as a child of <mbmsSecurityRegister> element matching the <xs:any> wildcard defined there.

The RegistrationRequestExtension element is structured as follows:

Name	Type	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
Registration RequestExte nsion	Е		01	Defines a container for the inclusion of BCAST- specific information at the <mbmssecurityregister> level of Registration Request payload defined in section 11.4.1 of [3GPP TS 26.346 v7]. Contains the following attributes: version Contains the following elements: LTKMDelivery</mbmssecurityregister>	
version	A	NM/	1	Version of this extension element.	unsignedByt e

		TM		0x00 identifies BCAST 1.0 Default value: 0x00.	
LTKMDelive ry	E1	NO/ TO	01	This element lists all the LTKM delivery mechanisms the terminal will support from this registration request till next registration request. Detailed use of this element is further specified in section 5.1.6.10.1. Contains the following elements:	
Туре	E2	NM/ TM	1N	Type Specifies the type of LTKM delivery mechanism. Allowed values are: 0 – UDP	unsignedByt e
				1 – SMS as per section 5.1.6.10.2 2 – HTTP as per section 5.1.6.10.3 3-127 reserved for future use 128-255 reserved for proprietary use	

Table 20: Structure of RegistrationRequestExtension

5.1.6.7.2 Registration Response Extension

The Registration Response payload is an "mbmsSecurityRegisterResponse" message defined according to XML schema "urn:3GPP: metadata:2005:MBMS:securityRegistrationResponse" specified in section 11.7.1 of [3GPP TS 26.346 v7].

To allow the inclusion of BCAST-specific information at <mbmsSecurityRegisterResponse> level of Registration Response payload, a *RegistrationResponseExtension* element is defined in the namespace "urn:oma:xml:bcast:pr:orderqueries:1.0" [BCAST10-XMLSchema-orderqueries]. When included, this element SHALL be present once as a child of <mbmsSecurityRegisterResponse> element matching the <xs:any> wildcard defined there.

This RegistrationResponseExtension element is structured as follows:

Name	Type	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
Registration ResponseExt ension	Е		01	Defines a container for the inclusion of BCAST-specific information at the <mbr></mbr> <mbr></mbr> mbmsSecurityRegisterResponse> level of Registration Response payload defined in section 11.7.1 of [3GPP TS 26.346 v7]. Contains the following attributes: version Contains the following sub-elements: LTKMDelivery	
version	A	NM/ TM	1	Version of this extension element. 0x00 identifies BCAST 1.0 Default value: 0x00.	unsignedByt e
LTKMDelive ry	E1	NO/ TO	01	This element lists all the LTKM delivery mechanisms the BSM plans to use from this registration response (included) till next terminal registration request occurs. Detailed use of this element is further specified in	

				section 5.1.6.10.1. Contains the following elements: Type	
Туре	E2	NM/ TM	1N	Specifies the type of LTKM delivery mechanism. Allowed values are: 0 – UDP 1 – SMS as per section 5.1.6.10.2 2 – HTTP as per section 5.1.6.10.3 3-127 reserved for future use 128-255 reserved for proprietary use	unsignedByt e

Table 21: Structure of RegistrationResponseExtension

5.1.6.7.3 Registration Response Service Extension

The Registration Response payload is an "mbmsSecurityRegisterResponse" message defined according to XML schema "urn:3GPP: metadata:2005:MBMS:securityRegistrationResponse" specified in section 11.7.1 of [3GPP TS 26.346 v7].

To allow the inclusion of BCAST-specific information at <Response> level of Registration Response payload (i.e. at the level corresponding to one registered PurchaseItem/PurchaseData pair), a *RegistrationResponseServiceExtension* element is defined in the namespace "urn:oma:xml:bcast:pr:orderqueries:1.0" [BCAST10-XMLSchema-orderqueries]. This element MAY be included in each/any <Response> element in the Registration Response. When included in a <Response> element, it SHALL be present once as a child of <Response> element matching the <xs:any> wildcard defined there.

This RegistrationResponseServiceExtension element is defined below:

Name	Type	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
Registration ResponseSer viceExtension	Е		01	Defines a container for the inclusion of BCAST- specific information at the <response> level of Registration Response payload defined in section 11.7.1 of [3GPP TS 26.346 v7]. Contains the following attributes: version Contains the following elements: LTKM</response>	
version	A	NM/ TM	1	Version of this extension element. 0x00 identifies BCAST 1.0 Default value: 0x00.	unsignedByt e
LTKM	E1	NO/ TO	0N	Smartcard profile BCAST LTKM (base64- encoded MIKEY message) associated with the successfully registered PurchaseItem/PurchaseData pair identified by <serviceid> element sibling of <registrationresponseserviceextension> element. This element SHALL NOT be included if <responsecode> element sibling of <registrationresponseserviceextension> does not indicate status code "200 OK".</registrationresponseserviceextension></responsecode></registrationresponseserviceextension></serviceid>	base64Binar y

				More details on this element are further specified in section 5.1.6.10.3.	
Subscription Window	El	NO/TM	01	The time interval during which the subscription is valid, where the subscription is associated with the successfully registered PurchaseItem/PurchaseData pair identified by the <serviceid> sibling element of the <registrationresponseserviceextension> element. For time-based subscriptions, the network SHALL include this element when responding to an 'oma-bcast-allservices' request and SHOULD include it otherwise. For pay-per-view, the network MAY include this element. The terminal MAY use this information to determine the validity period of a subscription. Contains the following attributes: startTime endTime</registrationresponseserviceextension></serviceid>	
startTime	A	NO/TM	1	NTP timestamp expressing the start of subscription.	unsignedInt
endTime	A	NO/TM	01	NTP timestamp expressing the end of subscription. This attribute SHALL NOT be present for open-ended subscriptions.	unsignedInt

Table 22: Structure of RegistrationResponseServiceExtension

5.1.6.8 LTKM Request Procedure

Upon the completion of the subscription/purchase transaction (as defined by the Service Request messages in Section 5.1.5.2), or once the lifetime of the current SEK/PEK in the Smartcard has expired, the required new SEK/PEK can be obtained via the LTKM Request procedure. This can occur:

- When the BCAST Terminal has missed a SEK/PEK key update procedure, due to, for example, being out of coverage;
- In response to a BM-SC solicited pull procedure.

For the Smartcard Profile, this procedure is the MBMS MSK request procedure as defined by [3GPP TS 33.246], in which the key identification information comprises a list of one or more Key Domain ID – SEK/PEK ID pairs, subject to the following clarification. For the (U)SIM Smartcard Profile terminal, the SRK used in the HTTP digest authentication of the subscriber corresponds to the MBMS Request Key (MRK); for the (R-)UIM/CSIM Smartcard Profile terminal, the SRK is the BCMCS Authentication Key (Auth-Key).

The BSM MAY include in the LTKM response one or several LTKM ResponseMSKExtensions in order to:

• include the LTKM(s) carrying the SEK(s)/PEK(s) requested in the LTKM request. This mechanism is defined in sections 5.1.6.8.1 and 5.1.6.10.3.

5.1.6.8.1 LTKM Response MSK Extension

The LTKM Response payload is an "mbmsMSKResponse" message defined according to XML schema "urn:3GPP:metadata:2005:MBMS:mskResponse" specified in section 11.8.1 of [3GPP TS 26.346 v7].

To allow the inclusion of BCAST-specific information at <Response> level of LTKM Response payload (i.e. at the level corresponding to one requested SEK/PEK), an *LTKMResponseMSKExtension* element is defined in the namespace "urn:oma:xml:bcast:pr:orderqueries:1.0" [BCAST10-XMLSchema-orderqueries]. This element MAY be included in each/any <Response> element in the response. When included in a <Response> element, it SHALL be present once as a child of <Response> element matching the <xs:any> wildcard defined there.

This LTKMResponseMSKExtension element is structured as follows:

Name	Type	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
LTKMRespo nseMSKExte nsion	Е		01	Defines a container for the inclusion of BCAST-specific information at the <mbs></mbs> <ms></ms> <mbs></mbs> <mbs></mbs> <mbs></mbs> <mbs></mbs> <mbs></mbs> <ms></ms>	
version	A	NM/ TM	1	Version of this extension element. 0x00 identifies BCAST 1.0 Default value: 0x00.	unsignedByt e
LTKM	E1	NO/ TO	0N	Smartcard profile BCAST LTKM (base64-encoded MIKEY message) carrying the SEK/PEK identified by the <msk> element sibling of <ltkmresponsemskextension> element. This element SHALL NOT be included if <responsecode> element sibling of <ltkmresponsemskextension> does not indicate status code "200 OK". More details on this element are further specified in section 5.1.6.10.3.</ltkmresponsemskextension></responsecode></ltkmresponsemskextension></msk>	base64Binar y

Table 23: Structure of LTKMResponseMSKExtension

5.1.6.9 Deregistration Procedure

The Deregistration procedure is invoked by the terminal upon termination or suspension of the BCAST Client, or whenever the terminal wishes to indicate that it is not anymore available to receive LTKMs.

The Deregistration message SHALL contain the IDs of all the purchase items to which the terminal has currently purchased or the single parameter "oma-bcast-allservices". If the message contains list of purchase items, items that are unsubscribed but still valid because of presence subscribedUntil attribute in Usubscribe Response message SHALL be also included.

Note: If any subscription becomes invalid while terminal is registered, terminal SHOULD perform the deregistration procedure followed by the new registration procedure which reflects the change in the list of currently valid purchase items in terminal to BSM.

For the Smartcard Profile, this procedure is the MBMS User Service Deregistration procedure as defined by [3GPP TS 33.246], in which the MBMS User Service IDs is given by the concatenation of GlobalPurchaseItemID and the PurchaseDataReference. This procedure is not applicable in the case of the (R-)UIM/CSIM Smartcard Profile, i.e., when BCMCS is the underlying BDS.

The BSM MAY include in the deregistration response one or several DeregistrationResponseServiceExtensions, in order to:

• deliver LTKMs corresponding to the services that the terminal has deregistered to. This mechanism is defined in sections 5.1.6.9.1 and 5.1.6.10.3. The LTKMs contained in the deregistration response MAY be used to invalidate SEKs/PEKs, e.g. by carrying invalid Key Validity Data.

5.1.6.9.1 Deregistration Response Service Extension

The Deregistration Response payload follows the format of Registration Response payload: it is an "mbmsSecurityRegisterResponse" message defined according to XML schema "urn:3GPP: metadata:2005:MBMS:securityRegistrationResponse" specified in section 11.7.1 of [3GPP TS 26.346 v7].

To allow the inclusion of BCAST-specific information at the <Response> level of Deregistration Response payload (i.e. at the level corresponding to one deregistered service), a *DeregistrationResponseServiceExtension* element is defined in the namespace "urn:oma:xml:bcast:pr:orderqueries:1.0" [BCAST10-XMLSchema-orderqueries]. This element MAY be included in each/any <Response> element in the response. When included in a <Response> element, it SHALL be present once as a child of <Response> element matching the <xs:any> wildcard defined there.

This *DeregistrationResponseServiceExtension* element is structured as follows:

Name	Type	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
Deregistratio nResponseSe rviceExtensio n	Е		01	Defines a container for the inclusion of BCAST-specific information at the <response> level of Deregistration Response payload defined in section 11.7.1 of [3GPP TS 26.346 v7]. Contains the following attributes: version Contains the following sub-elements: LTKM</response>	
version	A	NM/ TM	1	Version of this extension element. 0x00 identifies BCAST 1.0 Default value: 0x00.	unsignedByt e
LTKM	El	NO/ TO	0N	Smartcard profile BCAST LTKM (base64- encoded MIKEY message) associated to the service successfully deregistered to identified by <serviceid> element sibling of <deregistrationresponseserviceextension> element. This element SHALL NOT be included if <responsecode> element sibling of <deregistrationresponseserviceextension> does not indicate status code "200 OK".</deregistrationresponseserviceextension></responsecode></deregistrationresponseserviceextension></serviceid>	base64Binar y

		More details on this element are further specified in section 5.1.6.10.3.	

Table 24: Structure of DeregistrationResponseServiceExtension

5.1.6.10 LTKM delivery mechanisms

The BSM can send LTKMs over UDP to the terminal following BCAST-specific service provisioning messages (Service Response, Subscription Long-Term Key Renewal Response, Token Purchase Response, Unsubscribe Response) or MBMS-based provisioning messages (Registration response, Deregistration response, LTKM response). The BSM can also push to the terminal unsolicited LTKMs over UDP, to either update SEKs/PEKs or trigger a BSM solicited pull procedure (in order to initiate a LTKM request or registration procedure).

The terminal as well as the BSM MUST support LTKM delivery over UDP.

There are however situations where the terminal is temporarily or permanently not reachable by UDP:

- temporarily if for instance the terminal is configured to release its PDP context shortly after an HTTP-based procedure with the BSM, including the registration procedure.
 - Note: this configuration must be avoided if the number of maintained PDP contexts is not an issue for the network.
- permanently if for instance the terminal is attached to a private IP network behind a NAT.

To cope with these situations, other LTKM delivery mechanisms than UDP MAY be used, such as the inclusion of LTKMs in the HTTP response to a service provisioning request.

5.1.6.10.1 Signaling of supported LTKM delivery mechanisms

The terminal MAY indicate in the registration request the complete list of LTKM delivery mechanisms it will support starting from the time of this registration request till next registration request. This indication applies to all the LTKMs the BSM will deliver to the terminal during this period, whether these LTKMs are bound to the service(s) specified in the request or to other registered services, and whether these LTKMs actually carry a SEK/PEK or not (i.e. with KEMAC Encr Data Len = 0).

The BSM SHALL handle this terminal indication as follows:

- In each successfully authenticated registration request it receives, the BSM SHALL check for the presence of <RegistrationRequestExtension> element and then for the presence of related <LTKMDelivery> sub-element:
 - if <RegistrationRequestExtension> element is absent or if it is present but <LTKMDelivery> subelement is absent, the BSM SHALL conclude that the terminal will only support LTKM delivery over UDP, starting from this registration request till next registration request.
 - if the <LTKMDelivery> sub-element is present and the BSM supports one or more of the delivery mechanisms listed in this element, the BSM SHALL include in the registration response a <RegistrationResponseExtension> element, and this element SHALL include an <LTKMDelivery> sub-element listing the terminal-supported mechanisms which the BSM plans to use for further LTKM deliveries to this terminal, starting from this registration response. The BSM MAY choose to not return an <LTKMDelivery> sub-element if it only plans to use LTKM delivery over UDP. For this terminal, the BSM SHALL NOT later on use LTKM delivery mechanisms other than those listed in the returned <LTKMDelivery> sub-element.

- if the <LTKMDelivery> sub-element is present and the BSM supports none of the listed mechanisms, the BSM SHALL signal this to the terminal by a "403 Forbidden" in the HTTP status line of the response, and SHALL NOT register the terminal for the requested services.
- < RegistrationRequestExtension> element and related < LTKMDelivery> sub-element are defined in section 5.1.6.7.1.
- < RegistrationResponseExtension> element and related < LTKMDelivery> sub-element are defined in section 5.1.6.7.2.

5.1.6.10.2 LTKM delivery over SMS

In this version of specification, LTKM delivery over SMS designates the delivery of an LTKM initiating a BSM solicited pull procedure (specified in section 6.6.1 of [BCAST10-ServContProt]) or BSM initiated registration procedure (specified in section 6.6.2 of [BCAST10-ServContProt].

5.1.6.10.3 LTKM delivery over HTTP

The terminal MAY support LTKM delivery over HTTP as defined in this section.

In this version of specification, LTKM delivery over HTTP designates the delivery of LTKMs:

- in the Registration Response payload, by the inclusion of RegistrationResponseServiceExtension(s) and related <LTKM> sub-element(s), as defined in section 5.1.6.7.3.
- in the LTKM Response payload, by the inclusion of LTKMResponseMSKExtension(s) and related <LTKM> sub-element(s), as defined in section 5.1.6.8.1.
- in the Deregistration Response payload, by the inclusion of DeregistrationResponseServiceExtension(s) and related <LTKM> sub-element(s), as defined in section 5.1.6.9.1.
- in the Service Response payload, by the inclusion of <LTKM> elements in the Smartcard Profile specific part of the message, as defined in section 5.1.5.2.2.
- in the Unsubscribe Response payload, by the inclusion of <LTKM> elements in the Smartcard Profile specific part of the message, as defined in section 5.1.5.4.2.
- in the Token Purchase Response payload, by the inclusion of <LTKM> elements in the Smartcard Profile specific part of the message, as defined in section 5.1.5.5.2.

The following applies for the delivery of LTKMs in any of these HTTP responses:

- The BSM SHALL NOT include LTKMs in unsuccessful HTTP responses.
- The BSM SHALL NOT include LTKMs initiating a BSM solicited pull procedure or BSM solicited pull messages initiating a registration procedure
- In case multiple LTKMs are carried in the same HTTP payload, the BSM SHALL insert them in order of increasing TS.

5.1.6.10.4 LTKM general processing

Unless otherwise stated, the terminal SHALL process all the LTKMs delivered by the BSM using any of the delivery mechanisms signaled by the BSM in the registration response, or using UDP if the BSM omitted this signaling in the registration response. The terminal MAY ignore LTKMs delivered by the BSM using other delivery mechanisms. Note that as the terminal signals the LTKM delivery mechanisms that it supports in the registration request, the BSM should not deliver LTKMs using a mechanism that is not supported by the terminal.

In case multiple LTKMs are carried in the same payload, the terminal SHALL process them one by one in order of inclusion in the payload.

For each processed LTKM with V flag in HDR set, the terminal SHALL send one verification message over UDP to the BSM IP address resolved from NAF FQDN encoded in IDi payload. In case multiple LTKMs are carried in the same payload, the verification messages SHALL be sent one by one in order of LTKM processing.

5.1.7 Message Compression

The Service Provisioning messages MAY be compressed during the transport of the messages. In that case, the compression applies to entire Service Provisioning message which is the payload of HTTP message. If the compression is used, in the HTTP message delivering the Service Provisioning message the "Content-Encoding" attribute SHALL be present in the HTTP header and set to MIME value representing the compression scheme.

The BSP-M in the BSM SHALL support the GZIP algorithm for the delivery of Service Provisioning messages. The BSP-C in the Terminal SHALL support the GZIP algorithm for the delivery of Service Provisioning messages. In case GZIP compression is used for the delivery of Service Provisioning messages, the "Content-Encoding" attribute SHALL be set to "gzip".

5.1.8 Web-based Service Provisioning

A Terminal and server MAY support Service Provisioning via a web-portal. The description of web portal provisioning is based on the following assumptions:

- The web portal is a completely separate entity from the BSM (NAF), BSF, etc. and has no knowledge of key management.
- No HTTP digest authentication as per [3GPP TS 33.246] or [3GPP2 X.S0022-A](used in the Smartcard profile service provisioning messages) is required by the portal.

The Terminal MAY receive additional information related to the PurchaseItem, PurchaseData, and PurchaseChannel fragments using the '*url*' attribute of the '*extension*' element in each fragment. The Terminal SHALL use the '*PortalURL*' element of the PurchaseChannel fragment, defined in the Service Guide, as the entry point for Service Provisioning via a web portal. The *PortalURL* can be used to support three purposes:

- 1. The *PortalURL* provides additional information on services available over this PurchaseChannel. This method SHALL be signalled by setting the attribute *supportedService* under *PortalURL* to "0". In this case the Terminal MAY access the *PortalURL* to retrieve information on supported services but SHALL NOT purchase or (un)subscribe to the services by accessing the URL. In this case, the service provisioning functions SHALL be achieved by addressing Service Provisioning messages to the *PurchaseURL* as defined in section 5.1.5.
- 2. The *PortalURL* supports the full set of service provisioning functionality via the web-portal in addition to providing service related information. This method SHALL be signalled by setting the attribute *supportedService* under *PortalURL* to "1". The Terminal SHALL access the *PortalURL* where the Terminal SHALL expect that the facilities for service provisioning are provided by the web-portal. When the *supportedService* attribute under *PortalURL* is set to "1", the Service Provisioning messages sent to the *PurchaseURL* as defined in section 5.1.5 SHALL NOT be used.
- 3. The *PortalURL* provides additional information on services available over this PurchaseChannel. The Terminal MAY achieve the service provisioning either via web-portal or by addressing Service Provisioning messages to the *PurchaseURL* as defined in section 5.1.5. This method SHALL be signalled by setting the attribute *supportedService* under *PortalURL* to "2".

In the context of the above three methods, there are three ways the request to PortalURL can be formed.

1. Request without reference to a specific PurchaseItem.

When Terminal accesses the *PortalURL* without any specific reference to any PurchaseItem, the Terminal SHALL issue an HTTP POST request to the *PortalURL*. The request SHALL follow the conventions defined in section 17.13 of [HTML4.01] for submitting HTML form data by the "post" method using the "application/x-www-form-urlencoded" encoding type. For example, if *PortalURL* is http://server.example.org/webshop". The HTTP POST request sent to the web portal would be "http://server.example.org/webshop", not containing any associated data block.

2. Request with reference to a specific PurchaseItem.

When the Terminal accesses the *PortalURL* with specific reference to a PurchaseItem or a set of PurchaseItems, the Terminal knows the relevant globalPurchaseItem IDs from the Service Guide.

3. Request with reference to a specific PurchaseItem and associated PurchaseData. In similar fashion than method 2, the terminal knows the identifier of the relevant PurchaseData fragments from the Service Guide.

Fro methods 2 and 3 defined above, the Terminal SHALL issue an HTTP POST request to the *PortalURL*. This request SHALL follow the conventions defined in section 17.13 of [HTML4.01] for submitting HTML form data by the "post" method using the "application/x-www-form-urlencoded" encoding type. The PurchaseItem(s) are identified using the globalPurchaseItem_ID(s). Each globalPurchaseItem_ID SHALL be signalled in a separate name-value pair, using "globalPurchaseItemID" as the name. The PurchaseData fragments are identified using their 'id' attribute, each PurchaseData fragment id SHALL be signalled in a separate name-value pair, using "purchaseDataID" as the name. For example, if *PortalURL* is "http://server.example.org and "jke132486@bsda.example.org", and there is also a related PurchaseData fragment id "bbu17135@bsda.example.org", the HTTP POST request sent to the web portral would be "http://server.example.org/webshop", containing a data block of the following structure:

```
"globalPurchaseItemID=aau17135@bsda.example.org&globalPurchaseItemID=fhh7982@bsda.example.org&globalPurchaseItemID=jke132486@bsda.example.org&purchaseDataID=bbu17135@bsda.example.org"
```

- NOTE 1: it is reminded that, according to [BCAST10-SG], the PurchaseData fragment points to one, and only one, PurchaseItem fragment. This allows mapping the purchaseDataID with the correct globalPurchaseItemID upon processing the request.
- NOTE 2: "globalPurchaseItemID" name is intentionally reused for each name-value pair. This reuse is conformant with [HTML4.01] and the web-based system is assumed to support it.

The Terminal MAY receive an HTTP response message that contains a list of PurchaseItems, each of which is associated with either price information or price information and purchase options. Price information for each listed PurchaseItem SHOULD be consistent with that in the relevant PurchaseData fragment announced in the Service Guide. However, user specific purchase options such as promotions could be included in the response. The implementation and display of user specific purchase options is out of scope for BCAST 1.0.

After a successful subscription or purchase event, the Terminal SHALL receive Trigger message. The Trigger message is used differently by the DRM and Smartcard profiles:

- a. For the DRM Profile, once the web-based subscription/purchase transaction is completed, the web-based system SHALL send a trigger in the last HTTP response it delivers to the Terminal. The trigger is contained in the Service Provisioning response as specified in 5.1.5.2.2 for DRM Profile.
- b. For the Smartcard Profile, the web-portal SHALL send the "SmartcardProfileTrigger" message with the 'triggerType' attribute set to "0", as specified in Section 5.1.8.1, in the last HTTP response it delivers to the Terminal. The PurchaseItem data included in the trigger should be added to the list of services IDs (concatenations of the globalPurchaseItemID and PurchaseDataReference as normal) in the registration request prompted by the trigger.

Afterwards (and assuming the subscription/purchase is successfully completed in the case of the Smartcard Profile) the LTKM acquisition continues as per the profile.

In case of the other operations such as LTKM renewal, Token Purchase, Account Inquiry, the Terminal SHOULD use either the general service provisioning procedures or Smartcard Profile Service Provisioning procedures, defined in Sections 5.1.5 and 5.1.6 respectively, according to the security profile. The Terminal MAY unsubscribe using the web portal or using the General Service Provisioning procedure defined in section 5.1.5. In the web-portal case, following an unsubscribe event

the web portal SHALL send the "SmartcardProfileTrigger" message with the 'triggerType' attribute set to "1", as specified in Section 5.1.8.1, in the last HTTP response it delivers to the Terminal. The PurchaseItem data included in the trigger should be removed from the list of services IDs (concatenations of the globalPurchaseItemID and PurchaseDataReference as normal) in future registration requests.

5.1.8.1 Smartcard Profile Trigger Message

The purpose of the trigger is to initiate the Registration or De-registration procedure defined in section 5.1.6.7 (this procedure ensures that the Terminal is correctly authenticated) and to deliver information to the Terminal about the new or expired purchase items.

Name	Type	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
SmartcardPr	Е			Smartcard Profile Trigger	
ofileTrigger				Contains the following attributes:	
				version	
				keyManagementType	
				permissionsIssuerURI	
				triggerType	
				Contains the following sub-elements:	
				PurchaseItem	
				BackOffTiming	
version	A	NM/	1	Version of this message.	unsignedByt
		TM		0x00 identifies BCAST 1.0	e
permissionsI	A	NM/TM	1	Identifies the URL to which the "Registration"	anyURI
ssuerURI				message is sent.	
triggerType	A	NM/TM	1	Indicates whether the Terminal should respond to	unsignedByt
				the trigger message by sending a "Registration"	e
				or "De-registration" message.	
				0 - indicates that the Terminal should send a	
				"Registration" message	
				1 - indicates that the Terminal should send a "De-	
				registration" message	
				2-255 reserved for future use	
PurchaseIte	E1	NM/TM	1N	References the set of PurchaseItems in the	
m				Service Guide to which the Terminal subscribed	
				or unsubscribed over web-based interface	
				Contains the following attributes:	
				globalIDRef	
				purchaseDataIDRef	
				Contains the following sub-elements:	
				ProtectionKeyID	
globalIDRef	A	NM/TM	1	Identifies the GlobalPurchaseItemID in the	anyURI
				Service Guide to which the requested service belongs. Used by the Terminal to create the	
	1			belongs. Used by the Terminal to create the	l .

				service ID used in the "Registration" or "Deregistration" message.	
purchaseDat aIDRef	A	NM/TM	1	Identifies the PurchaseDataID in the Service Guide to which the terminal subscribed. Used by the terminal to create the service ID used in the "Registration" or "De-registration" message.	anyURI
ProtectionKe yID	E2	NM/TM	0N	Optional list of key identifiers needed to access protected content. This information allows the Terminal to determine whether or not it has the correct key material to access services within a PurchaseItem. How this is used is out of scope and is left to implementation. ProtectionKeyID has attribute: - type	base64Binar y
type	A	NM/TM	1	Type of ProtectionKeyID: 0: ProtectionKeyID = Key Domain ID concatenated with SEK/PEK ID, where both values are as used in the Smartcard Profile [BCAST10-ServContProt] 1-127 Reserved for future use 128-255 Reserved for proprietary use	unsignedByt e
BackOffTim	E1	NM/TM	01	This optional element, specifies default timing behaviour for the "Registration" message sent by the Terminal. Its purpose is to provide a mechanisms that ensures distribution over time of "Registration" or "De-registration" message sent from receivers, e.g. in order to avoid overload in nodes or links. If present, the "Registration" or "De-registration" message SHALL be sent back in the time interval [OffsetTime, OffsetTime+RandomTime] after the event reception of this message. The exact time within the allowed time window shall be random with uniform probability. If this element is not present the terminal can send the "Registration" or "De-registration" message	
offsetTime	A	NM/TM	1	immediately following reception of this message. The OffsetTime specifies the minimum time that a device SHALL wait after reception of this message before sending the "Registration" or "De-registration" message. The unit is seconds.	decimal
randomTime	A	NM/TM	1	The RandomTime refers to the time window length over which a device SHALL calculate a random time for the transmission of the "Registration" or "De-registration" message. The method provides for statistically uniform distribution over a relevant period of time. The device SHALL calculate a uniformly distributed random time out of the interval between 0 and RandomTime. The unit is seconds.	decimal

Table 20: Structure of Smartcard Profile Trigger Message

5.2 Terminal Provisioning

The Terminal Provisioning function SHALL support OMA Device Management [OMA DM], as specified in this chapter. To allow firmware upgrades using DM over the interaction channel, the Terminal Provisioning function SHOULD support OMA FUMO 1.0 [OMA FUMO].

Terminal Provisioning function provides data structures to provision and manage the terminal through the interaction channel using OMA DM [OMA DM].

The interfaces related to Terminal Provisioning function, as outlined in BCAST Architecture [BCAST10-Architecture] are normatively specified as follows:

Over interface TP-7, both the network and the terminal SHALL support exchange of terminal provisioning and management messages as specified in [OMA DM]

5.2.1 Terminal Provisioning of BCAST Client

The Terminal Provisioning Client Component (TP-C) SHALL receive the parameters needed for OMA BCAST service (see [BCAST10-Services] Appendix F) by the Terminal Provisioning function which manage the terminal configuration parameters, e.g. data, parameters and applications with the help of OMA DM [OMA DM]. This information would be delivered through TP-7 as specified in OMA DM [OMA DM].

The Terminal Provisioning Client Component (TP-C) SHALL be able to:

- receive the parameters needed for BCAST service included in the terminal provisioning messages sent over TP-7.
- update the parameters needed for BCAST service included in the terminal provisioning messages sent over TP-7.
- perform firmware upgrades of the BCAST client using the interaction channel over TP-7.

Further, the existence and access description to Terminal Provisioning function MAY be declared through the Service Guide using the Service, Access and Content fragments of Service Guide or through the process as specified in OMA DM. Both of the following cases are specified in section 5.2.2:

o Declaration of the existence and access to the OMA DM based exchange over TP-7.

5.2.2 Declaring the existence of and access to Terminal Provisioning

There are two ways to declare the existence of and the access to Terminal Provisioning with Service Guide: Terminal Provisioning declared as a Service; and; Terminal Provisioning declared as a means for accessing of a Service. The terminal SHALL support both methods of declaring the Terminal Provisioning within the Service Guide. The following sections specify both of these ways.

The TP-C MAY also be bootstrapped with the Terminal Provisioning server information to access the Terminal Provisioning by TP-7.

5.2.2.1 Declaring Terminal Provisioning as a Service within Service Guide

When the Terminal Provisioning is declared as a service, the following applies:

- There SHALL be at least one Service fragment with the value of attribute "ServiceType" equals "9 Terminal Provisioning service".
- There SHALL be at least one Access fragment that specifies the access to the above-mentioned Service:
 - In case Terminal Provisioning over TP-7 is declared, the AccessType SHALL contain
 "UnicastServiceDelivery" element, which defines the access to the respective provisioning server.
- There MAY be one or more Content fragments that specify the Terminal Provisioning messages as files, as defined in section 5.2.1.

5.2.2.2 Declaring Terminal Provisioning as an Access of a Service within Service Guide

When the Terminal Provisioning is declared as an access of a service, the following applies:

- There SHALL be at least one Service fragment that defines a service of arbitrary type.
- There SHALL be at least one Access fragment associated with the above-mentioned Service. The Access fragment SHALL have "ServiceClass" element present with value "urn:oma:bcast:oma_bsc:tp:1.0". Further:
 - o In case Terminal Provisioning over TP-7 is declared, the AccessType SHALL contain "UnicastServiceDelivery" element, which defines the access to the respective OMA DM server.

5.2.2.3 Declaring Terminal Provisioning through Bootstrap

5.2.2.3.1 Initiation of Terminal Provisioning by DM server

Terminal Provisioning through bootstrap (e.g. server information or account for such as the Session Description, Authentication, and/or Connectivity) MAY be supported as specified in [OMA DM]. Bootstrap information comprising DM server's Connectivity information, would be delivered to the terminal. Then, the DM server would deliver to the terminal information for the Terminal Provisioning server such as Session Description, Authentication Information (certificate, OCSP Response) for secure delivery and/or Connectivity as specified in [OMA DM].

5.2.2.3.2 Initiation of Terminal Provisioning by Smartcard

Terminals with cellular interface and (U)SIM/R-UIM/CSIM that support BCAST and OMA DM [OMA DM] SHALL support bootstrap from the smartcard as specified in [DMBOOT]. In these terminals DM TND Serialization [DMTNDS] SHALL also be supported otherwise

The following table shows the DM Client Requirements. The table is based on section 8 of [ERELDSC].

Feature / Application	Status	References
DM Client	MANDATORY	[DMPRO]
		[DMREPU]
		[DMSEC]
		[DMTND]
		[DMSTDOBJ]
		[DMDDFDTD]
DM Client Bootstrap	MANDATORY if Terminal with cellular	[DMBOOT]
	radio interface and (U)SIM/(R-)UIM/CSIM	
DM TND Serialization	MANDATORY if Terminal with cellular radio interface and (U)SIM/(R-)UIM/CSIM	[DMTNDS]

Table 21: OMA BCAST Device Management Client Requirements

5.2.3 Carrying OMA DM messages through Interaction Channel

Over interface TP-7, DM provisioning messages SHALL be delivered using DM mechanism. The details follow the OMA DM procedure.

5.3 Interaction

The BCAST enabler specifies different types of interactions between the end user and their terminal, and the service provider.

These are the following:

1. Interactive retrieval of the Service Guide (SG). The terminal requests, and receives, the service guide or changed parts of the service guide for a service. This type of interaction is described in the [BCAST10-SG], section 5.4.3.

- 2. Interactive retrieval of additional information related to Service Guide fragments, for example in form of a webpage presenting additional information. This is enabled using the ExtensionURL which can optionally be included into some SG fragments for retrieving further information about the fragment by accessing the URL. For details see in the [BCAST10-SG].
- 3. Service interaction, i.e. interaction as part of the service (in contrast to the previous two types of interaction, which are used to receive information <u>about</u> a service). Examples for such interactions within a service are voting about the service or actor, or the offer to the user to order a ring-tone matching the music that is just played in a show. This is enabled using interactivity information in the SG as an entry point and interactivity media that are distributed in a channel associated with the service itself. This is described in more detail in this document in section 5.3.6.
- 4. Interactive delivery of BCAST services, i.e. delivery over the interaction channel. This is enabled using the UnicastServiceDelivery in the SG.

In general, the availability of the interaction channel is assumed. However, the interaction channel may be temporarily unavailable, for example due to lack of radio coverage. Further, devices without access to an interaction channel are possible; however, such devices may have limited functionality.

5.3.1 Protocols and media codecs for Service Interaction Function

This section describes the protocols which are provided by the Service Interaction Function of the BCAST enabler at the interface between BSI-G and BSI-C through SI-8 and the media codecs the BCAST application supports.

With respect to the protocols, please note that this section only specifies the protocols to be used for the Service Interaction Function. The use of the interaction channel by other functions (e.g. Service Guide Function) is defined in the respective other parts of the BCAST specifications and is not part of this section.

The available interaction protocols for a service are signalled in the Service Guide according to section 5.1.2.4 in the BCAST Service Guide specification. If a terminal does not support any of the interaction protocols specified here, it SHALL not offer the interactive parts of the service to the user.

A service making use of the interaction function MAY use any of the following protocols.

Regarding support of the protocols in the terminal for use by the Service Interaction Function, the following rules apply:

- The terminal SHALL support the following protocols: IP, TCP, HTTP.
- The terminal MAY support the following protocols: SMS, IPSEC, UDP, MMS, WAP, HTTPS based on SSL 3.0 [SSL30] and TLS 1.0 [RFC 2246], SIP/IMS.
- If a terminal supports SMS, it SHALL support SMS as an interaction protocol for BCAST services.
- If a terminal supports MMS, it SHALL support MMS as an interaction protocol for BCAST services.
- Furthermore, the terminal MAY offer the user an option to initiate a voice call from the service application of an interactive broadcast service. In this case, the terminal SHALL prompt the user before actually making the call.

5.3.2 Interactive retrieval of Service Guide

If the Terminal has a capability for interaction, it SHALL support interactive retrieval of Service Guide fragments as specified in [BCAST10-SG].

5.3.3 Interactive retrieval of Service related information

Within the Service Guide itself, the network MAY include an "ExtensionURL" element with any fragment. The semantics of this element is to provide a pointer to a web resource providing further information related to the fragment (For example, a www page related to the certain content can be reached by following an extension URL in Content fragment). If the Terminal has a capability for interaction, it SHALL support this element and SHALL be capable of accessing such additional information by using HTTP.

5.3.4 Interactive service ordering

After receiving Service Guide, Terminal can subscribe or purchase PurchaseItem via Interaction Network. Interactive service ordering includes service request for subscription or purchase, Subscription LTK Renewal request, Token purchase request and also unsubscription request specified in the section 5.1.6 of this specification.

5.3.5 Interaction for service and content protection

Service and Content Protection have four layers. Those four layers are the registration layer, the LTKM delivery layer, the STKM delivery layer and the traffic encryption layer. Terminal executes registration procedure with BSM to acquire Registration Data. After that Terminal acquires SEK and/or PEK from LTKM delivered from BSM or BSD/A. Terminal can perform traffic decryption using TEK after receiving STKM from BSD/A.

5.3.6 Service related interaction and feedback

The mechanism described in this section allows the user to interact with the service, for example for voting applications. The main entry point for interactivity services is the InteractivityData fragment in the SG (see section 5.1.2.10). This InteractivityData fragment points to one or more interactivity media documents, which contain the actual interactivity media objects.

5.3.6.1 Interactivity Media Document

An instance of 'InteractivityMediaDocument' represents details of an interactive component of a service. This component is thought as interactive means for a user to consume the service. The interactive component can consist of multiple instances of 'InteractivityMediaDocument' and can be associated to both services and individual pieces of services through the 'InteractivityData' fragment of the Service Guide. In practice, the contents of an 'InteractivityMediaDocument' triggers the Terminals to render the details of the interaction(s) "interactivity media objects" message onto the GUI which in turn is thought to prompt the user of the terminal to react on it..

5.3.6.1.1 Media Object Group and Media Object Set

Each instance of 'InteractivityMediaDocument' can consist of multiple media object groups, and each media group can consist of one or more media object sets. A media object set is a bundle of related media objects to be rendered as a unit (e.g. XHTML pages + external stylesheet + pictures) and clearly identified as pertaining to a specific interactivity technology (SMS, MMS template, XHTML...). From each media object group only one media object set is rendered at the same time by the terminal. This is indicated by the media object set with the highest relative priority, expressed by the element 'RelativePreference', and that is besides supported by the terminal. If a media object set is not supported by the terminal it is discarded. If none of the media object sets are supported by the terminal the terminal SHALL display the alternative text.

The media objects of a media object set are packed into one file bundle transported separately from the instances of 'InteractivityMediaDocument' (except for email and SMS). The element 'MediaObjectGroup' of InteractivityMediaDocument only describes each media set the involved interactivity technology, the type of included media objects, and the file delivery information needed to retrieve the set of media objects. This decoupled structure allows the terminal to discard the unsupported media object sets at the very beginning of file bundle reception, and more importantly to avoid storing them. Content promotion can be enabled by one media object group in the InteractivityMediaDocument . By referring to this same media object group through the attributeOnActionPointer of the element 'ActionDescriptor' the terminal will always return to the same media object set when the end-user triggered the terminal to send out a message over the interaction channel. Referring to information on an external web-site can be enabled by declaring one media object group with an XHTML MP media object set in the InteractivityMediaDocument . By omitting the attribute OnActionPointer of the element 'ActionDescriptor', the XHTML hyperlinks can refer the user to external web-sites. Further, SMS-URIs according to [URI-Schemes] can also be embedded in XHTML. If the Terminal supports XHTML, it SHALL support SMS URIs [URI-Schemes].

Time-dependent behaviour of the interaction can be enabled by defining 3 media object groups in the InteractivityMediaDocument . The first media group defines the media to start with, e.g. a list of possible answers of a voting. When the user answers in time (as defined by the attribute InputAllowedTime of the element 'ActionDescriptor'), the user is presented the media object set from the second media group (as defined by the OnActionPointer). If the user waits too long or does not provide any input the media object set from the third media group is presented (as defined by the attribute

OnTimeOutPointer of the element 'ActionDescriptor'). Setting the Update Flag in turn in an instance of 'InteractivityMediaDocument' having group position zero to "true" enables the rendering of the media object set for the next question. When the amount of time represented by the attribute InputAllowedtime is passed the terminal will start listening to the file delivery channel for an instance of InteractivityMediaDocument with a higher value of GroupPosition.

Interactivity Media Document can specify that interaction sent back from device to service provider shall be distributed over time, e.g. to avoid overload in network nodes or links caused by too many simultaneous interactivity messages sent back. The explicit signaling of the required parameters in Interactivity Media Document prevails, for that interaction, over default values possibly signaled in the corresponding 'Interactivity Data' fragment.

Instances of 'InteractivityMediaDocument' and the files declared in the element 'MediaObjectSet' are delivered using BCAST File Distribution Function. The system MAY deliver instances of 'InteractivityMediaDocuments' and associated files over broadcast file distribution or serve those over interactive channel. Terminals supporting the interactive channel SHALL support reception of the instances of 'InteractivityMediaDocuments' and the associated files over broadcast file distribution.

5.3.6.1.2 Format of Interactivity Media Document

The following table defines the message format of Interactivity Media Documents. . The XML schema for this message format is defined in [BCAST10-XMLSchema-InteractivityMedia].

Name	Type	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
Interactivity MediaDocum ent	Е	NO/TM		The InteractivityMediaDocument defines the actual InteractivityMedia objects Contains the following attributes: groupID groupPosition id version validFrom validTo	
				Contains the following sub-elements: MediaObjectGroup PrivateExt	
groupID	A	NM/TM	1	ID of the group of Interactivity Media document, globally unique	anyURI
groupPositio n	A	NM/TM	1	Relative position of this document in the group. The greater value has higher priority to handle (i.e 2 has higher priority than 1).	unsignedSho rt
id	A	NM/TM	1	ID of the InteractivityMediaDocument , globally unique.	anyURI
version	A	NM/TM	1	Version of this InteractivityMediaDocument. The newer version overrides the older one with the same id as soon as it has been received.	unsignedInt
validFrom	A	NM/TM	01	The first moment when the media object sets in this document is valid to be rendered. If not given, the media object sets SHALL be rendered as soon as they are available. This field expressed as the first 32bits integer part of NTP time stamps.	unsignedInt
validTo	A	NM/TM	01	The last moment when the media object set is valid to be rendered. If not given the rendering is assumed to end in undefined time in the future. This field expressed as the first 32bits integer part of NTP time stamps.	unsignedInt

				7771 d	1
				Whenever there is an InteractivityMediaDocument available with the same GroupID but with a higher GroupPosition and the 'validFrom' time of that InteractivityMediaDocument arrives, the terminal SHALL stop rendering the current document and render the new InteractivityMediaDocument.	
MediaObject Group	E1	NM/TM	1N	Grouping of the media object sets, which serve the same purpose during interactivity, e.g. as a starting media object set, as a media object set to be shown after action was taken or to be shown after time-out was reached. Has the following attributes: id startMediaFlag Has the following sub-elements: ActionDescriptor BackOffTiming MediaObjectSet SMSTemplate EmailTemplate VoiceCall Weblink	
				Alternative text	
id	A	NM/TM	1	The ID of the media group	anyURI
startMediaFl ag	A	NM/TM	1	The flag indicates, whether the media object sets in this MediaObject-Group should be started with. There SHALL only be one MediaObjectGroup with this flag set to "true" in an InteractivityMediaDocument	boolean
Action Descriptor	E2	NM/TM	01	The action descriptor describes the behaviour of the terminal when the media objects enable enduser input. Has the following attributes inputAllowedTime onTimeOutPointer updateFlag onActionPointer	
inputAllowed Time	A	NM/TM	01	The last moment the terminal allows the end-user to provide end-user input for the active media object set in this media object group. This field is expressed as the first 32bits integer part of NTP time stamps.	unsignedInt
onTimeOutP ointer	A	NM/TM	01	This pointer refers to the ID of a media object group in this InteractivityMediaDocument. When the InputAllowedTime is passed the terminal SHALL present the appropriate media object set of the MediaObjectGroup indicated by the OnActionPointer. The terminal SHALL NOT present this media object set if the terminal has already presented the media object set indicated by the OnActionPointer.	anyURI

	1 .	T	T		
updateFlag	A	NM/TM	01	Whenever this flag is "true" the terminal shall listen to and fetch the following interactivity media document and the associated media objects from the file delivery stream when the Inputallowedtime is passed. The following interactivity media document is identified by the document with the same group ID and a higher GroupPosition number.	boolean
onActionPoin ter	A	NM/TM	01	This pointer refers to the ID of a media object group in this interactivity media document. When the end-user undertakes action before the InputAllowedTime, which triggers the terminal to send out a message over the interaction channel (e.g. MMS, SMS or HTTP request), the terminal SHALL present the appropriate media object set of the media object group indicated by this pointer.	anyURI
				If this pointer refers to the same ID as the current media object group, the terminal SHALL return to the same media object set after completing the action. In this case InputallowedTime and OnTimeOutPointer SHALL NOT be declared.	
BackOffTimi ng	E2	NM/TM	01	This element specifies timing behaviour of interaction sent back from the device to the service provider. Its purpose is to provide a mechanisms that ensures distribution over time of feedback sent from receivers, e.g. in order to avoid overload in nodes or links. If present, the interaction, if any, SHALL be sent back in the time interval [OffsetTime, OffsetTime+RandomTime] after the event that triggered the interactivity (e.g. user feedback). The exact time within the allowed time window	
				shall be random with uniform probability. Explicit timing behaviour expressed in Interactivity Media Document prevails over possible default timing behaviour expressed in InteractivityData.	
offsetTime	A	NM/TM	1	The OffsetTime specifies the minimum time that a device SHALL wait after an event that triggers interaction (e.g. user input), before sending the interaction. The unit is seconds (fractions can be expressed using data type Decimal). OffsetTime shall be a non-negative number.	decimal
randomTime	A	NM/TM	1	The RandomTime refers to the time window length over which a device SHALL calculate a random time for the transmission of interaction. The method provides for statistically uniform distribution over a relevant period of time. The device SHALL calculate a uniformly distributed random time out of the interval between 0 and RandomTime. The unit is seconds (fractions can be expressed using data type Decimal). RandomTime shall be a non-negative	decimal

				number.	
MediaObject Set	E2	NM/TM	0N	number. A media object set is defines the media objects attached to one interactivity technology proposed in the MediaObjectGroup. These media objects are related to each other, and form an interactivity unit to be rendered upon MediaObjectGroup activation (provided this interactivity technology is the one selected for rendering). The set of media objects is not stored in the MediaObjectGroup itself (i.e. in the InteractivityMediaDocument) but as another external file, where this external file is: either one uncompressed media file (like a .3GP video, a .JPEG picture). or one GZIP archive file containing one or several compressed media objects (a .GZ file e.g. containing a compressed SMIL + 3GP video + text) The GZIP archive format is the one defined in [RFC 1951] and [RFC 1952]. In case the archive contains multiple media objects, it consists of the plain concatenation of each compressed media object (i.e. each GZIP member), as specified in section 2.2 of [RFC 1952]. The optional FNAME field SHOULD be set by the sender in each GZIP member header, with an FNAME value in accordance with the 'Object' Content-Location one (see below Content-Location description). The 'MediaObjectSet' element contains the following attributes: relativePreference	
relativePrefe rence	A	NM/TM	01	This attribute gives the relative preference of this media object set. The greater value has higher priority to handle (i.e 2 has higher priority than 1).	unsignedInt (32 bits)

				If multiple media object sets elements are instantiated in this 'MediaObjectGroup' then all the media object sets SHALL have mutually exclusive values of 'relativePreference'. If multiple media object sets are instantiated in this 'MediaObjectGroup' then all of these elements SHALL have the 'relativePreference' attribute instantiated. If only a single media object	
				set is instantiated in 'MediaObjectGroup' then the 'relativePreference' attribute MAY be instantiated for that element.	
Content- Type	A	NM/TM	1	Gives the media type of the 'MediaObjectSet''s external file: If this media type is 'application/x-gzip', the external file is a GZIP archive file containing one or several media objects.	string
				Otherwise (in this version of the specification) the external file is one uncompressed media file (e.g. 'video/3gpp' for a 3GP video file containing a SMIL presentation).	
				In case the external file is transported by FLUTE, this attribute MUST match the 'File' Content-Type value provided in the FDT instance(s) describing this file.	
Content- Location	A	NM/TM	1	Uniquely identifies the 'MediaObjectSet''s external file within the file delivery session. In case this external file is transported by FLUTE, this attribute MUST match the 'File' Content-Location value provided by the FDT instance(s) describing this file. Using this attribute, multiple 'MediaObjectSet' instances belonging to the same or different 'MediaObjectGroup' instances of the same or	anyURI
				different instance of 'InteractivityMediaDocument' MAY point to the same external file.	
Description	E3	NM/TM	01	Description of the Media Object Set, expressed in the same language as the parent 'MediaObjectSet' element. This is used to provide the end-user extra information regarding the Media Object Set content.	string
Object	E3	NM/TM	0N	Describe each media object contained in the media object set. Depending on 'MediaObjectSet''s external file nature: if a single uncompressed file, this element is not needed unless it can provide supplemental information not given by parent 'MediaObjectSet' (such as 'PartType', etc.). if a GZIP archive, the sequence order of 'Object's in 'MediaObjectSet' MUST be the same as the sequence of members in the GZIP archive (side-by-side relationship between 'Object' sequence	

				and GZIP members).	
				and GZIF members).	
				Contains the following attributes:	
				Content-Location	
				Content-Type	
				start	
				Contains the following elements:	
				PartType	
Content-	A	NM/TM	01	If 'MediaObjectSet''s external file is an	anyURI
Location	11	1111/1/1111	01	uncompressed file: useless.	anyora
				If 'MediaObjectSet''s external file is a GZIP	
				archive:	
				The external file can be found by decompressing	
				the n-th member of the GZIP archive, given n is	
				the position of the 'Object' in the	
				'MediaObjectSet'.	
				The Content-Location value SHALL be a Relative-Path Reference as defined in [RFC 3986]	
				and SHALL represent the sub-folder(s) + the	
				filename of the deflated GZIP member to be used	
				on storage.	
				This relative storage content location is intended	
				to be directly pointed by common markup	
				language references (typically via src="" and href"").	
				If present, the FNAME field of the GZIP member	
				MAY be verified against the filename part of	
				Content-Location, ignoring case differences. In	
				case these two values differ, the terminal MAY	
				choose to discard the Media Object Set.	
				When storing the deflated media object, the	
				terminal MUST create any indicated sub-folder(s) specified in the Content-Location, and store the	
				media object in the leaf sub-folder, using the file	
				name indicated in the Content-Location. The	
				terminal SHOULD preserve the letter case	
				specified in the Content-Location value when	
				deflating the subfolders and the media file locally.	
				The dot-segment "." MUST be supported. Content-Location value SHALL be unique within	
				the sequence of 'Object' elements belonging to	
				the same 'MediaObjectSet' in the following	
				respect: A folder (including root folder) SHALL	
				NOT contain two different subfolders or files for	
				which the names only differ by the letter case.	
				For security reasons, the terminal SHOULD	
				discard the Media Object Set in case a naming conflict is detected.	
				For security reasons, the terminal SHOULD	
				discard the Media Object Set if one or several	
				dot-segments "" are present in the Content-	
				Location.	
Content-	A	NM/TM	1	If 'MediaObjectSet''s external file is an	string

Type		T	T	uncompressed file: useless (information already	
Турс				given in 'MediaObjectSet').	
				If 'MediaObjectSet''s external file is a GZIP archive:	
				Gives the media type of the GZIP archive member mapped to the 'Object'.	
start	A	NM/TM	01	If 'MediaObjectSet''s external file is an uncompressed file, or else a GZIP archive containing one media object: useless (implictly "true"). If 'MediaObjectSet''s external file is a GZIP archive containing multiple media objects: This attribute must be set to "true" for exactly one 'Object' and one only in the 'Object' sequence, the "start media object" on which the interactivity client must be launched. Default value, and applicable value for the other 'Object' elements: false	boolean
PartType	E4	NM/TM	0N	Indicates the media types that should be supported also in order to correctly render an 'Object' consisting of several sub-media objects. E.g. a 3GP "Extended-presentation profile" would be one 'Object' with one "application/smil" 'PartType' advertising the presence of a SMIL presentation in the file.	string
File	E3	NO/TM	01	Present in case ALC without FLUTE is used for the delivery of 'MediaObjectSet''s external file. Structure identical to the 'File' child element of 'FileDescription' in the Access fragment. [BCAST10-SG].	
Content- Location	A	NM/ TM	1	See RFC 3926, section 3.4.2	anyURI
TOI	A	NM/ TM	1	See RFC 3926, section 3.4.2	positiveInteg er
Content- Length	A	NO/ TM	01	See RFC 3926, section 3.4.2	unsignedLon g
Transfer- Length	A	NO/ TM	01	See RFC 3926, section 3.4.2	unsignedLon g
Content- Type	A	NO/ TM	01	See RFC 3926, section 3.4.2	string
Content- Encoding	A	NO/ TM	01	See RFC 3926, section 3.4.2	string
Content- MD5	A	NO/ TM	01	See RFC 3926, section 3.4.2	base64Binar y
FEC-OTI- FEC- Encoding-ID	A	NO/TM	01	See RFC 3926, section 3.4.2	unsignedByt e
FEC-OTI- FEC- Instance-ID	A	NO/ TM	01	See RFC 3926, section 3.4.2	unsignedLon g
FEC-OTI- Maximum- Source- Block-Length	A	NO/ TM	01	See RFC 3926, section 3.4.2	unsignedLon g

FEC-OTI- Encoding- Symbol- Length	A	NO/ TM	01	See RFC 3926, section 3.4.2	unsignedLon g
FEC-OTI- Max- Number-of- Encoding- Symbols	A	NO/ TM	01	See RFC 3926, section 3.4.2	unsignedLon g
FEC-OTI- Scheme- Specific-Info	A	NO/TM	01	This attribute MAY be used to communicate FEC information which is not adequately represented by the other attributes related to FEC.	base64Binar y
SMSTemplat e	E2	NM/TM	01	Contains the following attributes: relativePreference Contains the following elements: Description SelectChoice Note: the SMSTemplate is a media object set, although not encoded using the 'MediaObjectSet' generic structure. Note: The SMS Template provides information about the option(s) in an interaction, but does not contain rendering information. If rendering is to be specified by the service provided, the interaction can alternatively be described in an	
relativePrefe rence	A	NM/TM	01	XHTML document with in-lined SMS URIs. This attribute gives the relative preference of this media object set. The greater value has higher priority to handle (i.e 2 has higher priority than 1). If multiple media object sets are instantiated in this 'MediaObjectGroup' then all the media object sets SHALL have mutually exclusive values of 'relativePreference'. If multiple media object sets are instantiated in this 'MediaObjectGroup' then all of these elements SHALL have the 'relativePreference' attribute instantiated. If only a single media object set is instantiated in 'MediaObjectGroup' then the 'relativePreference' attribute MAY be instantiated for that element.	unsignedInt
Description	E3	NM/TM	0N	Text describing the interaction to the end user, possibly in multiple languages. The language is expressed using the built-in XML attribute xml:lang with this element. This text can e.g. describe the overall scope of the interaction, valid for all interaction options described below. It might e.g. also contain information about the prize of the SMS interaction. For an interaction with only one choice (e.g. an offer to purchase merchandise like a ringtone), the 'Description' element SHOULD be used to	string

				provide information regarding the interaction and the 'ChoiceText' element MAY be discarded by the terminal.	
text	A	NO/TM	01	This attribute can contain a string that can be inserted into SMS messages specified by SMS-URI attributes below. Note: this attribute enables message size savings for the case where the same text appears in the SMS bodies of several choices, i.e. if multiple SelectChoice elements are present	string
SelectChoice	E3	NM/TM	1N	Contains the following attributes: smsURI Contains the following elements: ChoiceText Note: For an interaction with multiple choices (like a voting between several options), the SelectChoice elements describe the different options to the user, and declare the SMS interaction to be executed when the user selects this option. For an interaction with one choice (e.g. an offer to purchase merchandise like a ringtone), there is only one SelectChoice element. Rendering of the choice(s) to the user is out of scope of this specification.	
smsURI	A	NM/TM		SMS receiver address and payload encoded as "sms:" URI scheme. Value of this attribute SHALL comply with "sms:" URI scheme [URI-Schemes], with the following exceptions: If the sms-body [URI-Schemes] of the sms URI scheme contains the string "\$userid\$", it shall be replaced by the user ID. If the sms-body [URI-Schemes] of the sms URI scheme contains the string "\$deviceid\$", it shall be replaced by the device ID. If the sms-body [URI-Schemes] of the sms URI scheme contains the string "\$userinput\$", it should be replaced by a string that the user can enter. This may be an empty string. If \$userinput\$ is present in the SMS-URI, the terminal SHALL open the SMS template in SMS editor (or similar) to allow user input before sending the SMS. If, however, the \$userinput\$ string is not present in the sms-body, the terminal SHALL not provide the SMS for the end user to modify. The terminal SHOULD prompt the end user before sending the SMS out. If the sms-body [URI-Schemes] of the sms URI scheme contains the string "\$text\$", it SHALL be replaced by the string signalled in the attribute "Text" (if this attribute is present).	anyURI
ChoiceText	E4	NM/TM	0N	Description of the interaction option, possibly in multiple languages. This is used to provide the end-user information on this interaction choice	string

				The language is expressed using the built-in XML attribute xml:lang with this element.	
				For an interaction with one choice (e.g. an offer to	
				purchase merchandise like a ringtone), the 'Description' element SHOULD be used to provide information regarding the interaction and the 'ChoiceText' element MAY be discarded by the terminal and the ChoiceText element MAY be omitted.	
				For interactivity with multiple choices, the 'ChoiceText' element SHALL be instantiated for each 'SelectChoice'.	
EmailTempla	E2	NO/TM	01	Contains attributes:	
te				relativePreference	
				toHeader	
				ccHeader	
				bccHeader	
				subjectHeader	
				Contains the following elements:	
				Description	
				MessageBody	
				Note: the EmailTemplate is a media object set,	
				although not encoded using the 'MediaObjectSet'	
				generic structure.	
relativePrefe rence	A	NO/TM	01	This attribute gives the relative preference of this media object set. The greater value has higher priority to handle (i.e 2 has higher priority than 1). If multiple media object sets are instantiated in this 'MediaObjectGroup ' then all the media object sets SHALL have mutually exclusive values of 'relativePreference'.	unsignedInt
				If multiple media object sets are instantiated in this 'MediaObjectGroup' then all of these elements SHALL have the 'relativePreference' attribute instantiated. If only a single media object set is instantiated in 'MediaObjectGroup' then the 'relativePreference' attribute MAY be instantiated for that element.	
toHeader	A	NM/TM	1	The e-mail recipient(s) as defined in [RFC 2822]	string
ccHeader	A	NO/TM	01	The e-mail cc-recipient(s) as defined in [RFC 2822]	string
bccHeader	A	NO/TM	01	The e-mail bcc-recipient(s) as defined in [RFC 2822]	string
subjectHeade r	A	NO/TM	01	The e-mail subject header as defined in [RFC 2822]	string
Description	E3	NO/TM	0N	Description of the Email Template, possibly in multiple languages. This is used to provide the end-user extra information regarding the Email message. The language is expressed using the built-in XML attribute xml:lang with this element.	string

		1			1
MessageBody	E3	NO/TM	01	The e-mail message body (text format defined in [RFC 2822]	base64Binar y
				The value of this element SHALL be base64-encoded.	
				Note: At least one of Subjectheader and	
				MessageBody in an EmailTemplate SHOULD be	
				present	
VoiceCall	E2	NO/TM	01	Contains the following attributes:	
				relativePreference	
				Contains the following elements:	
				Description	
				PhoneNumber	
				Note: the VoiceCallInteraction is a media object	
				set, although not encoded using the	
				'MediaObjectSet' generic structure.	
				It allows for voice call based interaction, by	
				giving a description to the user and one or more telephone numbers that the user can call.	
relativePrefe	A	NO/TM	01	This attribute gives the relative preference of this	unsignedInt
rence	11	110/1111	01	media object set. The greater value has higher	unsigneum
				priority to handle (i.e 2 has higher priority than	
				1).	
				If multiple media object sets are instantiated in	
				this 'MediaObjectGroup ' then all the media object	
				sets SHALL have mutually exclusive values of	
				'relativePreference'.	
				If multiple media object sets are instantiated in	
				this 'MediaObjectGroup ' then all of these	
				elements SHALL have the 'relativePreference'	
				attribute instantiated. If only a single media object	
				set is instantiated in 'MediaObjectGroup' then the	
				'relativePreference' attribute MAY be instantiated	
Description	E3	NM/TM	0N	for that element. Text describing the interaction to the end user,	string
Description	ES	INIVI/ I IVI	01	possibly in multiple languages. The language is	string
				expressed using the built-in XML attribute	
				xml:lang with this element.	
				This text can e.g. describe the overall scope of the	
				interaction, valid for all interaction options	
				described below. It might e.g. also contain	
				information about the prize of the voice call interaction.	
PhoneNumbe	E3	NM/TM	1N	Phone number to which the terminal initiates a	anyURI
r		1 4141/ 1141	11	voice call when the interactivity related to this	unyora
				InteractivityMediaDocument is triggered. The	
				terminal SHALL prompt the user before actually	
				making the call. If several phone numbers are	
				present, the user SHALL be able to select the one	
				to be used.	
				A terminal with voice call capabilities MUST support telephone URI [RFC 3966]. Further, a	
				terminal with SIP capabilities MUST support SIP	
	I	I	I	communication capacinities wieder support off	

				URI [RFC 3261].	
Weblink	E2	NM/TM	01	This provides a reference to an external website. Contains attributes: - relativePreference - webURL Contains the following elements: - Description Note: the Weblink is a media object set, although not encoded using the 'MediaObjectSet' generic	
relativePrefe rence	A	NM/TM	01	this attribute gives the relative preference of this media object set. The greater value has higher priority to handle (i.e 2 has higher priority than 1). If multiple media object sets are instantiated in this 'MediaObjectGroup' then all the media object sets SHALL have mutually exclusive values of 'relativePreference'. If multiple media object sets are instantiated in this 'MediaObjectGroup' then all of these elements SHALL have the 'relativePreference' attribute instantiated. If only a single media object	unsignedInt
				set is instantiated in 'MediaObjectGroup' then the 'relativePreference' attribute MAY be instantiated for that element.	
webURL Description	E3	NM/TM NM/TM	1 0N	URL to an external website. Description of the Weblink, possibly in multiple languages. This is used to provide the end-user extra information regarding the Weblink. The language is expressed using the built-in XML attribute xml:lang with this element.	anyURI string
AlternativeT ext	E2	NM/TM	0N	Alternative Text to be displayed if none of the other media object sets is supported by the terminal Possibly in multiple languages. The language is expressed using the built-in XML attribute xml:lang with this element.	string
PrivateExt	E1	NO/TO	01	An element serving as a container for proprietary or application-specific extensions.	
<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre>elements></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	E2	NO/TO	0N	Any number of proprietary or application-specific elements that are not defined in this specification. These elements may further contain sub-elements or attributes.	

Table 22: Data structure of InteractivityMediaDocument

5.3.6.1.3 On the rendering

The terminal SHALL render the information contained in the instances of 'InteractivityMediaDocument' when these are completely and successfully retrieved from the file delivery stream and when the interactivity is scheduled to take place, i.e. one or more InteractivityMediaDocuments are valid and are associated with the service or content that is being rendered at that moment. When instances of 'InteractivityMediaDocuments' with the same GroupID are valid at the same time, the terminal SHALL render those media objects in the document with the highest GroupPosition.

Upon parsing, or activation of, a received 'InteractivityMediaDocument' instance, the BCAST application SHALL identify the supported 'MediaObjectSet' instances according to:

- the interactivity technology(ies) supported, see section 5.3.6.1.4 below

AND

- supported language options for rendering the described interactivity, see section 5.3.6.1.6 below

and discard those instances that are not supported according to the two criteria above.

After having done this filtering step, the terminal obtains a list of languages supported for the interactive technologies it supports. From this list of languages, the terminal request the user to select one language, or perform this step automatically

Note: it is the responsibility of the network to ensure an instance of 'InteractivityMediaDocument' describes the interactivity in a given language for the given interactivity technology.

Furthermore the following applies:

- If multiple media object sets are instantiated in a 'MediaObjectGroup' the BCAST application SHALL render the media object set with the highest value of the 'relativePreference' attribute among the media object sets it supports.
- If only a single media object sets is instantiated in a 'MediaObjectGroup' the BCAST application SHALL render that media object if that media object set is supported.
- In the two previous cases, the BCAST application SHALL only select media object sets that correspond to the selected language or, alternatively, that apply to any language.
- If multiple 'MediaObjectGroups' are defined in the selected instance of 'InteractivityMediaDocument' the BCAST application SHALL go through all of them and render all the media object sets that are supported according to the three previous rules.
- The terminal SHALL support keeping track and rendering of several 'InteractivityMediaDocument' instances belonging to multiple groups (i.e. with different values of 'groupID') at the same time.

The InteractivityMediaDocument defines the actual details, which enable e.g. voting or ringtone ordering. The terminal SHALL be able to acquire and render the media objects attached to the 'InteractivityMediaDocument' without interrupting the acquisition and rendering of the 'regular' broadcast media stream.

5.3.6.1.4 MediaObjectSet parsing for interactivity technology selection

Information provided in the <MediaObjectSet> element is sufficient to determine whether the media object set is supported or not by the terminal. There is no need to open and parse the external file bundle. The terminal MAY take guidance of the following rules to determine this support:

- if <MediaObjectSet>'s external file is a single uncompressed file, the media object set SHOULD be seen as "supported" if:
 - $\verb|o| the "Content-Type" attribute value of the <\!MediaObjectSet\!\!>\! is supported, and \\$
 - o if present, the 'PartType' s values of the 'Object' are all supported.

- if <MediaObjectSet>'s external file is an archive file, the media object set SHOULD be seen as "supported" if:
 - o the "Content-Type" attribute value of each < Object> is supported, and
 - o if present, the <PartType>s values in each <Object> are all supported.

5.3.6.1.5 InteractivityMediaDocument generation and parsing for language selection

The following table provides the list of elements that the terminal can use for language selection when parsing an instance of the <InteractivityMediaDocument>:

Element name	Language selection	Parent element
Description	Through the <xml:lang> attribute of this element</xml:lang>	<smstemplate>, <emailtemplate>, <voicecall>, and <weblink> elements</weblink></voicecall></emailtemplate></smstemplate>
ChoiceText	Through the <xml:lang> attribute of this element</xml:lang>	<selectchoice> element of the <smstemplate> element.</smstemplate></selectchoice>
MediaObjectSet	Through the <xml:lang> attribute of this element</xml:lang>	<mediaobjectgroup> element.</mediaobjectgroup>

Table 23: elements of <InteractivityMediaDocument> used for language selection

In order for the terminal to provide a single language choice to the user (or perform an automatic selection), the language(s) available for a given interactivity have to be declared in a consistent manner across all the <MediaObjectGroup> instances in an <InteractivityMediaDocument> instance that describes such interactivity. In order to enable this, the server SHALL comply with the following rule:

- The instance of the <MediaObjectGroup> that has its <startMediaFlag> set to true SHALL explicitly declare all available languages for the interactivity scenario represented by the <InteractivityMediaDocument> instance, that is to say
 - If the said <MediaObjectGroup> provides any instance of <SMSTemplate>, <EmailTemplate>,
 <VoiceCall>, or <Weblink>, then the corresponding <Description> element SHALL be instantiated for each language
 - o If the said <MediaObjectGroup> provides one or more instances of <MediaObjectSet>, there SHALL be at least one such instance per language option
- For each language declared as specified above
 - o Each <Description> element as pointed by Table 23 that is to be used within its parent instance SHALL be instantiated for the said language
 - o Each <ChoiceText> element as pointed the Table 23 that is to be used within its parent instance SHALL also be instantiated for the said language
 - o For each instance of the <MediaObjectGroup> there SHALL be at least one instance of <MediaObjectSet> for the said language or, alternatively, an instance of <MediaObjectSet> configured for any language.
 - For any of the element pointed by Table 23 there SHALL NOT be any instance for a language that is not part of the available language options

Upon parsing the <InteractivitityMediaDocument> instance, the BCAST application identifies the available languages from the <MediaObjectGroup> instance that has the <startMediaFlag> set to true. The BCAST application MAY discard the languages that it does not support.

Upon activation of the <InteractivityMediaDocument>, the BCAST application SHALL select the media object sets for rendering that:

- are defined for the selected language or,
- are defined as applicable to any language

5.3.6.1.6 MediaObjectSet definition for some interactivity technologies

A media object set conveying an MMS Message Template conforming to [MMSTEMP] SHALL consist of the following:

- one GZIP archive file containing all the media objects (Message Template Definition, MMS presentation part, fixed/replaceable media objects).
- one <MediaObjectSet>, with Content-Type attribute set to "application/x-gzip", and containing:
 - o one "MTD" <Object>, with Content-Type attribute set to "application/vnd.omammsg-mtd+xml", and Start attribute set to "true".
 - o zero or one "MMS presentation part" <Object>, with Content-Type attribute set to "application/smil". If <MediaObjectSet> contains MMS presentation part, the sub-folder(s) SHALL NOT be used in <Content-Location> since MMS-SMIL cannot support sub-folder(s).
 - o one <Object> per other bundled file, if any (fixed/replaceable media objects).

Note: If the end user decides to interact as triggered by Media Object Set of type **MMS Message Template**, it implies that the Terminal SHALL be able to execute any interaction over the Interaction channel by sending the MMS (the filled-in MMS Template).

A media object set conveying an XHTML MP bundle conforming to [XHTMLMP11] SHALL consist of the following:

- one GZIP archive file containing all the media objects (e.g. XHTML MP page(s), external ECMAScript MP files, external WAP CSS stylesheets, audio/visual media objects...).
- one <MediaObjectSet>, with Content-Type attribute set to "application/x-gzip", and containing:
 - o one "XHTML MP" <Object>, with Content-Type attribute set to "application/vnd.wap.xhtml+xml" and Start attribute set to "true".
 - o one <Object> per other bundled file, if any (that may be additional XHTML MP pages).

Note: If the end user decides to interact as triggered by Media Object Set of type **XHTML MP bundle**, it implies that the Terminal SHALL be able to execute any interaction over the Interaction channel by executing HTTP requests (following the hyperlinks present in XHTML). Further, if the Terminal supports SMS-based messaging, the Terminal SHALL be able to support "sms:"-URI scheme as defined in section 5.3.6.1 and consequently be able to perform SMS-based interaction over the Interaction channel.

A media object set conveying a **3GPP PSS SMIL bundle** conforming for the presentation part to [3GPP 26.246R6]) SHALL consist of the following:

- one GZIP archive file containing all the media objects (SMIL presentation, audio/visual media objects...).
- one <MediaObjectSet>, with Content-Type attribute set to "application/x-gzip", and containing:
 - o one "3GPP PSS SMIL" <Object>, with Content-Type attribute set to "application/smil" and Start attribute set to "true".
 - o one <Object> per other bundled file, if any.

Note: If the end user decides to interact as triggered by Media Object Set of type **3GPP PSS SMIL bundle**, it implies that Terminal SHALL be able to execute any interaction over the Interaction channel by executing HTTP requests (following the hyperlinks present in SMIL). Further, if the Terminal supports SMS-based messaging, the Terminal SHALL be able to support "sms:"-URI scheme as defined in section 5.3.6.1 and consequently be able to perform SMS-based interaction over the Interaction channel.

A media object set conveying a **3GPP2 MSS SMIL bundle** conforming for the presentation part to [3GPP2 C.S0050]) SHALL consist of the following:

- one GZIP archive file containing all the media objects (SMIL presentation, audio/visual media objects...).
- one <MediaObjectSet>, with Content-Type attribute set to "application/x-gzip", and containing:
 - one "3GPP2 MSS SMIL" <Object>, with Content-Type attribute set to "application/smil" and Start attribute set to "true".
 - one <Object> per other bundled file, if any.

Note: If the end user decides to interact as triggered by Media Object Set of type 3GPP2 MSS SMIL bundle, it implies that Terminal SHALL be able to execute any interaction over the Interactive Channel by executing HTTP requests (following the hyperlinks present in SMIL). Further, if the Terminal supports SMS-based messaging, the Terminal SHALL be able to support "sms:"-URI scheme as defined in section 5.3.6.1 and consequently be able to perform SMS-based interaction over the Interactive Channel.

See Appendix C for some informative examples of <MediaObjectSet> elements.

5.3.6.1.7 Using URI scheme "sms:"

Terminals that support SMS-based messaging and/or that support XHTML based Media Object Sets SHALL support the "sms:" URI scheme as specified in [URI-Schemes] as a valid scheme for hyperlinks.

5.3.6.1.8 Service Interaction using MMS Message Template

This section describes how to retrieve and use MMS Message Template for Service Interaction.

5.3.6.1.8.1. Service Interaction retrieval

The terminal SHALL retrieve MMS Message Template from InteractivityMediaDocument (refer to 5.3.6.1). The terminal MAY retrieve MMS Message Template from MMS.

The terminal SHOULD store MMS Message Templates in its storage area after retrieval.

The terminal MAY use Application ID described in [MMSCONF] to launch client software, which handles MMS Message Template (MMS Message Template Client), in the case that the Template is retrieved from MMS.

5.3.6.1.8.2. Service Interaction launch and feedback

The terminal SHALL launch MMS Message Template Client according to the timing described in InteractivityMediaDocument , in a similar way to the other Service Interaction methods.

MMS Message Template Client SHALL create Multimedia Message (MM) according to the process defined in MMS Message Template Definition (MTD) [MMSTEMP].

After creating the resulting MM, MMS Message Template SHOULD send the Message to Service Application address defined in MTD.

5.3.6.2 Broadcast delivery of InteractivityMediaDocuments

The broadcast delivery of the instances 'InteractivityMediaDocument' and any associate files has the following characteristics and constraints. For the delivery the network SHALL

- use FLUTE file delivery session containing at least one FDT Instance,
- list all the delivered files in every instance of FDT,

- use the string "application/vnd.oma.bcast.imd+xml" as the value of 'Content-Type' for every instance of 'InteractivityMediaDocument' in every FDT Instance and
- use the following convention for allocating the 'Content-Location' values for the instances of the 'InteractivityMediaDocument': <GroupID>:<GroupPosition> where the
- <GroupID> stands for the group identifier and <GroupPosition> for the group position represented by the instance of 'InteractivityMediaDocument'.

Furthermore in the case of broadcast delivery the network SHALL use the string "oma:bcast1.0:imd:" as the prefix of the interactivity media group identifier (GroupID).

5.3.6.3 Interactive delivery of InteractivityMediaDocuments

5.3.6.3.1 Transport protocols

There are the two following mechanisms for delivering InteractivityMediaDocuments to the terminal using the interactive channel:

- using HTTP as the transport the terminal specifically requesting the InteractivityMediaDocuments from the network and
- using OMA PUSH the network pushing the InteractivityMediaObjects to the terminals.

If the terminal supports the interaction channel, the terminal SHALL support the former and additionally if the terminal supports OMA PUSH, the terminal SHALL also support the latter.

When the InteractivityMediaDocuments are delivered using OMA PUSH the content type SHALL be set to "application/vnd.oma.bcast.imd+xml".

5.3.6.3.2 InteractivityMediaDocument request messages

When the terminal requests InteractivityMediaDocuments from the network, the terminal SHALL use HTTP POST

with the following syntax: "POST <interactivityMediaURL> HTTP/1.1\r\n<InteractivityMediaDocumentRequest>" where <interactivityMediaURL> denotes the destination for the HTTP requests as signaled in the 'interactivityMediaURL' attribute of the 'InteractivityData' fragment representing the interactivity in question, see section 5.1.2.10 of [BCAST10-SG]. Both the HTTP POST request and the corresponding HTTP response SHALL also contain the following HTTP header fields:

- 'Content-Length',
- for request message: 'Content-Type' which SHALL be set to "text/xml".
- for response message: 'Content-Type' which SHALL be set to "multipart/mixed" and
- 'Host' in case the 'Request-URI' is not in the absolute form specified in [RFC 2616].

The XML structure in Table 23 defines the syntax for the 'InteractivityMediaDocumentRequest' placed into the payload of the HTTP POST request.

The HTTP response of the HTTP POST request response message SHALL be of type "multipart/mixed".

The first body part of the multipart in the response:

- SHALL contain one 'InteractivityMediaDocumentResponse' XML document as defined in Table 24.
- SHALL include Content-Type header set to 'text/xml'

Other body parts may follow the first body part in the response. In that case each body part:

• SHALL contain one file representing the full set of media objects associated to exactly one <MediaObjectSet> of a MediaObjectGroup of the returned InteractivityMediaDocument. This file SHALL be either one uncompressed media file (e.g. 3GP file) being the media object itself, or one GZIP archive file containing the compressed media objects, as described in section 5..3.6.1.2.

- SHALL include Content-Location header set to Content-Location attribute value of <MediaObjectSet> element.
- SHALL include Content-Type header, set to actual MIME type of uncompressed media file (e.g. 'video/3gpp') or to 'application/x-gzip'if the media objects are carried in a GZIP archive.

In case the response message does not contain all the files associated with the 'InteractivityMediaDocuments' contained in the response message, the terminal MAY use HTTP GET to retrieve these missing files.

Name	Type	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
Interactivity MediaDocum entRequest	Е			The request to be used by the terminal to request InteractivityMediaDocuments. Contains the following attributes: requestID	
				Contains the following elements: UserID DeviceID GroupID	
requestID	A	О	01	Identifier for the InteractivityMediaDocument request message.	unsignedInt
UserID	E1	О	0N	The user identity known to the BSM. Contains the following attributes: type	string
type	A	M	1	Specifies the type of User ID. Allowed values are: 0 – username defined in [RFC 2865] 1 – IMSI 2 – URI 3 – IMPI 4 – MSISDN 5 – MIN 6-127 reserved for future use 128-255 reserved for proprietary use	unsignedByt e
DeviceID	E1	0	0N	A unique device identification known to the BSM. Contains the following attributes: type	string
type	A	М	1	Specifies the type of Device ID. Allowed values are 0 – DVB Device ID 1 – 3GPP Device ID (IMEI)[3GPP TS 23.003] 2 – 3GPP2 Device ID (MEID)[3GPP2 C.S0072] 3-127 reserved for future use 128-255 reserved for proprietary use	unsignedByt e
GroupID	E1	M	1	ID of the requested group of InteractivityMediaDocument, globally unique The GroupID is carried in BCAST SG fragment called InteractivityData	anyURI

Table 24: Structure of Interactivity Media Document Request

Name	Type	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
Interactivity MediaDocum entResponse	E			The response to the 'InteractivityMediaDocumentRequest' message.	
				Contains the following attributes: requestID statusCode Contains the following elements: InteractivityMediaDocument	
requestID	A	0	01	Identifier for the corresponding InteractivityMediaDocument request message.	unsignedInt
status Code	A	M	1	The overall outcome of the request, according to the return codes defined in section 5.11.	unsignedByt e
Interactivity MediaDocum ent	E1	M	1	The InteractivityMediaDocument as specified in 5.2.6.1	complexTyp e

Table 25: Structure of Interactivity Media Document Response

5.4 Personalization/Support for User-based Profiles and Preferences

5.4.1 User-based Profiles over Broadcast Channel

The BCAST Enabler enables targeted reception through delivery of user-based profiles over the broadcast channel using the Service Guide. The "TargetUserProfile" element of Service Guide SHALL be used for that purpose.

Exact terminal behavior for interpreting the "TargetUserProfile" is not specified. However, the terminal MAY be able to filter the Service Guide based on the "TargetUserProfile".

5.4.2 Communicating the End User Preferences to Network

The terminal MAY communicate the End User preferences to the network using the scheme defined in this section. Both the Terminal and the network MAY support the scheme. The behavior of the network and any subsequent actions beyond providing the End User preferences are not specified in BCAST Enabler.

The data structure for communicating the End User preferences from terminal to network is as follows:

Name	Type	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
EndUserPref erences	Е	0		The end user preferences signalled to the Service Provider Contains the following elements: UserID Preference	
UserID	E1	M	1	User Identity known to the BSM. It describes The identification of the end user whose preferences are described here. Contains the following attribute:	string

				type	
type	A	M	1	Specifies the type of User ID. Allowed values	unsignedByt
				are:	e
				0 – username defined in [RFC 2865]	
				1 – IMSI	
				2 – URI	
				3 – IMPI	
				4 – MSISDN	
				5 – MIN	
				6-127 reserved for future use	
				128-255 reserved for proprietary use	
Preference	E1	M	1N	The attribute-value pair describing an individual preference. NOTE: the exact attribute for preference shall be defined by service or content provider. Contains the following attributes:	
				attribute	
				value	
attribute	A	M	1	Attribute being described	string
value	A	M	1	Value of the attribute	string

Table 26: Structure of End User Preference Message

The above data structure SHALL be instantiated as XML instance according to XML Schema [BCAST10-XMLSchema-Userpreference]. The XML instance in turn SHALL be communicated from terminal to network by HTTP POST. For confidentiality, HTTPS based on SSL 3.0 [SSL30] and TLS 1.0 [RFC 2246] MAY be used.

5.5 Charging

This section specifies the use of OMA Charging Enabler to realize the charging of OMA Mobile Broadcast Services. OMA Charging Enabler defines a set of interfaces to allow other Enablers to access the charging functionality. The interfaces are specified in [OMA Charging AD]. This section defines how, when and by whom the charging is triggered and which functional entity invokes the charging using the interface of OMA Charging Enabler. This section also defines the data that will be exchanged within the charging event.

5.5.1 Chargeable Events in the Scope of the BCAST Enabler

Chargeable event is a service related event that has taken place, and can be specified and recorded. This section identifies chargeable events in the scope of the OMA Mobile Broadcast Services technical specification. It should be noted that chargeable events can also occur for example in a Broadcast Distribution System or in other entities of the OMA BCAST Architecture to record the usage of the mechanisms that they provide (e.g. distribution and protection mechanisms) but these chargeable events are not specified in this document.

Not all chargeable events lead necessarily to a *charging event*, i.e. the sending of charging information to the Charging Enabler for further processing. The events that are actually charged for can depend on the implementation. Therefore, the list in this section should be regarded as a list of events that potentially trigger charging events.

Chargeable Event	Section where defined	Source of the event
Subscription-Based Charging		
Subscribe/Purchase Request	5.1.5, 5.1.6	BSM
End-user subscribes or purchases a certain service based on information received through the Service Guide.	[BCAST10-Architecture] 5.4.6.1	
Subscription Update	5.1.5, 5.1.6	BSM
In case of open-ended subscriptions, the BSM may need to generate	[BCAST10-Architecture]	

BSM

charging information from time to time until the subscription is 5.4.6.7 cancelled. **Unsubscribe Request** 5.1.6.7 **BSM** Open-ended subscriptions, and possibly other subscriptions, are valid [BCAST10-Architecture] until they are cancelled by the end-user. Depending on the contract, they 5.4.6.8

Consumption-Based Charging

Token Purchase Request

Token Purchase Request can be used to order tokens that can be used in consumption-based charging models. As to calls to the Charging Enabler, tokens can be used in two ways:

may also have to be cancelled (and renewed by issuing a new order

request) when the price per subscription period changes.

- Pre-paid tokens: When the BCAST client orders tokens, BSM calls the Charging Enabler and tokens are charged as they are ordered before the actual service delivery
- Post-paid tokens: When the BCAST client orders tokens, if the subscriber uses online charging, a respective credit reservation is made. In the offline case, a positive credit response is assumed implicitly. Used service units are reported to the Charging Enabler only when the BCAST client reports used tokens to the BSM.

NOTE! It is important to note here that the prepaid/postpaid distinction is independent of the type of the subscriber's account in the Charging Infrastructure (i.e. pre-paid or post-paid subscription).

Service Interaction

Interactive Service Ordering

The end-user reacts to an interaction pointer and requests for an additional service, such as voting or related value-added content. Charging for interactive service ordering is in the BCAST Enabler's scope only in simple cases where the additional service can be identified with a simple combination of a purchase item ID and purchase option or equivalent. In more complex cases, it is likely that service interaction is redirected to a separate application the charging of which is outside the scope the BCAST Enabler.

5.1.5, 5.1.6

[BCAST10-Architecture]

[BCAST10-Architecture] BSI-G

5.4.6.9

5.4.5

Table 27: List of chargeable events

5.5.2 When to Trigger Calls to the Charging Enabler

This section identifies when charging information needs to be sent to the Charging Enabler in relation to the different chargeable events.

In the case of Subscription/Purchase Request, Subscription Update, Unsubscribe, Token Purchase Request, or Interactive Service Ordering, the high-level charging flow is the following:

- When the request arrives, before service delivery
 - The BCAST Enabler implementation may know based on pre-configured information or through a query to an external system whether online or offline charging interface should be used towards the Charging Enabler. It this information is not available, the BCAST Enabler may assume online and make the first request to the online (CH-2) interface, which may return an error code indicating that offline should be used.
 - If online charging is to be used, send an Initial Request using CH-2 to make a credit reservation
- During service delivery

- o In the online case, Interim Requests to CH-2 may be needed if the quota granted in the previous step(s) is depleted
- After service delivery
 - o If the online-offline determination outcome was offline, report service usage using CH-1
 - If the online-offline determination outcome was online, report the final service usage step using Termination Request of CH-2

5.5.3 BCAST-related Information in Charging Messages

This section specifies how charging information for BCAST services is mapped to OMA Charging Data Elements of the Charging Enabler.

5.5.3.1 Subscription-Based Charging: Subscribe/Purchase, Subscription Update, Unsubscribe Request

BCAST field name or value constants	Type	OMA Data Elements in Charging interface	Description
Value: BCAST@openmobilealliance.org	String	Service Context Id	Fixed value to identify the service specification in the context of which the charging events must be interpreted.
Values: SUBSCRIBE, SUBSCRPITION_UPDATE, UNSUBSCRIBE (for Subscription-Based Charging)	String	Service Identifier	Identifies more precisely the type of service within the context defined by the Service Context Id. NOTE: Different from Service ID.
Field: UserID	String	Subscription Id Data	The globally unique identity of the subscriber
Field: type attribute under UserID	unsignedByte	Subscription Id Type	Type of the subscriber identity (e.g. MSISDN, IMSI, SIP_URI)
Field: PurchaseItemID	anyURI	Service Key	The globally unique ID of the Service Guide fragment that describes what the end-user has ordered or cancelled. It should be noted that a particular Service Item may be available through several Purchase Items (e.g. because of bundling and several order options or purchase channels).
Values: depending on context	String	Correlation Id	Depending on the deployment, different identifiers can be used here to enable correlation between the charging events generated by BCAST service entities and charging events generated by other entities (such as distribution entities or content protection mechanisms).
Field: Price	decimal	Unit Value, Value Digits, Exponent	Amount to be reserved/debited from the end-user's account. In case of reservation, the listed data elements must be included in the requested service units data element. In case of reporting units to be debited, the used service units data element must be used in the

Field: currency	String	Currency Code	charging interface. Numeric representation of Currency Code as specified in ISO4217
Field: DeviceID	unsignedInt	User Equipment Info Data	A unique device identification known to the BSM
Field: type attribute under DeviceID element	unsignedByte	User Equipment Info Type	The type of the unique device identification (e.g. IMEI, MEID, UDN).

Table 28: Mapping table for Subscription based Charging

5.5.3.2 Consumption-Based Charging: Token Purchase Request

BCAST field name or value constants	Туре	OMA Data Elements in Charging interface	Description
Value: BCAST@openmobilealliance.org	String	Service Context Id	Fixed value to identify the service specification in the context of which the charging events must be interpreted.
Values: TOKEN_PURCHASE (for Consumption-based charging)	String	Service Identifier	Identifies more precisely the type of service within the context defined by the Service Context Id. NOTE: Different from Service ID.
Field: UserID	String	Subscription Id Data	The globally unique identity of the subscriber
Field: type attribute under UserID	unsignedByte	Subscription Id Type	Type of the subscriber identity (e.g. MSISDN)
Field: PurchaseItemID	anyURI	Service Key	The globally unique ID of the Service Guide fragment that represents the token product.
Values: depending on context	String	Correlation Id	Depending on the deployment, different identifiers can be used here to enable correlation between the charging events generated by BCAST service entities and charging events generated by other entities (such as distribution entities or content protection mechanisms).
Field: currency	String	Currency Code	Numeric representation of Currency Code as specified in ISO4217. If the Currency Code element is present, the Unit Value, Value Digits and Exponent elements below will be used. If the CurrencyCode element is not given, the Service Specific Units element below will be used.
Field: Price	decimal	Unit Value, Value Digits, Exponent	Amount to be reserved/debited from the end-user's account. These sub-elements of the Money data element are used in the charging interface if the BCAST Enabler is able to determine the price of the

Field: Price	decimal	Service Specific Units	request (either in monetary or non-monetary terms). In case of reservation for post-paid tokens, the listed data elements must be included in the requested service units data element. In case of reporting used post-paid tokens or ordering pre-paid tokens, the used service units data element must be used in the charging interface. Amount of tokens to be reserved/debited from the enduser's account. The Service specific units data element is used in the charging interface if price determination is left to the Charging Enabler. In case of reservation for post-paid tokens, the listed data elements must be included in the requested service units data element. In case of reporting used post-paid tokens or ordering pre-paid tokens, the used service units data element must be used in the charging
Field: DeviceID	unsignedInt	User Equipment Info Data	interface. A unique device identification
Field: type attribute under DeviceID	unsignedByte	User Equipment Info Type	known to the BSM The type of the unique device
element	unsignedbyte	eser Equipment into Type	identification (e.g. IMEI, MEID, UDN)

Table 29: Mapping table for Consumption based Charging

5.5.3.3 Service Interaction

Service interaction pointers may lead the end-user to a completely different service from BCAST (e.g. to MMS sending), and these external services usually have their own charging which is not in the scope of this specification. This specification, however, caters for cases where the additional interactive service does not have charging specified separately and the price of the interaction transaction is available to the BCAST Enabler or some part of the BCAST Enabler implementation can determine the price. Also cases where price determination is delegated to the Charging Enabler but price can be calculated simply based on the InteractivityDataId accessed can be supported.

BCAST field name or value constants	Туре	OMA Data Elements in Charging interface	Description
Value: BCAST@openmobilealliance.org	string	Service Context Id	Fixed value to identify the service specification in the context of which the charging events must be interpreted.
Value:SERVICE_INTERACTION (for Service Interaction)	string	Service Identifier	Identifies more precisely the type of service within the context defined by the Service Context Id. NOTE: Different from Service ID.
Field: UserID	string	Subscription Id Data	The globally unique identity of the subscriber

Field: type attribute under UserID	unsignedByte	Subscription Id Type	Type of the subscriber identity (e.g. MSISDN)
Field: InteractivityDataID	anyURI	Service Key	The globally unique ID of the Service Guide fragment that describes what the end-user has accessed.
Values: depending on context	string	Correlation Id	Depending on the deployment, different identifiers can be used here to enable correlation between the charging events generated by BCAST service entities and charging events generated by other entities (such as distribution entities or content protection mechanisms).
Field: Price	decimal	Unit Value, Value Digits, Exponent	Amount to be reserved/debited from the end-user's account. In case of reservation, the listed data elements must be included in the requested service units data element. In case of reporting units to be debited, the used service units data element must be used in the charging interface.
Field: currency	string	Currency Code	Numeric representation of Currency Code as specified in ISO4217
Field: DeviceID	unsignedInt	User Equipment Info Data	A unique device identification known to the BSM
Field: type attribute under DeviceID element	unsignedByte	User Equipment Info Type	The type of the unique device identification (e.g. IMEI, MEID, UDN)

Table 30: Mapping table for Service Interaction

5.5.4 Exchange of charging data among systems

It can be assumed that entities that are reflected in the BCAST architecture may need to exchange business related data.

However, the BCAST enabler does not specify a defined format for the exchange of charging data between Broadcast Service Providers, or between a Broadcast Service Provider and a Content Provider.

5.6 Mobility

The location of the Terminal may change over time. Different usage scenarios typically involve different rates of change in the location of the Terminal. However, what is significant in the change is not the speed of the change but the fact that the change in the location of Terminal may involve a change in the set of available Mobile Broadcast Services. Along with the change in the location of Terminal the currently available transmission may become unavailable due to changing radio reception conditions. Alternatively, the change in Terminal's location may move the Terminal away from its currently available Broadcast Service Area. In both cases the current set of available Mobile Broadcast Services may change.

There are two cases to consider in the context of mobility and Mobile Broadcast Services. Firstly, the terminal may be currently receiving a Mobile Broadcast Service which is affected by the change. Secondly, the terminal may only be receiving and updating the Service Guide that is related to the Service, affected by the change. Both cases are exceptions in a

normal service consumption process and require handling. In the former case, the change affects the current access to the Service while in the latter case the change affect to the possible ways of accessing the Service Guide.

This section provides normative specification for the network side (Service Guide function) to support the mitigation of mobility effects. On the network side the support for broadcast mobility is centralized in the Service Guide function. The methods outlined in the following sections are supported by the SG-D and MAY be used in the transmitted Service Guide.

5.6.1 Specifying Alternative Accesses for a Service

Service Guide allows describing several Accesses for a particular Service. The Service Guide can declare a Service in the Service Guide that MAY have several Accesses associated with it. In case the selected Access becomes unavailable due to mobility (or some other reason), the Terminal MAY continue accessing the Service via another Access given that the other Access semantically represents same or similar component of the Service.

5.6.2 Global Identification of Services and Content

The Service Guide MAY declare global identification for both Service (attribute GlobalServiceID in Service Fragment) and Content (attribute GlobalContentID in Content Fragment). Two fragments with the same global identifiers describe the same asset. How the terminal uses the global service identifier or the global content identifier is out of scope of this specification.

5.7 Broadcast Roaming

Broadcast Roaming allows a user to receive Broadcast Services from a Mobile Broadcast Service Provider different from his Home Mobile Broadcast Service Provider. This can happen, for example, when the user is not able to access the services provided by Home Mobile Broadcast Service Provider. In that case the Broadcast Roaming enables the user to receive Broadcast Services from another Mobile Broadcast Service Provider independent on the underlying Broadcast Distribution System.

The Mobile Broadcast Services (BCAST) 1.0 Enabler enables the Broadcast Roaming through the use of various functions of the enabler: through the Service Guide, through roaming signaling between Terminal and Visited Mobile Broadcast Service Provider, through roaming signaling between Visited Mobile Broadcast Service Provider and Home Mobile Broadcast Service Provider and through the Terminal Provisioning function. The following gives the overview on how these functions relate in the context of Broadcast Roaming:

- Service Guide Delivery Descriptors (SGDD) within the Service Guide declare the existence and the availability of Service Guide fragments. The SGDD allows the Terminal to deduce which fragments are associated with which Mobile Broadcast Service Provider (through use of BSMFilterCodes). Related to this signaling, there are visibility rules that the terminals are expected to comply with. Further, SGDD enables a method to convey points of contact which the visiting terminals can contact in case Broadcast Roaming is needed. This aspect of Broadcast Roaming is normatively specified within the specification of SGDD, in section 5.4.1.5 of [BCAST10-SG].
- Terminal Provisioning enables the Home Mobile Broadcast Service Provider to maintain a terminal-resident elements used by the roaming function. These elements include the list of Mobile Broadcast Service Providers (their BSMFilterCodes) affiliated with the terminal as well as entry details of default roaming contact point the server that terminal can send roaming requests in the case terminal does not find any other entry points within the Service Guide signaling. They also include parameter that determines whether the terminal initiates the service provisioning requests to Visited BSM or to Home BSM. Finally, these elements include parameters that can be used to control terminal behavior in the context of Broadcast Roaming: an element that controls whether roaming requests should always be sent to Home BSM and an element that determines terminal behavior for fragments that are not associated with any BSMSelectors. These aspects of Broadcast Roaming are normatively specified within this document, Appendix F (Management Object). In addition to using Terminal Provisioning, the management information in Appendix F can be pre-configured in the Terminal, or can be conveyed to the terminal by some other means which are out of scope of this specification.
- Roaming Rule request and response messages between Terminal and BSM associated with Home and/or Visited
 Mobile Broadcast Service Provider allow Terminals to request and Mobile Broadcast Service Providers to
 provide the visibility constraints defined by Roaming Rules. This aspect of Broadcast Roaming is normatively

specified within this document (section 5.7.1). The contact points for the request messages are signaled within the SGDDs – that aspect of Broadcast Roaming is normatively specified within the specification of SGDD, in section 5.4.1.5 of [BCAST10-SG].

- Specific Service Provisioning messages that enable Terminal to request for service, request for Tokens and request for renewal of subscriptions. In the context of Broadcast Roaming, the Service Provisioning messages sent by the Terminal trigger roaming message exchange between Home and Visited Mobile Broadcast Service Provider. This aspect is normatively specified within this document (section 5.1). Subsequent of successful Roaming Service Response, LTKMs can be delivered to the terminal (via Push LTKM with Smartcard profile or Trigger with DRM profile). The LTKM acquisition is not covered in this document as it is a Service and Content protection procedure.
- The roaming messages between Home and Visited Mobile Broadcast Service Providers allow the either the Home or Visited Mobile Broadcast Service Provider to initiate the roaming as a reaction to initial user roaming request. This aspect of Broadcast Roaming is normatively specified within this document (section 5.7.2).
- The informative walk-through of Broadcast Roaming is given in this document (Appendix E).

Broadcast Roaming in BCAST 1.0 allows a Terminal to be associated with multiple Home BSMs (and hence multiple BSMFilterCodes). While this allows a model wherein the Terminal is associated with different service providers, the primary use of this functionality will be of specifying different subscription types per a single provider.

Roaming agreements between Home Mobile Broadcast Service Provider and Visited Mobile Broadcast Service Provider and the related trust relationship are out of BCAST scope.

5.7.1 Roaming messages between Terminal and BSM

Terminal uses the RoamingRuleRequest to request the RoamingRules associated with BSMSelector (identified by the id of the selector). As a response, the Terminal receives RoamingRuleResponse that carry the RoamingRules.

The XML schema for these messages is defined in [BCAST10-XMLSchema-Roaming-frontend].

5.7.1.1 RoamingRuleRequest

Name	Type	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
RoamingRul eRequest	Е			Request message of Roaming Rules.	
				Contains the following elements:	
				UserID	
				HomeBSMFilterCode	
				BSMSelectorId	
UserID	E1	M	1	A unique ID that SHALL be used to identify the terminal in BCAST service area of both the Home Mobile Broadcast Service Provider and Visited Mobile Broadcast Service Provider. Contains the following attributes: type	string
type	A	M	1	Specifies the type of User ID. Allowed values are: 0 – username defined in [RFC 2865] 1 – IMSI 2 – URI 3 – IMPI 4 – MSISDN 5 – MIN 6-127 reserved for future use	unsignedByt e

				128-255 reserved for proprietary use	
HomeBSMFil terCode	E1	M	1N	The code that specifies the Home BSM. This element has the same structure as the 'BSMFilterCode' element in the 'ServiceGuideDeliveryDescriptor'.	complexTyp e as defined for 'BSMFilterC ode' in section 5.4.1.5.2 of [BCAST10- SG]
BSMSelector Id	E1	M	1N	Identifier of the BSMSelector associated with BSM for which terminal is requesting Roaming Rules. The identifier is unique within the network.	anyURI

Table 31: Structure of RoamingRuleRequest Message

5.7.1.2 RoamingRuleResponse

Name	Type	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
RoamingRul eResponse	Е			Response message of Roaming Rules	
				Contains the following element:	
				ResponseEntry	
ResponseEnt ry	E1	M	1N	Entry containing response to each requested BSMSelectorId Contains the following attribute:	
				exclusive	
				Contains the following element:	
				BSMSelectorId	
				RoamingRule	
exclusive	A	О	01	Indicates whether the rules delivered in this response are exclusive.	boolean
				If "true", the rules are exclusive and terminal that accesses fragments covered by these rules (i.e. associated with the BSMSelectorId) SHALL NOT access fragments associated with any other BSMSelectorId.	
				This means that – if this attribute is set to "true" – the Terminal SHALL only use the SG fragments of a single BSM at the time and not mix SG fragments from other BSM even if the Terminal already got access to those.	
BSMSelector Id	E2	M	1	Identifier of the BSMSelector of the BSM for which this ResponseEntry applies. The identifier is unique within the network.	anyURI
RoamingRul e	E2	M	1N	Entry specifying the RoamingRule associated with BSMSelector. This element has the same structure as the 'RoamingRule' element in the 'ServiceGuideDeliveryDescriptor'.	complexTyp e as defined for 'RoamingRu le' in section 5.4.1.5.2 of [BCAST10-



Table 32: Structure of Roaming RuleResponse Message

It is RECOMMENDED that:

- o in case the roaming rules are not subject to frequent changes, the Network delivers them following a RoamingRuleRequest from the terminal in a RoamingRuleResponse.
- o and, in case the roaming rules are subject to frequent changes, the Network delivers them through the RoamingRule element in the SGDD.

Note: delivery of roaming rules through SGDD over the interaction channel is not subject to either any recommendations or limitations.

5.7.2 Roaming messages between Home BSM and Visited BSM

Roaming messages between Home BSM and Visited BSM are used to carry out the roaming negotiation between the two BSMs. The exchange of these messages is triggered by the Terminal sending the Service Provisioning message. Four cases exist as follows.

If the value of Management Object "<X>/Roaming/UseVisitedServiceProvisioningMode" is assigned with value "false" the following SHALL apply:

■ Terminal sends Home BSM the Service Request message involving service provided by the Visited BSM. If the Home BSM deduces from the message that it needs to contact Visited BSM to get clearance for the request, the Home BSM SHALL send the 'RoamingServiceRequest' (section 5.7.2.2) to the Visited BSM. Visited BSM SHALL respond to the request by sending 'RoamingServiceResponse' (section 5.7.2.3).). In case the response allows roaming, then the Home BSM sends a successful 'ServiceResponse' to the terminal. This leads to a subsequent LTKM delivery (push LTKM with Smartcard Profile or Trigger with DRM Profile).

If the value of Management Object "<X>/Roaming/UseVisitedServiceProvisioningMode" is assigned with value "true" the following SHALL apply:

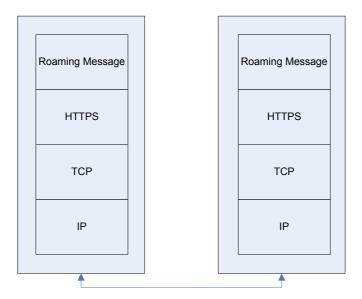
Terminal sends Visited BSM the Service Request message involving service provided by the Visited BSM. If the Visited BSM deduces from the message that it needs to contact Home BSM to get clearance for the request, the Visited BSM SHALL send the 'RoamingServiceRequest' (section 5.7.2.2) to the Home BSM. Home BSM SHALL respond to the request by sending 'RoamingServiceResponse' (section 5.7.2.3). In case the response allows roaming, then the Visited BSM sends a successful 'ServiceResponse' to the terminal. This leads to a subsequent LTKM delivery (push LTKM with Smartcard Profile or Trigger with DRM Profile).

The XML schema for these messages is defined in [BCAST10-XMLSchema-Roaming-backend].

The Network MAY support Broadcast Roaming, the Terminal SHALL support Broadcast Roaming. IF operator supports roaming, backend interfaces for roaming SHALL be supported.

5.7.2.1 Protocol stack for message exchanges between BSMs

The following protocol stack SHALL be used for message exchange between BSMs. HTTP over TCP/IP SHOULD be used for the delivery of the roaming procedure authorisation messages. HTTPS based on SSL 3.0 [SSL30] and TLS 1.0 [RFC 2246] SHALL be used in conjunction with TCP/IP to provide secure delivery of the authorisation messages.



5.7.2.2 RoamingServiceRequest

Name	Type	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
RoamingServ iceRequest	Е			Request message for Roaming Service between Home BSM and Visited BSM. Contains the following attributes: requestID Contains the following elements: HomeBSMFilterCode VisitedBSMFilterCode TerminalSubscriptionType UserID GlobalPurchaseItemID	
requestID	A	M	1	An ID that is unique in the scope of this exchange that SHALL be used throughout the roaming service procedure. It SHALL be generated by the party that initiates the message exchange when it first requests roaming service.	unsignedInt
HomeBSMFil terCode	E1	M	1	The code that specifies the Home BSM. This element has the same structure as the 'BSMFilterCode' element in the 'ServiceGuideDeliveryDescriptor'.	complexType as defined for 'BSMFilterCod e' in section 5.4.1.5.2 of [BCAST10- SG]
VisitedBSMF ilterCode	E1	M	1	The code that specifies the Visited BSM. - This element has the same structure as the 'BSMFilterCode' element in the 'ServiceGuideDeliveryDescriptor'.	complexType as defined for 'BSMFilterCo de' in section 5.4.1.5.2 of [BCAST10- SG]
Terminal Subscription Type	E1	M	1	A field that SHALL indicate the subscription scope of the terminal in terms of roaming. The Home	anyURI

				Service Provider and the Visited Service Provider have a common understanding of the field according to roaming agreements between them. This element is not further specified in this specification.	
UserID	E1	M	1N	A unique ID that SHALL be used to identify the terminal in both the Home Service Provider and Visited Service Provider BCAST service area. Contains the following attributes: type	string
type	A	M	1	Specifies the type of User ID. Allowed values are: 0 – username defined in [RFC 2865] 1 – IMSI 2 – URI 3 – IMPI 4 – MSISDN 5 – MIN 6-127 reserved for future use 128-255 reserved for proprietary use	unsignedByte
GlobalPurch aseItemID	E1	М	1N	Set of PurchaseItems (represented by GlobalPurchaseItemIDs) which are associated with the VisitedBSM and which the terminal wants to subscribe /to purchase.	anyURI

Table 33: Structure of RoamingServiceRequest Message

5.7.2.3 RoamingServiceResponse

Name	Type	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
RoamingServ iceResponse	Е			Response message for Roaming Service between Home BSM and Visited BSM.	
				Contains the following attribute:	
				requestID	
				roamingServiceStatusContains the following elements:	
				UserID	
				HomeBSMFilterCode	
				VisitedBSMFilterCode	
				GlobalPurchaseItemID	
requestID	A	M	1	An ID that is unique in the scope of this exchange SHALL be used throughout the roaming service procedure. It SHALL be generated by the party that initiates the message exchange when it first requests roaming service.	unsignedInt
roamingServi ceStatus	A	M	1	A field that SHALL indicate whether the terminal has been authorized for roaming services or not The return codes are defined in section 5.11.	unsignedByt e
UserID	E1	M	1	A unique ID that SHALL be used to identify the terminal in both the Home Service Provider and Visited Service Provider BCAST service area.	string

				Contains the following attribute:	
type	Α	M	1	type Cracifies the type of Hear ID. Allowed values	um si sm s dDvst
type	A	IVI	1	Specifies the type of User ID. Allowed values are:	unsignedByt e
				0 – username defined in [RFC 2865]	C
				1 – IMSI	
				2 – URI	
				3 – IMPI	
				4 – MSISDN	
				5 – MIN	
				6-127 reserved for future use	
				128-255 reserved for proprietary use	
HomeBSMFil	E1	M	1	The code that specifies the Home BSM.	complexTyp
terCode	21	111	1	The code that specifies the frome Bay.	e as defined
				This element has the same structure as the	for
				'BSMFilterCode' element in the	'BSMFilterC
				'ServiceGuideDeliveryDescriptor'.	ode' in section
					5.4.1.5.2 of
					[BCAST10-
					SG]
VisitedBSMF	E1	M	1	The code that specifies the Visited BSM.	complexTyp
ilterCode					e as defined
				This element has the same structure as the	for
				'BSMFilterCode' element in the	'FilterCode' in section
				'ServiceGuideDeliveryDescriptor'.	5.4.1.5.2 of
					[BCAST10-
					SG]
GlobalPurch	E1	M	1N	Set of PurchaseItems (represented by	anyURI
aseItemID				GlobalPurchaseItemIDs) which are associated	
				with the VisitedBSM and which the terminal	
				wants to subscribe /to purchase.	

Table 34: Structure of RoamingServiceResponse Message

5.8 Availability of Location Information

BCAST Enabler MAY use Location Information for various purposes in conjunction with functions of BCAST, such as File and Stream Distribution and Service Guide. Location Information MAY be used to enable location based filtering of services; location based targeting of services; service blackout regions; and so on. It is out of scope of the BCAST Enabler how the Location Information is used by the functions of BCAST Enabler and what the exact behaviour of the terminal is. The following rules define the availability of Location Information to BCAST Enabler and the dependency of BCAST Enabler has with respect to Location Information:

- The BCAST system MAY utilize Location Information in OMA MLP format [OMA MLP].
- The BCAST system MAY utilize Location Information in BDS-specific cell_id (for example cell_id of 3GPP, 3GPP2, DVB-H, etc. system) format.
- The BCAST system MAY utilize Location Information in zip code format
- The BCAST system SHALL NOT expect all the BCAST terminals to have capability to utilize Location Information in either of the allowed formats.

- The method how BCAST terminal acquires the Location Information is out of scope of BCAST Enabler.
- The BCAST terminal MAY support the use of Location Information in OMA MLP format [OMA MLP].
- The BCAST terminal MAY support use the Location Information in BDS-specific cell_id format (for example cell_id of 3GPP, 3GPP2, DVB-H, etc. system)..
- The BCAST terminal MAY support use the Location Information in zip code format
- BCAST Service Guide MAY include the Location Information in the designated Service Guide fragments to specify the intended target area for BCAST Services. The Location Information MAY be included in either of the allowed formats, as define above. The exact specification on including the Location Information, refer to [BCAST10-SG]

The BCAST Terminal may have features or functionalities that are dependent on the availability of accurate location information. However, it is not in the scope of BCAST Enabler to ensure the availability of valid location information, Consequently, it is not in the scope of BCAST Enabler to enforce correct functioning of the features that are dependent on the location information.

5.9 XML for Signalling

The BCAST enabler uses XML as a format for many signalling messages (e.g. Service Guide Fragments, Provisioning Messages, Interactivity). This section describes how to facilitate a maximum degree of backward and forward compatibility between the current and future versions of BCAST. Furthermore, it ensures that vendor- and operator-specific extensions will not lead to inconsistent states when interpreting an XML instance. Related to this, design rules for extending XML schemas are given in Appendix G.

5.9.1 Namespace identifier

5.9.2 Proprietary extensions

XML schemas defined in BCAST MAY be extended by proprietary elements. Such extensions SHALL be located inside a container called <PrivateExt> as defined in the XML schemas, and SHALL be defined in a non-BCAST namespace. Decoders MAY discard proprietary extensions. In any case, they SHALL NOT get into an error state when they encounter such extensions.

5.9.3 BCAST extensions

Decoders being able to interpret XML instances compliant to an earlier version of the OMA BCAST XML schemas but not able to interpret possible extensions MAY discard those extensions. In any case, they SHALL NOT get into an error state when they encounter unknown extensions.

5.10 Service Provisioning of Unicast Services

BCAST 1.0 enables a provider to offer services by both unicast and broadcast access methods. Service Provisioning for services that can be accessed via a Broadcast Channel typically involves Service and Content Protection [BCAST10-ServContProt]. Additionally, Service and Content Protection can be applied to services that can be accessed via the Interactive Channel. Alternatively, the access to those services can also be controlled by the BSM. In the latter case the BSM only allows access to the resource over the Interactive Channel after the user has purchased or subscribed to the associated purchase item of the service. So Service and Content Protection might not always be required for services that can be accessed via the Interactive Channel.

In such a case the terminal performs the regular Service Request and Service Response message sequence as defined in section 5.1.5.2. Upon successful purchase or subscription the 'Service Response' message from the BSM contains the 'itemwiseStatusCode' attribute set related to respective 'PurchaseItemID' set to '029' (now subscribed). Further, in this case, the 'DRMProfileSpecificPart' element MAY be omitted. Upon reception of the request message the BSM MAY possibly proceed with the required charging event. Upon reception of the response message the terminal SHALL assume the network resource is accessible, i.e. the service can be consumed via the announced Access fragment in the Service Guide [BCAST10-SG].

5.11 Global Status Codes

The following table lists all the possible status codes for success or error case, and their applicability to each transaction. The table is to be used for GlobalStatusCode and roamingAuthorizationStatus in Provisioning and Roaming response messages. The codes may also be used in other response messages in other BCAST technical specifications.

Code	Status					
000	Success					
	The request was processed successfully.					
001	Device Authentication Failed					
	This code indicates that the BSM was unable to authenticate the device, which may be					
	due to the fact that the device is not registered with the BSM, or that inappropriate					
	security credentials were submitted by the device.					
	In this case, the user may contact the BSM, and establish a contract, or get the credentials in place that are used for authentication.					
002	User Authentication Failed					
002	This code indicates that the BSM was unable to authenticate the user, which may be					
	due to the fact that the user is not registered with the BSM, or that inappropriate					
	security credentials were submitted by the user.					
	In this case, the user may contact the BSM, and establish a contract, or get the					
	credentials in place that are used for authentication. Alternatively, if offered another					
	opportunity, the user may re-enter the security credentials required for user authentication.					
003	Purchase Item Unknown					
003	This code indicates that the requested purchase item is unknown. This can happen e.g.					
	if the device has a cached service guide with old information.					
	In this case, the user may re-acquire the service guide.					
004	Device Authorization Failed					
	This code indicates that the device is not authorized to get Long-Term Key Messages					
	from the RI. For example, the device certificate was revoked in the case of the DRM					
	Profile, or because trust relationship could not be established between the terminal and the BSM, in the case of the Smartcard Profile.					
005						
005	User Authorization Failed This and indicates that the year has not subscribed to the requested broadcast service.					
	This code indicates that the user has not subscribed to the requested broadcast service, in the case of either the DRM Profile or the Smartcard Profile. In this case, the user					
	may be given an opportunity to contact the BSM operator for service subscription.".					
006	Device Not Registered					
	This code indicates that the device is not registered with the RI that is used for the					
	transaction in the case of the DRM Profile, or that the device is not registered with the					
	BDS-SD or the BSM, in the case of the Smartcard Profile.					
	In this case, the device may automatically perform the registration, and, if the					
007	registration is successful, re-initiate the original transaction.					
007	Server Error This and indicates that there was a server error such as a machine to a					
	This code indicates that there was a server error, such as a problem connecting to a remote back-end system.					
	Temote out System.					

008	Mal-formed Message Error
	This code indicates that there has been a device malfunction, such as a mal-formed
	XML request.
	In such a case, the transaction may or may not (e.g. if there is an interoperability
	problem) succeed if it is re-initiated later.
	Note: This code can also be used between network entities
009	Charging Error
	This code indicates that the charging step failed (e.g. agreed credit limit reached,
	account blocked).
	The user may in such a case contact the BSM operator.
0.10	Note: This code can also be used between network entities.
010	No Subscription
	This code indicates that there has never been a subscription for this service item, or that
	the subscription for this item has terminated.
044	The user may in such a case issue a service request for a new subscription.
011	Operation not Permitted
	This code indicates that the operation that the device attempted to perform is not permitted under the contract between BSM and user.
	The user may in this case contact BSM operator and change the contract.
	Note: This code can also be used between network entities.
012	
012	Unsupported version This code indicates that the version number specified in the request message is not
	supported by the network.
	In case the terminal cannot fall back to another version, the user may contact the BSM
	operator.
	Note: This code can also be used between network entities.
013	Illegal Device
	This code indicates that the device requesting services is not acceptable to the BSM.
	E.g. Blacklisted.
	In this case, the user may contact the BSM operator.
014	Service Area not Allowed
	This code indicates that the device is not allowed in the requested area due to
	subscription limits
	In this case, the user may contact the BSM operator or subscribe to the applicable
	service.
015	Requested Service Unavailable
	This code indicates that the requested service is unavailable due to transmission
	problems.
	In this case, the request may be re-initiated at a later time.
016	Note: This code can also be used between network entities.
016	Request already Processed
	This code indicates that an identical request has been previously processed.
	In this case, the user or the entity may check to see if the request had already been processed (i.e. received an LTK), if not retry the request.
017	Information Element Non-existent
017	This code indicates that the message includes information elements not recognized
	because the information element identifier is not defined or it is defined but not
	implemented by the entity receiving the message.
	In this case related entities should contact each other.
	l .

Unspecified This code indicates that an error has occurred which cannot be identified. In this case related entities should contact each other. Process Delayed Due to heavy load, request is in the queue, waiting to be processed. In this case the user or entity should wait for the transaction to complete.	
019 Process Delayed Due to heavy load, request is in the queue, waiting to be processed.	
019 Process Delayed Due to heavy load, request is in the queue, waiting to be processed.	
Due to heavy load, request is in the queue, waiting to be processed.	
Note: If this error occurs between network entities, the system should wait for the	
transaction to complete.	
020 Generation Failure	
This code indicates that the request information (message) could not be generated.	
In this case the user or entity should retry later.	
021 Information Invalid	
This code indicates that the information given is invalid and cannot be used by the	
system.	
In this case the request should be rechecked and sent again.	
022 Invalid Request	
This code indicates that the requesting key materials and messages (e.g., LTKM) are not valid and can not be fulfilled.	
In this case the request should be rechecked and sent again.	
023 Wrong Destination	
This code indicates that the destination of the message is not the intended one.	
In this case the request should be rechecked and sent again.	
024 Delivery of Wrong Key Information	
This code indicates that the delivered key information and messages (e.g., LTKM) a	e
invalid.	•
In this case the request should be rechecked and sent again.	
025 Service Provider ID Unknown	
This code indicates a confliction when the Visited or Home Service Provider request	s a
message to the Home or Visited Service Provider.	
026 Service Provider BSM_ID Unknown	
This code indicates a confliction when the Visited or Home Service Provider BSM	
requests a message to the Home or Visited Service Provider BSM.	
027 Already in Use	
This indicates requested setup value is already used in the Network Entity. Respons message may contain the recommended value to use.	;
028 No Matching Fragment	
No fragment or SGDD matches the given request criteria.	
029 Now Subscribed	
Specifies whether the subscription did succeed. Upon reception of this status code the	2
terminal SHALL assume the service associated with the associated purchase item ca	
be consumed via the associated 'Access' fragment of the service as defined in the	
Service Guide [BCAST10-SG]. This status code SHALL NOT be returned if the	
Purchase Item in question is associated with a service that is protected by Service or Content Protection.	
030 User already subscribed with different purchase options	
Indicates that the user tries to repurchase an already subscribed item, but with different purchase and already subscribed item, but with different purchase options.	nt
options. This can happen when terminal loses subscription information. In this case,	
terminal MAY issue an AccountInquiry request to restore the subscription information	
031 ~ 127 Reserved for future use	
128 ~ 255 Reserved for proprietary use	

Table 35: Global Status Codes

5.12 Auxiliary data insertion and support for advertisements

The BCAST enabler supports the insertion of auxiliary data within the service in two ways.

The first method is based on triggers that are delivered within notification messages. Such triggers can be used to trigger presentation of terminal-resident data or to initiate downloading of data to be presented. Further, a trigger can be targeted to a certain set of terminals by specifying a target profile. This way of inserting auxiliary data can be used to a variety of purposes, including insertion of terminal-resident, personalized advertisements upon trigger. This method auxiliary data insertion, related signaling and message formats are normatively specified in chapter 5.14.

The second method is entirely based on network operation. The network elements that schedule and transmit the service can perform the insertion of auxiliary data as normal content, multiplexed with the service. This method of auxiliary data insertion does not support rendering of terminal-resident auxiliary data nor personalization. The Service Guide data model inherently supports this method of auxiliary data insertion: auxiliary data can be augmented in an existing content or a new 'Content' fragment can be instantiated for auxiliary data.

5.13 Subtitling and Closed Captions

The Network MAY provide the subtitling or closed captions for a service using 3GPP Timed Text format. The Terminal SHOULD support 3GPP Timed Text as a format for subtitling and closed captions. The 3GPP Timed Text format is defined in [3GPP TS 26.245]. The signalling for subtitling is defined in section 5.1.2.5.2 of [BCAST10-SG].

5.14 Notification Function

Notification function can be used to provide information about forthcoming, imminent or immediate events, messages and notifications related to the BCAST system, to all broadcast services, or to a specific broadcast service. The notifications may be targeted to all reachable terminals or users, or specific terminals or users. Notifications are delivered as Notification Messages, which can be delivered over Broadcast Channel or over Interaction Channel, and stored in the terminal. Notification Messages fall into at least two categories, one category is user-oriented Notification Messages which are to be displayed to terminal users, the other category is terminal-oriented Notification Messages which are to be used for terminal operation and should not be displayed to users. The users are able to subscribe to user-oriented service-specific notifications using Service Provisioning Function specified in Section 5. Advertisement may be directly sent as Notification Messages, or triggered for local insertion by notification. The following outlines the purpose of Notification function in terms of types of Notification Messages that are specified:

- Emergency messages
- General announcements (informing about BCAST system problems, operator announcements, etc.)
- Broadcast main service or content associated notifications
 - o Information regarding the availability of a specific service such as service breaks, abrupt change in the schedule (start time / end time) or access entry point of the service
 - o Service-specific information that is a part of service experience (such as news, sports scores, etc.)
 - o Information about services available in neighbouring systems, messages providing roaming support
 - o Download or update announcement on SGDD or SG fragments
 - o Download or update announcement on normal files such as movie, music, software, etc.
 - o Auxiliary data downloading or insertion trigger (which are related to the main service or contents)
 - o Other information related to the main service or content
- Notification-based information that the user has subscribed (i.e. asked to get delivered as soon the information is available).

Specification of Notification function consists of following parts:

- Discovery of availability and access to notifications
- Specification of event types of notifications (eventType)
- Format of Notification Message (syntax as defined by XML Schema in [BCAST10-XMLSchema-Notification])
- Notification Message delivery

- o Delivery over Broadcast Channel
- o Push delivery over Interaction Channel (including subscribing to notifications over Interaction Channel)
- o Polling notifications over Interaction Channel
- Notification interfaces(syntax as defined by XML Schema in [BCAST10-XMLSchema-Notification]).

5.14.1 Discovery of Availability and Access to Notifications

5.14.1.1 Discovery of availability and access to general notifications

General notifications are not bound to any specific service. Usually they are meant to be received by either all or majority of terminals. Examples of general notifications are emergency messages and announcements related to the operational aspects of BCAST system.

General notifications can be delivered either over Broadcast Channel or over Interaction Channel. The availability and access to general notifications can be discovered through SGDD.

5.14.1.1.1 General notifications: discovery through SGDD

The availability and access to general notifications can be signalled using the Service Guide Delivery Descriptor by including the 'NotificationReception' element in the SGDD as defined in section 5.4.1.5 of [BCAST10-SG].

- NTC in the Terminal SHALL support the signalling of the availability and access to general notifications through the SGDD.
- NTDA in the Network SHALL support the signalling of the availability and access to general notifications through the SGDD.

5.14.1.2 Discovery of availability and access to service-specific notifications

Service-specific notifications are notifications that are associated with a specific service. Usually they are meant to be received by the terminals that are accessing the service in question. Examples of service-specific notifications are sports goals, news and operational announcements related to a specific service.

Service-specific notifications can be delivered either over Broadcast Channel or over Interaction Channel. The availability and access to service-specific notifications can be discovered through 'Access' fragment.

5.14.1.2.1 Service-specific notifications: discovery through 'Access' fragment

The availability and access to service-specific notifications can be signalled by including the 'NotificationReception' element in any of the 'Access' fragments associated with a Service as defined in section 5.1.2.4 of [BCAST10-SG].

- NTC in the Terminal SHALL support the signalling of the availability and access to service-specific notifications through 'Access' fragment.
- NTDA in the Network SHALL support the signalling of the availability and access to service-specific notifications through the 'Access' fragment.

5.14.2 Specification of event types of notifications (eventType)

Attribute 'eventType' describes the type of notification and is used both in Notification Message and in Notification Request. In the Notification Message the eventType allows the Terminal to identify the type of the received notification. In the Notification Request the eventType allows the Terminal to specify the type of the requested notifications. The following are the values for eventType that both Terminal and Network SHALL support.

EventType	Name	Description
0	Unspecified notification	
	1-63: Use	er oriented notifications
1	Emergency notification	To announce emergency messages to users.
2	SG download or update notification	To announce download or update of SGDD or SG fragments
3	File download or update notification	To announce download or update of normal files such as movie, music, software, etc.
4	Service availability	To announce the errors, problems or interruption of

	notification	broadcast main services or contents. To announce the abrupt schedule changes of broadcast main service or content To announce the abrupt changes on access entry point of broadcast main service or content.
5	Supplemental service notification	To announce service supplemental information that is a part of service experience (such as news, sports scores, promotional events etc.)
6	Roaming support notification	To announce the information about services available in neighbouring systems, providing roaming support
7-63	For future use	
	64-127: Terr	minal oriented notifications
64	Auxiliary Data Trigger for Real-time main contents	To trigger either the auxiliary data downloading and storage, or the auxiliary data insertion, associated with the real-time main service or content. This notification may be associated with filtering related data to support customization of the auxiliary data storage or insertion.
65	Auxiliary Data Trigger for Non-Real-time main contents	To trigger either the auxiliary data downloading and storage, or the auxiliary data insertion, associated with the non-real-time main service content. This notification may be associated with filtering related data to support customization of the auxiliary data storage or insertion.
66 -127	For future use	
128 -255	For proprietary use	

Table 36: Event Types of Notifications

5.14.3 Format of Notification Message

Notification Message structure consists of:

- Generic fields: id, version, notificationType, eventType, IDRef, validTo, Title, Description, PresentationType and Extension
- **Notification content:** SessionInformation, MediaInformation, SGDD, SGDDReference, FragmentReference and AuxDataTrigger

While the generic fields can be used with all types of notifications, the notification content varies according to the notification type and event type. For example: emergency notification could contain generic fields + MediaInformation; SG download or update notification could contain SGDD, SGDDReference, or FragmentReference, etc.

A Notification Message carrying Service Guide update (eventType with value 2) SHALL only notify updates that relate to the currently bootstrapped Service Guide.

Name	Type	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
Notification	Е			Notification Message	
Message					
				Contains the following attributes:	
				id	
				version	
				notificationType	
				eventType	
				validTo	
				Contains the following elements:	

				IDRef	
				Title	
				Description	
				PresentationType	
				Extension	
				SessionInformation	
				MediaInformation	
				SGDD	
				SGDDReference	
				FragmentID	
				AuxDataTrigger	
				PrivateExt	
id	A	NM/ TM	1	Identifier of Notification Message	anyURI
version	A	NM/	1	Notification Message version information. It is to	unsignedInt
CISIOII	' '	TM		be used to check for Notification Message	undignedint
				Redundancy and new Notification Messages. This	
				field can be expressed as the first 32bits integer	
				part of NTP time stamps.	
notificationT	A	NM/	1	Notification Type. Allowed values are:	unsignedByt
ype		TM		0 - this message is user-oriented message, such as	e
				notice from SP, emergency, etc.	
				1- this message is terminal-oriented message,	
				such as AuxData Trigger, etc.	
				2-127: For future use	
				128-255: For proprietary use	
eventType	A	NM/TM	1	Type of notification event carried in this Notification Message. See section 5.14.2	unsignedByt e
validTo	A	NM/	01	Valid time of Notification Message. This field	unsignedInt
		TM		expressed as the first 32bits integer part of NTP	
				time stamps.	
				If 'validTo' is specified, the Notification Message	
				SHOULD be expired at the specified time.	
IDRef	E1	NM/	0N	Fragment ID references of the main services or	anyURI
		TM		contents which the Notification Message is	
T:41 a	E1	NIM/	0 N	related to	atrina
Title	E1	NM/ TM	0N	Title of Notification Message, possibly in multiple languages.	string
		1 1/1		The language is expressed using built-in XML	
				attribute 'xml:lang' with this element.	
Description	E1	NM/	0N	Description or Messages of Notification, possibly	string
p		TM		in multiple languages	Jump
				The language is expressed using built-in XML	
				attribute 'xml:lang' with this element	
Presentation	E1	NM/	01	Recommends the type of presentation for the	unsignedByt
Type		TM		received Notification Messages based on the	e
				priority of the Notification Message. Allowed	
				values are:	
				0 – For high priority Notification Messages,	
				Terminal MAY immediately render the message	
				after interrupting all the applications.	
				1 – For medium priority Notification Messages,	

Extension	E1	NM/ TM	0N	Terminal MAY immediately render the message, overlaying the present playing services. 2 – For low priority Notification Messages, Terminal MAY NOT immediately render the message, the user can see the stored message whenever he or she wants. 3-127: For future use 128-255: For proprietary use Additional information related to this Notification Message. Contains following attribute: url Contains following sub-element: Description	
url	A	NM/ TM	1	URL containing additional information related to this notification.	anyURI
Description	E2	NM/ TM	0N	Description regarding the additional information which can be retrieved from a web page. The language is expressed using built-in XML attribute 'xml:lang' with this element	string
SessionInformation	El	NM/ TM	0N	This element SHALL be present when the Notification Message carries pointer to another delivery session, for example for file download or update, SG download or update, or auxiliary data download. SessionInformation defines the delivery session information, transport object identifiers of the objects delivered through the indicated session, and URI as alternative method for delivery over interaction channel. After receiving Notification Message with SessionInformation, Terminal would access the relevant session specified by SessionInformation and take a proper action like receiving contents. Contains the following attributes: validFrom validTo usageType Contains the following elements: DeliverySession AlternativeURI Relatively long-lived auxiliary data associated with this Notification Message SHOULD be scheduled for distribution using the Service Guide. On the other hand, dynamic updates of auxiliary data MAY be delivered on the delivery session referenced by this SessionInformation.	unsignedInt
validFrom	A	NM/ TM	01	The first moment when the session for terminal to receive data is valid. This field expressed as the first 32bits integer part of NTP time stamps.	unsignedInt

validTo	A	NM/ TM	01	The last moment when the session for terminal to receive data is valid. This field expressed as the first 32bits integer part of NTP time stamps.	unsignedInt
usageType	A	NM/ TM	01	Defines the type of the object transmitted through the indicated delivery session. Allowed values are:	unsignedByt e
				0 – unspecified	
				1 - files	
				2- streams 3 – SGDD only	
				4 – mixed SGDD and SGDU	
				5 - notification	
				6-127 reserved for future use	
				128-255 reserved for proprietary use	
				Note: the delivery session only carrying SGDUs is declared through 'SGDD' element or "SGDDReference" element in this Notification Message.	
				Default: 0	
Delivery Session	E2	NM/ TM	01	Target delivery session information indicated by the Notification Message.	
				Contains the following attributes: ipAddress	
				port	
				sourceIP	
				transmissionSessionID	
				Contains the following element:	
				TransportObjectID	
ipAddress	A	NM	1	Destination IP address of the target delivery session	string
nont	Α	TM	1		un si an adCh a
port	A	NM/ TM	1	Destination port of target delivery session	unsignedSho rt
sourceIP	A	NM/ TM	01	Source IP address of the delivery session	string
transmission SessionID	A	NM/ TM	1	This is the Transmission Session Identifier (TSI) of the session at ALC/LCT level.	unsignedSho rt
Transport ObjectID	E3	NM/ TM	0N	The transport object ID (TOI) of the object transmitted through the indicated delivery session	positiveInteg er
AlternativeU	E2	NM/	01	Alternative URI for receiving the object via the	anyURI
RI		TM		interaction channel. If terminal cannot access the	
				indicated delivery session, the terminal can receive the objects associated with the Notification Message by AlternativeURI.	
Media	E1	NO/	01	This element SHALL be present when the	
Information		TM		Notification Message carries information for	
				rendering support of the notification.	

				Media Information is used to construct and render Notification Messages. The notification media objects declared below can be delivered over a file delivery session specified by 'SessionInformation' element, or be retrieved via interaction channel via URI of the media object.	
				Contains the following elements:	
				Picture	
				Video	
D: 4	F2	NO	0.14	Audio	
Picture	E2	NO/ TM	0N	Defines how to obtain a picture and MIME type.	
				Contains the following attributes:	
				mimeType	
				pictureURI	
mimeType	A	NO/	01	MIME type of Picture	string
· A LIDI		TM	0.1	THE LUDY C	TIDI
pictureURI	A	NO/ TM	01	The URI referencing the picture	anyURI
Video	E2	NO/	0N	Defines how to obtain a video and MIME type.	
		TM			
				Contains the following attributes:	
				mimeType codec	
				videoURI	
mimeType	A	NO/	01	MIME type of Video	string
		TM		**	
codec	A	NO/ TM	01	The codec parameters for the associated MIME Media type. If the file's MIME type definition specifies mandatory parameters, these MUST be included in this string. Optional parameters containing information that can be used to determine as to whether the terminal can make use of the file SHOULD be included in the string. One example of the parameters defined for video/3GPP, video/3GPP2 is specified in [RFC 4281].	string
videoURI	A	NO/ TM	01	The URI referencing the video	anyURI
Audio	E2	NO/ TM	0N	Defines how to obtain a audio and MIME type.	
				Contains the following attributes: mimeType codec AudioURI	
mimeType	A	NO/ TM	01	MIME type of Audio	string
codec	A	NO/ TM	01	The codec parameters for the associated MIME Media type. If the file's MIME type definition specifies mandatory parameters, these MUST be	string

				included in this string. Optional parameters	
				containing information that can be used to determine as to whether the terminal can make use of the file SHOULD be included in the string. One example of the parameters defined for audio/3GPP, audio/3GPP2 is specified in [RFC 4281].	
audioURI	A	NO/ TM	01	The URI referencing the audio	anyURI
SGDD	E1	NO/ TO	0N	Service Guide Delivery Descriptor(s) embedded in the Notification Message. SGDD(s) described within this element SHALL relate to the currently bootstrapped Service Guide.	complexTyp e as specified in [BCAST10- SG]
SGDDRefere nce	E1	NO/ TM	0N	Reference to the Service Guide Delivery Descriptor(s). This element SHALL be present when the Notification Message notifies update of the SGDD(s) referenced by this element. All attributes of 'SGDDReference' element SHALL be supported by the network if 'SGDDReference' element is supported by the network. SGDD(s) referenced by this element SHALL relate to the currently bootstrapped Service Guide. Contains the following attributes: id version	
id	A	NO/ TM	01	Unique identifier of the SGDD within one specific SG	anyURI
version	A	NO/ TM	01	Version of SGDD	unsignedInt
FragmentRef erence	EI	NO/ TM	0N	Reference to the Service Guide fragments. This element SHALL be present when the Notification Message notifies update of the SG fragments referenced by this element. All attributes of 'FragmentReference' element SHALL be supported by the network if 'FragmentReference' element is supported by the network. Contains the following attributes: id version	anyURI
id	A	NO/ TM	01	Identifier of the fragment	anyURI
version	A	NO/ TM	01	Version of the fragment	unsignedInt
AuxDataTrig ger	E1	NO/ TO	0N	This Element contains information to trigger the auxiliary data downloading and storage, or the auxiliary data insertion associated with main	

				service or content	
				service or content. 'globalContentID' and/or 'FilteringData' can be used to identify and/or fetch the auxiliary data content, and/or FilteringData associated with the auxiliary data content. Note: The auxiliary data downloading trigger indicates that auxiliary data should be downloaded and stored when the filtering criteria are met. Absence of FilteringData in the downloading trigger implies that the auxiliary data should be stored. Persistence of storage is terminal implementation dependent. Contains the following Elements: GlobalContentID FilteringData PresentationRule	
GlobalConte ntID	E2	NO/ TM	01	Globally Unique Identifier of the auxiliary data content.	anyURI
FilteringData	E2	NO/ TO	0N	Reference to the location of the filtering related information associated with the AuxDataTrigger Notification Message, or the filtering-related information embedded within this Notification Message. Note: filtering related information can include attributes, values, rules, filter IDs, etc. Contains the following sub-elements: Location TargetProfile FilterIDs Either Location, TargetProfile, or FilterIDs, but not more than one of these sub-elements, MAY be present in FilteringData.	
Location	E3	NO/ TM	01	Reference to the location of the filtering related information associated with the AuxDataTrigger, from which that data can be retrieved.	anyURI
TargetProfile	E3	NO /TM	0N	Filter rules and/or attributes to be used in the selection of auxiliary data for downloading and storage, or insertion. The extensible list of TargetProfile for a particular AuxDataTrigger notification enables the filtering/customization of the auxiliary data triggered by the notification, according to any specified filtering characteristic, e.g. user preference, user age, user location, service provider, etc. The number of TargetProfile entries SHALL be the same as the number of SessionInformation entries, and specifically, TargetProfile 1 maps to SessionInformation 1, TargetProfile 2 maps to SessionInformation 2, and so on. Attribute: filterID Sub-elements:	

				Attribute	
				FilterRules	
filterID	A	NO	01	Note: TargetProfile is intended to be used to identify the type of auxiliary data file associated with the AuxDataTrigger notification. As an example, for an ad insertion event, 'attributeName' = "URI" and 'attributeValue' = "advertisement" can be used to match against the URI identifiers of auxiliary data files stored on the terminal for the keyword "advertisement". Such mechanism would identify all the advertisements stored on the terminal, for subsequent insertion selection based on filter rules/attributes. Identity of the TargetProfile to be stored on the	anyURI
		/TM		terminal for subsequent reference as a Filter ID sent as part of the FilterIDs (E3).	
Attribute	E4	NO/ TM	0N	Profile attribute. Contains the following attributes: name value	
name	A	NM/TM	1	Profile attribute name	string
value	A	NM/ TM	1	Profile attribute value.	string
FilterRules	E4	NM/ TM	01	Filter rules that are used in the selection of auxiliary data for downloading and storage, or insertion.	string
FilterID	E3	NO /TM	0N	Zero or more filter IDs used in the selection of auxiliary data for downloading and storage, or insertion. Each ad filter ID is an alias for a corresponding set of filter rules stored in the terminal. The rule set(s) in the FilterID list is(are) applied to the selection of the auxiliary data for downloading and storage, or insertion. The FilterID refers to the TargetProfile previously stored on the terminal.	anyURI
Presentation Rule	E2	NO/ TM	01	Specifies the presentation rules when the cached content should be rendered with this Notification Message. Contains the following attributes: renderingTime duration	
renderingTi me	A	NO/ TM	01	Specifies the timing to start the presentation of the auxiliary data. In case eventType = 64 this element represent the time instant as the first 32bits integer part of NTP time for which the Notification Message is displayed or the auxiliary data insertion event occurs. In case eventType = 65, this element represent the	unsignedInt

				offset in segments for which the auxiliary data insertion event occurs, relative to the start of the presentation of the associated main content.	
duration	A	NO/ TM	01	Time length of presentation of the auxiliary data in seconds.	unsignedSho rt
PrivateExt	E1	NO/ TO	01	An element serving as a container for proprietary or application-specific extensions.	
<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre>elements></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	E2	NO/TO	0N	Proprietary or application-specific elements that are not defined in this specification. These elements may further contain sub-elements or attributes.	

Table 37: Structure of Notification Message

5.14.4 Notification Message Delivery

Notification Messages are created by the NTG (Notification Generation Function) according to the structure in 7.3 and are prepared for delivery by the NTDA (Notification Distribution/Adaptation Function). Notification Messages MAY be delivered in a number of ways:

- Notification Message delivery over Broadcast Channel (see section 5.14.4.1)
- Notification Message push-delivery over Interaction Channel (see section 5.14.4.2)
 - o Related to push-delivery over Interaction, subscribing to Notification Messages (see section 5.14.4.2.1)
- Polling Notification Messages over Interaction Channel (see section 5.14.4.3)

5.14.4.1 Notification Message Delivery over Broadcast Channel

Over Broadcast Channel, the Notification Messages SHALL be delivered to terminals using one of the following methods:

1) UDP delivery: The Notification Message is delivered in a UDP packet.

The UDP packet SHALL be sent over the Broadcast Channel using the UDP destination port defined in the NotificationReception in the SGDD or the 'Access' fragment and the IP address of the ongoing session that the Notification Message is targeted for. If a separate IP address is defined in the NotificationReception in the SGDD or 'Access' fragment for the Notification Message then it SHALL be used. It is RECOMMENDED that to avoid IP level segmentation, Notification Message sizes should be less than 1500 bytes, the average network MTU (Maximum Transfer Unit) size.

To decrease the message size, GZIP MAY be used to compress the Notification Message.

The payload of the UDP file SHALL start with a header as specified below, followed by the uncompressed or compressed Notification Message. The format of the header is defined as follows:

Field	Type	Definition
Payload_type		Signals the type of the payload
	uimsbf4	Values: 0 – Notification according to MIME type vnd.oma.bcast.notification+xml 1-7 – reserved for future BCAST extensions 8-15 – reserved for proprietary extensions
Encoding_type	uimsbf4	Signals the encoding of the payload Values: 0 – unencoded 1 – GZIP encoded

2-7 – reserved for future BCAST extensions
8-15 – reserved for proprietary extensions

Table 38: Header for UDP Delivery of Notification Message

Mnemonics: uimsbf4 = Unsigned 4 bit Integer, most significant bit first

2) **File delivery:** The Notification Message is delivered in a separate file delivery session, which has been announced previously in a separate Notification Message using the 'DeliverySession' element. This delivery method is RECOMMENDED in case the Notification Message size exceeds the MTU size.

To decrease the message size, GZIP MAY be used to compress the Notification Message. The fact that a message is compressed SHALL be signalled in the FDT. The Content-Type of a Notification Message in the FDT SHALL be signalled as "application/vnd.oma.bcast.notification+xml".

The terminal SHALL support GZIP decompression of Notification Messages.

The Notification Messages MAY be repeatedly transmitted by the Service Provider or Network Provider to increase the probability of all intended terminals receive the Notification Messages.

The following figures illustrate the protocol stacks of the two Notification Message delivery methods over the Broadcast Channel:

Notification Message ALC/LCT/FLUTE UDP IP

Figure 1: Notification message delivery protocol stack variant 1

Notification Message UDP IP

Figure 2: Notification message delivery protocol stack variant 2

5.14.4.2 Notification Message push-delivery over Interaction Channel

The NDTA MAY deliver a Notification Message to the NTC using OMA Push as defined in [BCAST10-Distribution]. The terminal MAY support reception of Notification Messages delivered with OMA Push as defined in [BCAST10-Distribution].

5.14.4.2.1 Subscribing and Unsubscribing to User-oriented Notification Messages

Service Provisioning Function SHOULD be used for subscribing or unsubscribing Notification Message over Interaction channel. If the terminal has interaction capability, the terminal SHOULD support subscription and unsubscription of Notification Messages.

- When Terminal subscribes service-specific notification or notification service, Service Request message (See section 5.1.5) SHALL include 'ServiceID' element and 'notification' attribute under 'ServiceID' element
- When Terminal unsubscribes service-specific notification or notification service, Unsubscription message (See section 5.1.5) SHALL include 'keepSubscription' attribute, 'ServiceID' element and 'notification' attribute under 'ServiceID' element.

5.14.4.3 Polling notifications over Interaction Channel

The NTC in Terminal with Interaction Channel capability SHALL support polling to notifications over Interaction Channel as follows:

- NTC sends HTTP Request to the pollURL associated with NTDA that is provided in SGDD or 'Access' fragment within the 'NotificationReception' element.
- Response to the HTTP Request SHALL be Notification Message encapsulated in HTTP message. Content-Type of the HTTP message SHALL be set to "application/vnd.oma.bcast.notification+xml".

5.14.5 Notification Interfaces

The following sections specify the Notification interfaces between logical BCAST "backend" entities for message exchanges. The specification is applicable if the interfaces are exposed in a BCAST implementation. If a BCAST implementation does not expose the interfaces, i,e, they are implementation internal, they can be realized using protocols and methods not specified here. If a BCAST implementation does expose the interfaces, the network SHALL support the Notification Backend Interfaces syntax as defined by XML Schema in [BCAST10-XMLSchema-Notification].

5.14.5.1 Protocol Stacks

The following protocol stack SHALL be used for exchanging messages between Notification Components such as CC, NTE, NTG, and NTDA. HTTP or HTTPS that SHALL be based on SSL 3.0 [SSL30] and TLS 1.0 [RFC 2246] over TCP/IP SHALL be used for the delivery of messages.

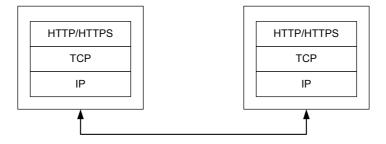


Figure 3: Noticifcation component exchange protocol stack

Messages to and from CC, NTE, NTG or NTDA are transported using HTTP by placing both the requests and the responses addressed to CC, NTE, NTG or NTDA into the payload of the HTTP messages. The requests SHOULD be transported using HTTP POST and the responses SHOULD be transported using the HTTP responses corresponding to the HTTP POST requests. The syntax for the requests SHOULD be as follows:

- POST <host>/oma/bcast1.0/nt HTTP/1.1\r\n<NTEReq>
- POST <host>/oma/bcast1.0/nt HTTP/1.1\r\n<NTDReq>

where the <host> denotes the part of the URI representing the address of the host.

Both the HTTP POST message and the corresponding HTTP response MAY also contain the following HTTP header fields:

- 'Content-Length',
- 'Content-Type' which if used SHALL be set to "text/xml" and
- 'Host' in case the 'Request-URI' is not in the absolute form specified in [RFC 2616].

5.14.5.2 Notification Event Delivery

Notification Event can be generated in CC, BSA, BSM, or BSD/A. Each Entity delivers Notification Event via Backend Interface such as NT-1, NT-3, and NT-4. CC can deliver Notification Event to NTE via NT-1, NTE will deliver Notification Event generated in either CC or BSA to NTG via NT-3, and NTDA will deliver Notification Event generated in BSD/A to NTG via NT-4.

5.14.5.2.1 Request Message

The following is the delivery message of Notification Event, which is sent from the CC (Content Creation) to the NTE over interface NT-1, from NTE to NTG over interface NT-3 or NTDA to NTG over interface NT-4.

Name	Type	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
				Specifies the delivery message of Notification Event for generating Notification Message. Contains the following attributes: nteID	
NTEReq	E			entityAddress deliveryPriority	
				Contains the following elements:	
nteID	A	M	1	NotificationEvent Identifier of Notification Event	unsignedInt
entityAddres s	A	M	1	Network Entity Address to receive the response of this message.	anyURI
deliveryPrior ity	A	0	01	Defines the priority of this notification event. This information is applied to generate Notification Message in NTG. NTG may be ignored this field.	boolean
NotificationE vent	El	М	1N	Specifies the Notification Event, containing information to be included into the Notification Message. It is RECOMMENDED that the information is delivered in the form of BCAST Notification Message format (as specified in section 5.14.3). Other formats MAY be used only for NT-1. Contains the following sub-element: NotificationMessage	
Notification Message	E2	0	01	BCAST NotificationMessage format as specified in section 5.14.3. The following rule applies to child elements or attributes of NotificationMessage which are not relevant: If the element/attribute has a minimum cardinality of 0, it SHALL NOT be instantiated. Otherwise, it SHALL be delivered as empty field.	complexTyp e as specified in section 5.14.3
Private	E2	О	01	This container allows to use data formats not specified in BCAST.	

Table 39: Structure of Notification Event Request Message

5.14.5.2.2 Response Message

The following is the response message of NotificationEvent Delivery and which is sent from the NTE to CC over interface NT-1, from NTG to NTE over interface NT-3 or form NTG to NTDA over interface NT-4.

Name	Type	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
				Specifies the Response message for NTEReq.	
NTERes	Е			Contains the following elements:	
				Result	
				The list of results, each entry consisting of a pair of ID and statusCode	
Result	E1	M	1N	Contains the following attributes:	
				nteID	
				statusCode	
nteID	A	M	1	Identifier of NTEReq Message	unsignedInt
statusCode	A	M	1	Indicates the overall outcome how NTEReq is processed, according to the global status code (as specified in Section 5.11).	unsignedByt e

Table 40: Structure of Notification Event Response Message

5.14.5.3 Notification Message Delivery

Notification Message is generated by NTG in BSM. NTG will request to deliver Notification Message to NTDA via NT-4.

5.14.5.3.1 Request Message

The following is the delivery message of Notification Message which is sent from the NTG to NTDA over interface NT-4.

Name	Type	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
				Specifies the Request message of Notification Message Delivery from NTG to NTDA.	
NTDReq	Е			Contains the following attributes: ntdReqID entityAddress deliveryPriority	
				Contains the following elements:	
				TargetAddress	
				NotificationMessage	
ntdReqID	A	M	1	Identifier of NTDReq	unsignedInt
entityAddres s	A	M	1	Network Entity Address to receive the response of this message.	anyURI
deliveryPrior ity	A	О	01	Defines the delivery priority of this Notification Message. NTG can request NTDA to deliver this notification message as high priority. If priority=true, it means high priority. If priority=false, it means general message.	boolean
TargetAddre ss	E1	0	0N	Specifies TargetAddress to deliver Notification Message. For service-specific notification, AccessReference or address under NotificationReception in 'Access' fragment can be possible value.	string

				If Notification message is delivered over interaction channel, the value can be e-mail address, IMSI, etc.	
				If not given, Notification message SHALL be delivered to all users of the service provider using address defined in SGDD.	
				Contains the following attributes: deliveryChannel AddressType	
deliveryChan nel	A	М	1	Specifies the delivery channel If deliveryChannel = false, Notification Message SHALL be delivered over Broadcast Channel. If deliveryChannel = true, Notification Message SHALL be delivered over Interaction Channel.	boolean
addressType	A	М	1	Specifies the type of TargetAddress Value 0 - IPAddress 1 - anyURI 2 - IMSI 3 -127: For Future Use 128 - 255: For Proprietary Use	unsignedByt e
Notification Message	E1	O	01	BCAST NotificationMessage format as specified in section 5.14.3. The following rule applies to child elements or attributes of NotificationMessage which are not relevant: If the element/attribute has a minimum cardinality of 0, it SHALL NOT be instantiated. Otherwise, it SHALL be delivered as empty field.	complexTyp e as specified in section 5.14.3

Table 41: Structure of Notification Delivery Request Message

5.14.5.3.2 Response Message

The following is the response message of Notification Message Delivery which is sent from NTDA to NTG over interface NT-4.

Name	Type	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
				Specifies the Response message for NTDReq.	
NTDRes	NTDRes		Contains the following elements:		
				Result	
				The list of results, each entry consisting of a pair of request ID and statusCode	
Result E1 M 1N	1N	1N Contains the following attributes:			
				ntdReqID	
				statusCode	
ntdReqID	A	М	1	Identifier of NTDReq Message	unsignedInt
statusCode	A	M	1	Indicates the overall outcome how NTDReq is processed, according to the global status code (as specified in Section 5.11).	unsignedByt e

Table 42: Structure of Notification Delivery Response Message

5.14.6 Minimal support for emergency notifications

If the terminal supports emergency notifications, then the terminal SHALL support the use of Notification Function for those notifications as follows:

- The terminal SHALL be able to discover of the entry point to notification delivery channel as specified in section 5.14.1.1.1 through the use of element 'NotificationReception'. Further, the terminal SHALL assume that 'NotificationReception' element describes the entry point to general notification delivery channel within which the notification messages are delivered using "UDP Delivery" as specified in section 5.14.4.1.
- The terminal SHALL support the "UDP delivery" over Broadcast Channel as specified in section 5.14.4.1 as follows:
 - o The terminal SHALL support 'Payload_type' having value '0'
 - The terminal SHALL support 'Encoding_type' having value '0'
- The terminal SHALL support the Notification Message format for emergency notifications as follows:
 - The terminal SHALL assume that attribute 'notificationType' is assigned with value '0' (user oriented notification message)
 - The terminal SHALL assume that attribute 'eventType' is assigned with value '1' (emergency notification)
 - The terminal SHALL assume that element 'Title' is present and expressed possibly in multiple languages.
 - o The terminal SHALL assume that element 'Description' is present and expressed possibly in multiple languages.
 - The terminal SHALL assume that element 'PresentationType' is assigned with value '0' (high-priority notification messages)
 - The terminal MAY skip all the other elements and attributes in the Notification Message.

Appendix A. Change History

(Informative)

A.1 Approved Version History

Reference	Date	Description
n/a	n/a	No prior version

A.2 Draft/Candidate Version 1_0 History

Document Identifier	Date	Sections	Description
Draft Versions	17 Jan 2005	all	Initial draft
OMA-TS-BCAST_Services-V1_0	23 Jun 2005	4, 5.2	Incorporates agreed Change Requests:
			OMA-BCAST-2005-0207R02-Clarification-on-Use-of-Interactive-
			Channel
			OMA-BCAST-2005-0256R01-Specification-text-for-Terminal- Provisioning-in-BCAST.zip
			Editorial clean-up
	9 Sep 2005	3.2, 3.3, 5.1,	Incorporates agreed Change Requests:
		5.2	OMA-BCAST-2005-0138R06-Service-Provisioning-Specification (some editorial modifications necessary)
			OMA-BCAST-2005-0275R04-CR-TS-Interaction-Protocol-Stack
	7 Nov 2005	2.1, 2.2, 3.2,	Incorporates agreed Change Requests:
		5, 5.3, 5.4,	OMA-BCAST-2005-0360R03-Interaction-Simplified
		5.7, 5.8, 5.9, 6.1	OMA-BCAST-2005-0406R04-Interaction-fragment-for-the-service- guide
			OMA-BCAST-2005-0499R01-Interface-mapping-in-main-TS
			OMA-BCAST-2005-0502R03-CR-Location-Information-Availability
			OMA-BCAST-2005-0503R01-CR-TS-Mobility [actually integrated document was 503R02 since 503R01 contains corrupted word document]
			OMA-BCAST-2005-0504R01-CR-TS-Personalization
			OMA-BCAST-2005-0505R01-CR-TS-Roaming
			OMA-BCAST-2005-0547R02-CR-Terminal-Provisioning-gap-filling
			OMA-BCAST-2005-0551-Service-Provisioning-terminology-
			corrections
			OMA-BCAST-2005-0553R01-CR-types-of-interactivity
	18 Nov 2005	5.2, 5.6, 5.8,	Incorporates agreed Change Requests:
		5.9	OMA-BCAST-2005-0496R03-CR-Charging
			OMA-BCAST-2005-0545R02-CR-Roaming_TS
			OMA-BCAST-2005-0574R01-Clarification-on-enforcement-of-LOC-
			dependent-features OMA-BCAST-2005-0576-CR-TS-Terminal-Provisioning-Signallin
	5 Jan 2006	3.2, 5.2, 5.3,	Incorporates agreed Change Requests:
	3 Jan 2000	5.2, 5.2, 5.3, 5.3.6, C, D	OMA-BCAST-2005-0679-CR-error-correction-for-ExtensionURL
			OMA-BCAST-2005-0690R01-CR-InteractivityMedia-FileBundling
			OMA-BCAST-2005-0698R02-CR-
			Terminal_Provisioning_Modification
			OMA-BCAST-2005-0703R02-
			Additional_Terminal_Provisioning_method
			OMA-BCAST-2005-0729R01-CR-Roaming_Flow
			OMA-BCAST-2005-0735R01-CR-UserIDdefinition

Г	22712001		Tr. Jan B
	23 Feb 2006		Incorporates agreed Change Requests:
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0125-Gzip-Redundancy-Fix
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0101R01-Clarification-on-Interactive-Service- Ordering
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0100R01-Clarification-on-Interactive-Service- Guide-Retrieval
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0099R01-TS-Service-Correction-on-Error-Code
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0098-CR-to-TS-Service-Section-5
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0097-Clean-up-of-Section-3.2
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0084-CR-TS-Interaction-Corrections.zip
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0081-CR-Renaming_SG_Retrieval_Message.zip
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0077R01-CR-Interaction-Issue-SMS.zip
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0075-CR-Bug-fixes-for-Service-Interaction.zip
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0074-CR-Bug-fixes-for-InteractivityMedia-document.zip
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0037-Cleanup_of_Terminal_Provisioning.zip
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0127-
			Clean_up_the_sentences_related_with_ServiceClass
			Minor editorial cleanup (typos, formatting)
	28 Feb 2006		Incorporates agreed Change Request:
			OMA-BCAST-2005-0692R02-Add-status-information
	15 Mar 2006	5.1, 5.2,	Incorporates agreed Change Requests:
		5.3.6.1, 5.6, 5.8	OMA-BCAST-2005-0694R03-Add-more-elements-in-roaming-
		3.8	messages
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0148R01-Mandating-DM-for-BCAST
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0156-CR-MCC-BCAST-Task-Force-Conclusion
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0181-CR-Service-Ordering-Global-Purchase-Item- ID
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0194R02-CR-Improved-SMS-based-interaction
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0210R01-CR-Status-Codes-TS_Services
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0214R03-CR_TS_Roaming
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0220R01-UserID-clarification-with-Type
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0225R01-CR-harmonized-BCAST-crossreferences
	20 Mar 2006	5.1.6.1,	Incorporates agreed Change Request:
		5.1.6.7	OMA-BCAST-2006-0247-Notification-Subscription-in-Service-
			Provisioning
	26 Mar 2006	5.1.7 (new),	Incorporates agreed Change Requests:
		В	OMA-BCAST-2006-0263R01-TS-Services-Account-Inquiry
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0272R01-CR-TS-Services-SCR-tables
	19 Apr 2006		Updated table of content and 2006 Copyright

8 Dec 2006	All	Incorporated Change Requests Tentatively Agreed during Consistency Review:
		OMA-BCAST-2006-0298R02-Missing-Abbreviations-IPDC-over- DVB-H-adaptation (NEC)
		OMA-BCAST-2006-0310R02-CR- Global_Status_Code_Cross_Reference_Table (Samsung, LGE)
		OMA-BCAST-2006-0322R03-
		CR_CR_TS_Updating_Definitions_for_TS_Services (Nokia, Cingular) OMA-BCAST-2006-0323R01-CR-TS-Updated-Scope-and- Introduction-for-TS-Services (Nokia)
		OMA-BCAST-2006-0392-CR-Adding_reference _abbreviations_at_BCAST_Service_TS (LGE)
		OMA-BCAST-2006-0394R02-CR-Roaming_Clarified (Samsung)
		OMA-BCAST-2006-0438R07-Restructuring-Service-Provisioning- Message (Samsung)
		OMA-BCAST-2006-0439R01-Restructuring-Roaming-Message (Samsung)
		OMA-BCAST-2006-0441R01-Mapping-Table-in-Charging-Section (Samsung)
		OMA-BCAST-2006-0442R01-Cleanup-section-5_4_2-of-TS-Service (Samsung)
		OMA-BCAST-2006-0443R02-Text-for-5_3_5-and-5_3_6-of-TS-Service (Samsung)
		OMA-BCAST-2006-0446-Add-HTTPS-for-roaming-between-BSMs (Samsung)
		OMA-BCAST-2006-0451R02-Proposed-Resolution-1-for-comments-in-IC-450 (Nokia)
		OMA-BCAST-2006-0452R02-Proposed-Resolution-2-for-comments-in-IC-450 (Nokia)
		OMA-BCAST-2006-0455R02-CR-Mandating-DM-for-Terminal- Provisioning (Motorola, LG Electronics, Telefonica Moviles, Orange, Qualcomm, Vodafone)
		OMA-BCAST-2006-0597R02-CR_BCAST_MO_Draft_revised (LGE, Siemens)
		OMA-BCAST-2006-0679R02-
		CR_BCAST_MOsmartcard_provisioning (Gemalto) OMA-BCAST-2006-0719R02-CR_Language_in_MediaObjectSet
		(Siemens)
		OMA-BCAST-2006-0720-CR_Scope_of_Requiest_ID (Siemens)
		OMA-BCAST-2006-0736R02-
		CR_Interactivity_uplink_overload_protection (Ericsson) OMA-BCAST-2006-0749R01-
		CR_FUMO_1.0_mandatory_for_firmware_upgrades (Motorola, Orange)
		OMA-BCAST-2006-0806R01-
		CR_HTTP_signalling_for_serv_prov_message_compression (Nokia)
		OMA-BCAST-2006-0834R01-CR_WebShop (Nokia, KPN, Orange) OMA-BCAST-2006-0840R01-CR_terminal_provisioning_service_type
		(Ericsson)
		OMA-BCAST-2006-0871-CR_Services_NO_NM (Panasonic, KPN, Ericsson, Huawei, Samsung, Orange, Vodafone, Cingular)
		OMA-BCAST-2006-0923R02-CR_Voice_Call_Interaction (Nokia)
		OMA-BCAST-2006-0929R02- INP_XML_schemas_for_service_provisioning (Nokia) [requires no
		change in this specification] 2006-0930R01-INP_XML_schema_for_roaming_messages (Nokia)
		[requires no change in this specification]
		OMA-BCAST-2006-0932R01-
		CR_BCAST_Client_ID_and_BCAST_MO (LG, Orange)
	l .	Incorporated comment resolutions agreed during consistency review

29 Dec 2006	All	Incorporated Change Requests Tentatively Agreed during Consistency Review:
		OMA-BCAST-2006-0325R01-review-comments-on-NTPtime-in-SG-and-Servivces-TS (Panasonic)
		OMA-BCAST-2006-0357R01
		OMA-BCAST-2006-0393R03- CR_CR_Clarifying_BCAST_Service_TS_5.2 (LGE)
		OMA-BCAST-2006-0440R02-Mapping-Table-of-Interface-and-TS-Section-Number (Samsung)
		OMA-BCAST-2006-0687R01
		OMA-BCAST-2006-0842R02-
		CR_interactive_delivery_of_Interactivity_Media (Ericsson)
		OMA-BCAST-2006-0843R01-CR_Text_in_SMS_URI_scheme (Ericsson)
		OMA-BCAST-2006-0928R09- CR_Making_Roaming_Consistent_in_BCAST_1_0 (Nokia)
		OMA-BCAST-2006-1019R01-CR_Backend_Interface_for_FD (Samsung, Nokia)
		OMA-BCAST-2006-1076R01- CR_InteractivityMediaDoc_XMLSchema (KPN)
		OMA-BCAST-2006-1081R02-CR_XML_Extension_Rules (Siemens. Motorola, Alcatel, Nokia, Expway)
		Incorporated comment resolutions agreed during consistency review
		Editorial cleanup

	20 Mar 2007	All	Corrected editorial mistakes in last version:
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0441R03-Mapping-Table-in-Charging-Section
			(Samsung) - wrong version had been included in last release
			Incorporated Change Requests Tentatively Agreed during Second
			Consistency Review: OMA-BCAST-2007-0016R10-
			CR_Subscription_and_Registration_Messages_for_Smartcard_Profile
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0369-
			CR_cross_reference_table_update_at_TS_ServiceOMA-BCAST-2006-
			0925R06-CR_SG_Adding_Legal_Text_Support_Option_2
			OMA-BCAST-2006-1038R03- CR_MIME_type_for_InteractivityMediaDocument
			OMA-BCAST-2006-1039-CR_Add_MIN_as_UserID_Type
			OMA-BCAST-2006-1082R02-CR_Delivery_of_IAMDs
			OMA-BCAST-2006-1086R01-CR_Subtitling
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0018R01-
			CR_KPN_Services_spec_review_comment_Service_req_resp
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0039R01-CR_SE_add_deny_all_rule
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0053-CR_Provisioning_Messages_Bugfix
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0055-CR_Roaming_Messages_Bugfix
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0056-CR_Interactivity_Media_Bugfix
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0084- CR_Smartcard_Profile_Trigger_PurchaseItem_correction
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0089-CR_TS_Auxdata_and_ad_support
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0090-CR_TS_Rule_Conflict
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0095R01-
			CR_TS_Clarification_on_multiple_instances_of_MediaObjectSet
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0116R01-
			CR_Web_Based_Service_Provisioning_Procedure_Corrections OMA-BCAST-2007-0136R02-CR_Adding_Status_at_BCAST_MO
			(partially, BCAST MO Figure not yet updated
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0138R01-CR_Consistency_of_TS_Services_5.2
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0139-
			CR_Clarifying_Terminal_Provisioning_Bootstrap
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0145R01-
			CR_Services_spec_review_WEB_URI.doc OMA-BCAST-2007-0153R05-
			CR_bug_fix_for_Interactivity_scheduling
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0158R01-CR_interface_mapping_table
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0215R02-CR_Resolution_for_SE_F_078
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0217R02-CR_Resolution_for_SE_F_072
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0245R06-
			CR_Purchase_Data_Changes_for_Smartcard_Profile
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0254R01-CR_TS_Clarification_on_authentication OMA-BCAST-2007-0258R01-
			CR_Services_MBMS_related_MO_parameters
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0273-CR_MIME_type_for_triggers
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0274R01-
			CR_TS_Services_Using_media_types_in_triggers
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0275R02- CR_Clarifications_on_pricing_information_messages
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0299R01-
			CR_Clarification_of_MBMS_to_Smartcard_Profile_key_and_key_ID_
			mappings
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0320R01
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0344
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0404R01
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0310R01-
			$CR_Handling_the_loss_of_subscription_data_in_the_terminal$
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0311R02-
			CR_Returning_the_price_in_the_Service_Response_message
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0312R01-CR_SG_delivery_response_over_IC OMA-BCAST-2007-0320R01
© 2008 Open Mobile Alliance Ltd. A			CR_HTTPS_usage_Clarification_TS_Service
Used with the permission of the Open Mobil	le Alliance Ltd.	under the terms	as stated in this (document)1- [OMA-Template-Spec-20070926-I]
			CR_Unsubscribe_and_Deregistration_procedures_for_Smartcard_Profil
			e OMA-BCAST-2007-0344-
			OMA-DCA31-2007-0344-

	29 Mar 2007	All	Incorporated Change Requests Tentatively Agreed during Second Consistency Review: OMA-BCAST-2007-0100-CR_Moving_Notification_Function OMA-BCAST-2007-0136R02-CR_Adding_Status_at_BCAST_MO (update of BACST MO Figure) Editorial cleanup
	03 Apr 2007	All	Cleanup in preparation for Approval as Candidate
	06 Apr 2007	All	Editorial cleanup in preparation for Approval as Candidate
			Revised SCR Tables
	17 Apr 2007	All	Incorporated Change Requests Tentatively Agreed during Second Consistency Review: OMA-BCAST-2007-0016R11 [0016R10 had previously been integrated] OMA-BCAST-2007-0341R02 OMA-BCAST-2007-0450
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0469R02 OMA-BCAST-2007-0493R01 Editorial cleanup in preparation for Approval as Candidate Revised SCR Tables
	23 Apr 2007	All	Incorporated Change Requests Tentatively Agreed during Second Consistency Review: OMA-BCAST-2007-0046R03 OMA-BCAST-2007-0205R02 OMA-BCAST-2007-0493R01 OMA-BCAST-2007-0509R01 Editorial cleanup in preparation for Approval as Candidate Revised SCR Tables
	27 Apr 2007	Appendix C All	Revised SCR Table in response to comments
Candidate Version	29 May 2007	n/a	Editorial cleanup in preparation for Approval as Candidate Status changed to Candidate by TP
OMA-TS-BCAST_Services-V1_0	29 May 2007	n/a	TP ref# OMA-TP-2007-0129R01- INP_BCAST_V1_0_ERP_for_Candidate_approval
	27 Jul 2007 03 Sep 2007	5.5.5.5.1, 5.5.5.5.2, 5.1.5.1.2, 5.1.5.2.2, 5.1.5.3.2, 5.1.6.7, 5.1.6.9, F.2, H.1, H.2, H.3, H.4, H.5, 5.14.5.2.1, 5.14.5.3.1, 5.3.6.1.2, 5.1.6.7, 5.5.3, 5.5.3.2, 5.5.3.3, 5.1.6.7, 5.1,	Incorporated the following agreed CRs: OMA-BCAST-2007-0569 OMA-BCAST-2007-0553R02 OMA-BCAST-2007-0557R02 OMA-BCAST-2007-0562R02 OMA-BCAST-2007-0562R02 OMA-BCAST-2007-0583R01 OMA-BCAST-2007-0584R01 OMA-BCAST-2007-0586R01 OMA-BCAST-2007-0625R01 Incorporated the following agreed CRs:
		5.1.6.5, 5.1.6.5.1, 5.1.6.2.2, 5.3.6.1.4, 5.3.6.3.1, 5.3.6.3.2, 5.14.3	OMA-BCAST-2007-0618R04 OMA-BCAST-2007-0659R01 OMA-BCAST-2007-0679R01 OMA-BCAST-2007-0685R01 OMA-BCAST-2007-0689R01 OMA-BCAST-2007-0691
	07 Sep 2007	5.1.8, 5.1, 5.1.5.3.2, 5.1.5.3.1	Incorporated the following agreed CRs: OMA-BCAST-2007-0630 OMA-BCAST-2007-0616R01

	25 Sep 2007	5.1.5.2.1	Incorporated the following agreed CR: OMA-BCAST-2007-0713
	05 Dec 2007	All	Incorporated the following CRs:
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0634R01
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0680R01
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0718R04
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0722R04
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0726R03
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0738
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0744R01
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0744K01
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0763R01
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0775R01
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0794
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0795R01
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0799
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0806
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0810
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0821R01
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0823
			Updated with the latest template
	18 Dec 2007	All	Incorporated the following CR:
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0886R01
	03 Jany 2007	All	Clerical changes
			Updated with the 2008 template
Draft Versions:	07 Feb 2008	F	Updated with agreed CR:
OMA-TS-BCAST_Services-V1_0	071002000	1	OMA-BCAST-2008-0025
Candidate Version	26 Feb 2008	All	Status changed to Candidate by TP
OMA-TS-BCAST_Services-V1_0	20 Feb 2008	All	TP ref# OMA-TP-2008-0042-
OWA-13-BCAS1_Services-v1_0			INP_BCAST_V1_0_for_Candidate_Re_approval
Draft Version	12 Mar 2008	All	Updated with agreed CRs:
OMA-TS-BCAST_Services-v1_0	12 Wai 2008	All	OMA-BCAST-2007-0785R03
OWA-13-BCAS1_Services-v1_0			
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0786R01
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0787
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0805
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0826
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0847R01
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0857R01
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0858R03
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0895R01
			OMA-BCAST-2008-0021R01
			OMA-BCAST-2008-0039
			OMA-BCAST-2008-0044R01
			OMA-BCAST-2008-0052
			OMA-BCAST-2008-0060
			OMA-BCAST-2008-0073
	26 Mar 2008	5.1.5.2.2	Removal of changes introduced in
			OMA-BCAST-2007-0805
			Minor correction of implementation of
			OMA-BCAST-2008-0052
	30 Apr 2008	All	Updated with agreed CR:
	2000	1	OMA-BCAST-2007-0749R06
	22 May 2008	5.1.5.2.2	Correction of implementation of OMA-BCAST-2007-0857R01
	22 1.111, 2000		Updated with agreed CRs:
			OMA-BCAST-2008-0007R02
			OMA-BCAST-2008-000/R02
	20 M 2000	A 11	
	29 May 2008	All	Minor corrections

Candidate Version	09 Jun 2008	n/a	Status changed to Candidate by TP
OMA-TS-BCAST_Services-V1_0			TP ref# OMA-TP-2008-0236R01-
			INP_BCAST_ERP_V1_0_For_Notification
Draft Version	22 Jul 2008	All	Updated with agreed CRs:
OMA-TS-BCAST_Services-v1_0			OMA-BCAST-2008-0064R03
			OMA-BCAST-2008-0155R03
			OMA-BCAST-2008-0171R01
			OMA-BCAST-2008-0185
			OMA-BCAST-2008-0245
			OMA-BCAST-2008-0251
	01 Aug 2008	All	Corrected cross-references
Candidate Version	07 Aug 2008	n/a	Status changed to Candidate by TP
OMA-TS-BCAST_Services-V1_0			TP ref# OMA-TP-2008-0294R03-
			INP_BCAST_ERP_V1_0_for_Notification

Appendix B. Examples on Realizing Interactive Services (Informative)

Editor's note: this section may contain a walk-through for selected services that clarifies how the service can be generated, managed, and delivered, end-to-end.

B.1 Use of MMS Template for Service Interaction (Informative)

This section describes an example on how to use MMS Message Template for Service Interaction.

B.1.1 Retrieving the MMS Message Template

MMS Message Template can be broadcasted, as similar as other Service Interaction methods such as SMIL, XHTML MP etc.. In this case the files constructing MMS Message Template are concatenated in one GZIP and broadcasted within the file broadcast. The name and the MIME-type of each file are given in InteractivityMediaDocument (See Appendix.C for example).

MMS Message Template can also be retrieved from MMS. In this case the service provider or directly the operator author the MMS Template containing the MTD (MMS Message Template Definition), i.e. the template wizard toward the service. The template and some contents are embedded within a MMS Message with Multipart/Related or Multipart/Mixed format. The name and the MIME-type of each file are given in a header of the each part in Multipart Message. This MMS Message is send to the terminal whose users are registered to use Service Interaction.

The terminal will extract the files before the time when MMS Message Template is used in Service Interaction.

B.1.2 Launching MMS Message Template Client and creating Multimedia Message

After MMS Message Template retrieval, the terminal launches MMS Message Template Client with MMS Message Template. This section describes two cases for MMS Message Template use.

B.1.2.1 Use case: Voting

The first use case is Voting, for example, to vote 'who will win the game of the TV program'. In this case, MMS Message Template will have the following files:

- Message Template Definition (MTD): using text-editor to input the name of the winner (shown below)
- MMS Presentation Part (SMIL)
- Media Objects (Text, Image)

Voting-sample.mtd

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE mmstemplate PUBLIC "-//OMA//DTD MTD 1.3//EN"
"http://www.openmobilealliance.org/MMS/MTD/1.3/DTD/mtd13.dtd">
<mmstemplate xmlns="http://www.openmobilealliance.org/2004/mtd">
<mstemplate xmlns="http://w
```

Table 43: MMS Template Example for Voting

MMS Message Template Client could display the following text input screen.

Note: MMS Message Template only specifies the input method. It does not specify the screen flow and how to construct text input screen. The appearance of the input screen will depend on the implementation of the client.

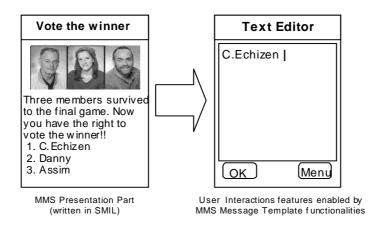


Figure 4: The screen flow of Voting Template

B.1.2.2 Use case: Viewer's Contribution

The second use case is Viewer's Contribution, for example, to send the viewer's pet boast to the TV program.

In this case, MMS Message Template will have the following files:

- Message Template Definition (MTD):

 description that uses still camera to take a photo of the pet, and text editor to input the comment (shown below).
- MMS Presentation Part (SMIL)
- Media Objects (Text, Image)

Contribution-sample.mtd

Table 44: MMS Template Example for User Feedback

MMS Message Template Client will show the multiple input screens. The first screen will be the camera application and next one will be text editor. The example of input screens could be figured as follows:

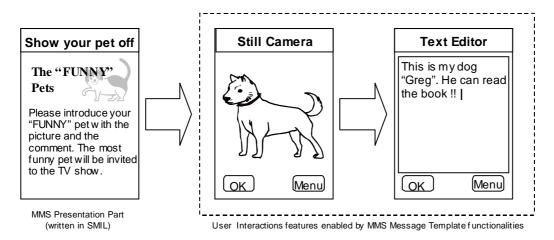


Figure 5: The screen flow of Viewer's Contribution Template

B.1.3 Sending the Interaction Message

The Resulting MM created by MMS Message Template Client will be sent to BCAST Service Application via MMS through SI-8.

Appendix C. Static Conformance Requirements

(Normative)

The notation used in this appendix is specified in [IOPPROC].

Note1: References refer to this specification unless otherwise noted.

Note2: BCAST adaptation specifications, in which it is specified how the BCAST 1.0 enabler is implemented over a specific BDS (Broadcast Distribution System), may overrule or adapt requirements from this SCR or provide additional requirements

C.1 SCR for BCAST Client

Item	Function	Reference	Status	Requirement
BCAST-SERVICES-C-	Terminal with access to	general	О	BCAST-SERVICES-C-011 AND
001	interaction channel			BCAST-SERVICES-C-012 AND
				BCAST-SERVICES-C-013 AND
				BCAST-SERVICES-C-017 AND
				BCAST-SERVICES-C-018 AND
				BCAST-SERVICES-C-019 AND
				BCAST-SERVICES-C-020 AND
				BCAST-SERVICES-C-026 AND
				BCAST-NT-C-003 AND
				BCAST-NT-C-005
BCAST-SERVICES-C-	Terminal with access to	general,	О	BCAST-SERVICES-C-006 AND
002	interaction channel and	[BCAST10-		BCAST-SERVICES-C-007 AND
	support for Service and/or Content	ServContProt]		BCAST-SERVICES-C-008
	Protection			
BCAST-SERVICES-C-	Terminal supporting	general	O	BCAST-SERVICES-C-014
003	SMS	general		BERGI SERVICES C 011
BCAST-SERVICES-C-	Terminal supporting	general	О	BCAST-SERVICES-C-015
004	MMS			
BCAST-SERVICES-C-	Terminal supporting	general	О	BCAST-SERVICES-C-016
005	Voice call			
BCAST-SERVICES-C-	Service Provisioning	Section 5.1	О	
006				
BCAST-SERVICES-C-	HTTP POST for service	Section 5.1.1	О	
007	provisioning	~		DG 65
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 008	Provisioning Messages	Section 5.1	О	BCAST-SERVICES-C-009
000				
BCAST-SERVICES-C-	GZIP compression of	Section 5.1.7	О	
009	Provisioning Messages			
BCAST-SERVICES-C-	Web-based Service	Section 5.1.8	О	
010	Provisioning			
BCAST-SERVICES-C-	Terminal Provisioning	Sections 5.2,	О	
011	using OMA DM	5.2.2		
BCAST-SERVICES-C-	Reception of terminal	Section 5.2	О	
012	provisioning messages			
	and update of the			
	parameters included in			
	the terminal provisioning messages			
	messages	l		

Item	Function	Reference	Status	Requirement
BCAST-SERVICES-C-013	Service interaction using IP, TCP, HTTP	Section 5.3.1	О	
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 014	Service interaction using SMS	Sections 5.3.1, 5.3.6.1.2., 5.3.6.1.3	O	
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 015	Service interaction using MMS	Sections 5.3.1., 5.3.6.1.2	О	
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 016	Service interaction using Voice Call	Section 5.3.6.1.2	О	
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 017	Interactive retrieval of SG	Section 5.3.2	О	
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 018	Interactive retrieval of Service Guide related information	Section 5.3.3	О	
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 019	Reception of InteractivityMedia documents over broadcast file distribution	Section 5.3.6.1, 5.3.6.2	0	
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 020	Retrieval of InteractivityMedia documents and associated files over interaction channel	Section 5.3.6.1, 5.3.6.3	0	
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 021	Rendering of InteractivityMedia objects	Section 5.3.6.1	M	
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 022	Acquisition and rendering of the media objects attached to the InteractivityMedia document without interrupting the acquisition and rendering of the 'regular' broadcast media stream	Section 5.3.6.1.3	M	
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 023	Description and evaluation of end user preferences	Section 5.4	О	BCAST-SERVICES-C-024
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 024	Format of end user preference description	Section 5.4.2	О	
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 025	Broadcast Roaming	Section 5.7	M	
BCAST-SERVICES-C-026	Format of roaming messages	Sections 5.7.1	О	
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 027	Support of Location Information	Section 5.8	O	BCAST-SERVICES-C-028 OR BCAST-SERVICES-C-029 OR BCAST-SERVICES-C-030
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 028	Support of Location Information in OMA MLP format	Section 5.8	О	
BCAST-SERVICES-C-	Support of Location	Section 5.8	О	

Item	Function	Reference	Status	Requirement
029	Information in zip code format			
BCAST-SERVICES-C-030	Support of Location Information in BDS- specific cell_id format	Section 5.8	О	
BCAST-SERVICES-C-031	XML formatting rules for signalling	Section 5.9	M	
BCAST-SERVICES-C-032	3GPP Timed Text for Subtitling and Closed Captions	Section 5.13	О	

C.2 SCR for BCAST Service Application (BSA)

The BSA is an entity in the OMA BCAST Architecture, see [BCAST10-Architecture] Fig. 3.

Item	Function	Reference	Status	Requirement
BCAST-SERVICES- BSA-001	Service interaction using one or several of: IP, TCP, HTTP, SMS, IPSEC, UDP, MMS, WAP, HTTPS based on SSL 3.0 [SSL30] and TLS 1.0 [RFC 2246], SIP/IMS	Section 5.3.1	O	
BCAST-SERVICES- BSA-002	Support for Interactivity MediaDocument format and delivery	Section 5.3.6.1.2	О	

C.3 SCR for BCAST Service Distribution/Adaptation (BSDA)

The BSDA is an entity in the OMA BCAST Architecture, see [BCAST10-Architecture] Fig. 3.

Item	Function	Reference	Status	Requirement
BCAST-SERVICES- BSDA-001	Description and evaluation of end user preferences	Section 5.4	O	BCAST-SERVICES-BSDA-002
BCAST-SERVICES- BSDA-002	Format of end user preference description	Section 5.4.1	О	
BCAST-SERVICES- BSDA-003	Use of Location Information	Section 5.8	О	
BCAST-SERVICES- BSDA-004	Use of Location Information in OMA MLP format	Section 5.8	О	
BCAST-SERVICES- BSDA-005	Use of Location Information in zip code format	Section 5.8	O	
BCAST-SERVICES- BSDA-006	Use of Location Information in BDS- specific cell_id format	Section 5.8	O	
BCAST-SERVICES- BSDA-007	XML formatting rules for signalling	Section 5.9	M	

Item	Function	Reference	Status	Requirement
BCAST-SERVICES- BSDA-008	Subtitling and Closed Captions	Section 5.13	0	

C.4 SCR for BCAST Subscription Management (BSM)

The BSM is an entity in the OMA BCAST Architecture, see [BCAST10-Architecture] Fig. 3.

Item	Function	Reference	Status	Requirement
BCAST-SERVICES- BSM-001	Service Provisioning	Section 5.1	M	
BCAST-SERVICES- BSM-002	HTTP POST for service provisioning	Section 5.1.1	М	
BCAST-SERVICES- BSM-003	GZIP compression of Provisioning Messages	Section 5.1.7	M	
BCAST-SERVICES- BSM-004	Web-based Service Provisioning	Section 5.1.8	О	
BCAST-SERVICES- BSM-005	Terminal Provisioning using OMA DM	Section 5.2	M	
BCAST-SERVICES- BSM-006	Delivery of OMA DM messages through Interaction Channel using DM mechanism	Section 5.2.4	M	
BCAST-SERVICES- BSM-007	Broadcast Roaming	Section 5.7	О	BCAST-SERVICES-BSM-008
BCAST-SERVICES- BSM-008	Format of roaming messages	Sections 5.7.1, 5.7.2	О	
BCAST-SERVICES- BSM-009	XML formatting rules for signalling	Section 5.9	M	
BCAST-SERVICES- BSM-010	Protocol stack for message exchanges between BSMs	Section 7.2.1	M	

C.5 SCR for BCAST Notification Client (NTC)

Item	Function	Reference	Status	Requirement
BCAST-NT-C-001	Support for the signalling of the availability and access to generic notifications through the SGDD.	Sections 5.14.1.1.1, [BCAST10- SG] 5.4.2.5	M	
BCAST-NT-C-002	Support for the signalling of the availability and access to service-specific notifications through 'Access' fragment.	Sections 5.14.1.2.1, [BCAST10- SG] 5.1.2.4	M	
BCAST-NT-C-003	Support for subscribing to notifications by sending a Notification	Section 5.14.4.2.1	0	

Item	Function	Reference	Status	Requirement
	Request to NTG			
BCAST-NT-C-004	Support for user-oriented notification request message format		O	BCAST-NT-C-003
BCAST-NT-C-005	Support for polling to notifications over Interaction Channel	Section 5.14.4.3	О	

C.6 SCR for BCAST Notification Distribution Adaptation (NTDA)

Item	Function	Reference	Status	Requirement
BCAST-NT-DA-001	Support for the signalling of the availability and access to generic notifications through the SGDD.	Sections 5.14.1.1.1, [BCAST10- SG] 5.4.2.5	M	
BCAST-NT-DA-002	Support for the signalling of the availability and access to service-specific notifications through the 'Access' fragment.	Sections 5.14.1.2.1, [BCAST10- SG] 5.1.2.4	M	
BCAST-NT-DA-003	Notification back-end	Section	О	BCAST-NT-DA-004 AND
	interface exposed	5.14.5.1		BCAST-NT-DA-005
BCAST-NT-DA-004	Support back-end interface for notification function	Section 5.14.5.1	О	
BCAST-NT-DA-005	Support the back-end message for notification	Section 5.14.5.2	О	
BCAST-NT-DA-006	Backend interface SG-4 exposed in implementation	Section 5.14.5.1	О	BCAST-NT-DA-007
BCAST-NT-DA-007	Support backend interface SG-4 for SG function	Section 5.14.5.1	0	(BCAST-NT-DA-008 OR BCAST-NT-DA-009) AND BCAST-NT-DA-010 AND (BCAST-NT-DA-011 OR BCAST-NT-DA-012) AND BCAST-NT-DA-013 AND BCAST-NT-DA-005
BCAST-NT-DA-008	Support IPv4	Section 5.14.5.1	О	
BCAST-NT-DA-009	Support IPv6	Section 5.14.5.1	О	
BCAST-NT-DA-010	Support TCP	Section 5.14.5.1	О	

Item	Function	Reference	Status	Requirement
BCAST-NT-DA-011	Support HTTP1.1	Section 5.14.5.1	О	
BCAST-NT-DA-012	Support HTTPS	Section 5.14.5.1	О	
BCAST-NT-DA-013	SG backend messages for content delivery	Section 5.14.5.1	О	

Appendix D. <MediaObjectSet> examples (Informative)

This appendix provides illustrative examples of <MediaObjectSet> elements present in InteractivityMedia documents. The external file (GZIP archive or single media file part) is not given.

D.1 XHTML MP bundle

Example of an XHTML MP bundle containing two XHTML pages, one picture and one external WAP CSS stylesheet:

```
<MediaObjectSet
    RelativePreference="5"
    Content-Type="application/x-gzip"
    Content-URI="http://www.bcast.com/purchaseme.gz"
    xml:lang="en-UK"
    <0bject
        Content-Type="application/vnd.wap.xhtml+xml"
        Content-Location="index.html"
        Start="true" />
        Content-Type="application/vnd.wap.xhtml+xml"
        Content-Location="other.html" />
     <Object
        Content-Type="text/css"
        Content-Location="./style/style.css" />
     <Object
        Content-Type="image/gif"
        Content-Location="./images/background.gif" />
    <Description xml:lang="en">Purchase me</Description>
    <Description xml:lang="fr">Achetez moi</Description>
</MediaObjectSet>
```

File structure after deflation would be:

```
index.html
    other.html
    /style/style.css
    /images/background.gif
with 'index.html' typically containing the following links :
    link rel= "stylesheet" href= "./style/style.css" />
        <a href = "other.html"> Click to see next page </a>
        <img src = "./image/background.gif" />
```

D.2 MMS Message Template bundle

Example of an MMS Message Template bundle containing one MMS Template Definition, one SMIL and one text part and one picture:

```
<MediaObjectSet
    RelativePreference="10"</pre>
```

```
Content-Type="application/x-gzip"
     Content-URI="http://www.bcast.com/votenow.gz"
     <Object
         Content-Type="application/vnd.omammsg-mtd+xml"
         Content-Location="votenow.mtd" />
         Start="true" />
     <Object
         Content-Type="application/smil"
         Content-Location="presentation.smil" />
     <0bject
         Content-Type="image/png"
         Content-Location="title.png" />
     <Object
         Content-Type="text/plain"
         Content-Location="vote.txt" />
 </MediaObjectSet>
File structure after deflation would be:
                votenow.mtd
                presentation.smil
                title.png
                vote.txt
with 'presentation.smil' typically containing the following links:
```

D.3 SMIL bundle

Example of a SMIL bundle containing one XHTML MP Rich Text and one Audio file:

<text src = "vote.txt" />

File structure after deflation would be:

presentation.smil

```
farewell.html
```

/audio/symphony.3gp

with 'presentation.smil' typically containing the following links:

<text src= "farewell.html" type="application/vnd.wap.xhtml+xml" />

<audio src= "./audio/symphony.3gp" type="audio/3gpp" />

Appendix E. Walk-through of Broadcast Roaming (Informative)

This appendix illustrates how the Broadcast Roaming is achieved through the use of core functionalities of BCAST 1.0. This informative explanation of Broadcast Roaming is presented as a walk-through mainly from the terminal point of view.

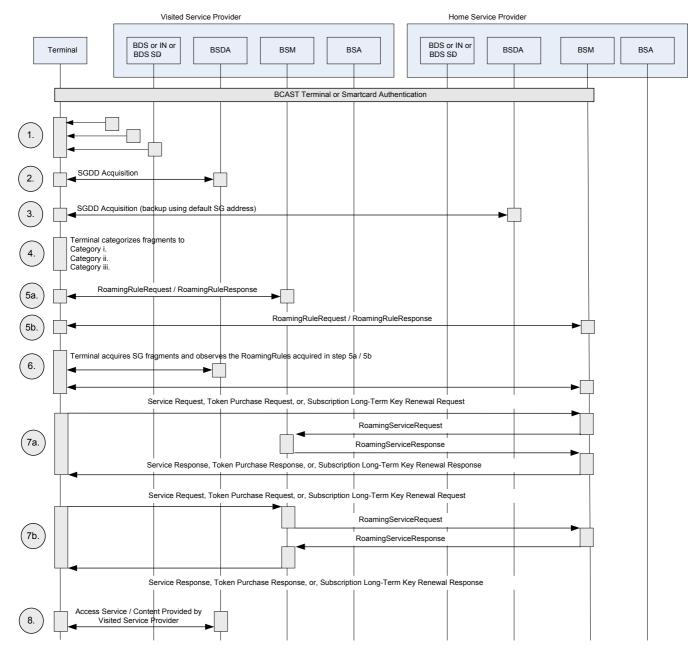


Figure 6: Informative Example of Broadcast Roaming

The walk-through below is illustrated as flow chart in Figure D.1.

- 1. Terminal scans or otherwise detects available Broadcast Distribution Systems (BDS).
- 2. Terminal attempts to perform Service Guide discovery bootstrap to locate entry point to BCAST Service Guide on all or any of the detected BDSes. Upon successful completion of bootstrap procedure, the Terminal acquires the

- entry point to BCAST Service Guide over the respective bearer. Consequently, the Terminal acquires SGDDs either by receiving or by retrieving those.
- 3. In case Terminal fails to perform bootstrap and to locate the entry point to BCAST Service Guide over all the detected BDSes, the Terminal attempts to retrieve SGDDs using the entry point as provisioned in the Terminal (defined by Management Object "<X>/SGServerAddress").
- 4. Once the Terminal acquires SGDDs, the Terminal looks for BSMSelector elements and BSMFilterCodes within those elements in the SGDD. Together with that information and the terminal's affiliated BSM(s) which are represented within the Terminal as Management Objects with identifier '<X>/BSMFilterCode', the Terminal categorizes all the fragments declared in the SGDD into three categories:
 - Fragments that are associated with a BSMFilterCode (within BSMSelector), which matches at least one of the BSMFilterCodes associated with Home Mobile Broadcast Service Provider (<X>/ BSMFilterCode/IsHomeBSM == true). Terminal can use, interpret and render the information contained in these fragments without restrictions.
 - ii. Fragments that are associated with a BSMFilterCode (within BSMSelector), which does not match with any of the BSMFilterCodes associated with the terminal or match BSMFilterCodes associated with Visited Mobile Broadcast Service Provider (<X>/ BSMFilterCode/IsHomeBSM == false). Terminal can render, interpret and handle the fragments according to RoamingRules associated with this BSMSelector. BSMSelector and the associated RoamingRules are identified by the attribute "Id" present within the BSMSelector as well as in RoamingRules. In the RoamingRules have been provisioned using BCAST Terminal Provisioning, the rules are associated with each BSMFilterCode, under <X>/ BSMFilterCode/RoamingRule.
 - iii. Fragments that are not associated with any BSMFilterCode (no BSMSelector).
 - In case Terminal has no Management Objects with identifier '<X>/ BSMFilterCode' present, the Terminal can use, interpret and render the information contained in these fragments without restrictions.
 - In case Terminal has at least one Management Object with identifier '<X>/
 BSMFilterCode' present, the Terminal will determine behaviour according to
 Management Objects with identifier '<X>/Roaming/IgnoreUnIdentifiedBSM'.
 - o If the Management Objects with identifier '<X>/Roaming/ IgnoreUnIdentifiedBSM' is set with value "true" the Terminal cannot use, interpret and render the information contained in these fragments at all.
 - If the Management Objects with identifier '<X>/Roaming/ IgnoreUnIdentifiedBSM' is set with value "false" the Terminal can use, interpret and render the information contained in these fragments without restrictions.
 - o If the Management Objects with identifier '<X>/Roaming/IgnoreUnIdentifiedBSM' is not present, the Terminal assumes that the value of this Management Object is "true" and the Terminal cannot use, interpret and render the information contained in these fragment at all.
- 5. If the terminal wants to render, interpret and handle the fragments in category (ii.) above, it needs to acquire the RoamingRules related to the BSMSelector in question. There are three ways to achieve this.
 - a. The Terminal fetches the RoamingRules from Visited BSM. For that, the BSMSelector contains attribute "RoamingRuleRequestAddress" to which the Terminal can address the RoamingRuleRequest. As a response of to the RoamingRuleRequest the Terminal will receive RoamingRuleResponse which contains the RoamingRules associated with the BSMSelector.
 - b. The Terminal fetches the RoamingRules from Home BSM. This happens if the BSMSelector does not have "RoamingRuleRequestAddress" present, OR, if the Terminal has Management Object "<X>/Roaming/ForceHomeRoamingRuleRequestAddress" present and set to "true". In these cases the Terminal sends the RoamingRuleRequest to "<X>/Roaming/HomeRoamingRuleRequestAddress". As a

response of the RoamingRuleRequest the Terminal will receive RoamingRuleResponse which contains the RoamingRules associated with the BSMSelector.

- c. The RoamingRules were originally provided as a part of BSMSelector (not illustrated in figure D.1)
- 6. The Terminal acquires Service Guide fragments. It interprets, handles and renders the fragments according to RoamingRules. Consequently the Terminal uses the Service Guide fragments to perform subscriptions to services and content, and to access services and content described by the Service Guide.
 - 7. Depending on the value of Management Object "<X>/Roaming/UseVisitedServiceProvisioningMode" the terminal determines whether to initiate the service provisioning request to Visited BSM or to Home BSM. Then the terminal sends the message to either Visited BSM or Home BSM. The receiving system determines from the requested GlobalPurchaseItemId and included UserID whether the request is about roaming. Two cases for this exist: either the Terminal sends the Service Request message to its Home BSM or to the Visited BSM.
 - a. In the former case Home BSM detects that one of its terminal is requesting PurchaseItem served by another BSM. If the Home BSM wants to allow terminal to access the PurchaseItem, the Home BSM goes ahead and sends RoamingServiceRequest to the Visited BSM. Visited BSM answers with RoamingServiceResponse. In case the response allows roaming, then the Home BSM sends a successful ServiceResponse to the terminal. This leads to a subsequent LTKM delivery (push LTKM with Smartcard Profile or Trigger with DRM Profile). The LTKM acquisition is not shown in the diagram as it is a Service & Content Protection procedure.
 - b. In the latter case Visited BSM detects that a terminal that is not one of the terminals affiliated with this BSM is requesting PurchaseItem served by this BSM. The Visited BSM consequently sends RoamingServiceRequest to the Home BSM of the terminal. Home BSM answers with RoamingServiceResponse. In case the response allows roaming, then the Visited BSM sends a successful ServiceResponse to the terminal. This leads to a subsequent LTKM delivery (push LTKM with Smartcard Profile or Trigger with DRM Profile). The LTKM acquisition is not shown in the diagram as it is a Service & Content Protection procedure.

Upon successful RoamingProvisioning, the Terminal is granted right to purchase and/or subscribe to the PurchaseItem it requested.

Additionally, iin case the Terminal decides to request Long Term Key or to renew Long Term Key associated with a subscription, the Terminal sends either 'LTKM Request' or 'Subscription LTKM Renewal Request'. Two cases for this exist: either the Terminal sends the message to its Home BSM or to the Visited BSM.

- a. In the former case Home BSM detects that one of its terminal is requesting LTKM or renewal of LTKM associated with PurchaseItem served by another BSM. If the Home BSM wants to allow terminal to access the LTKM, the Home BSM goes ahead and sends RoamingAuthorizationRequest to the Visited BSM.
- b. In the latter case Visited BSM detects that a terminal that is not one of the terminals affiliated with this BSM is requesting LTKM or renewal of LTKM associated with PurchaseItem served by this BSM. The Visited BSM consequently sends RoamingAuthorizationRequest to the Home BSM of the terminal.
 - Note: If step 8a or 8b follow 7a or 7b within a certain time frame, the authorization between home and visited BSM is not necessary.
- 8. The Terminal accesses service and/or content related to PurchaseItem, provided by Visited Service Provider.

Appendix F. BCAST Management Object

F.1 OMA BCAST Device Management general

BCAST MOs allow a device to present the configuration of the device in a standardized way, allowing a server to be able to bootstrap, retrieve and manage the configuration of a device (the parameters included in the MO).

Note: the definition of 'Status' at the each of parameters (referred to the latest ACMO White Paper in DM enabler)

Definition:

- If the value is "Required" even though the node may not be present at that time, the server can expect the client to be able to support it.
- The status definition in the node definitions indicates if the client MUST support for that node or not. If the status is "OPTIONAL" then the client manufacture SHOULD specify which optional nodes that are supported in the device DDF (Device Description Framework) file. If the status is "REQUIRED" then the client MUST support that node in the case the client support the parent node.
- When creating the status of an MO, the child may be required, while the parent node may be optional. This would mean that all those elements would be optional, but in case the parent node is present, then those child nodes would be required.
- o Possible Values: The value of this parameter can be "Required" or "Optional".

<X> * **BCASTRelease** BCASTClientID? ServiceProvider * SGServerAddress 3 Addr AddrType Port? Tuning? **BDSEntryPoint** <X> * IPDC? Frequency UseLPChannel? **IPPlatformID DVBNetworkID**? **ESGProviderID** MBMS? SG * IPSourceAddress? IPMulticastAddress? BSMSelector * Name? Port? BSMFilterCode TMGI? IsHomeBSM? URL * RoamingRule * APN * Roaming * HomeRoamingRuleRequestAddress ForceHomeRoamingRuleRequestAddress? IgnoreUnIdentifiedBSM?

F.2 OMA BCAST Management Object Tree

Figure 7: OMA BCAST Management Object Structure

Note: "?" means zero or one occurrences, "*" means zero or more occurrences. No symbol means one occurrence.

UseVisitedServiceProvisioningMode?

F.3 BCAST MO parameters

This section provides a description of the elements of the BCAST MO. Unless otherwise stated, BCAST terminals SHALL support the nodes defined below.

F.3.1 <X>

This interior node acts as a placeholder for one or more accounts for a fixed node. The interior node is mandatory if the UE supports OMA BCAST.

Occurrence: ZeroOrMore

Ext?

Format: Node

Access Types: Get

• Values: n/a

• Status: Required

F.3.2 <X>/BCASTRelease

This leaf node specifies the BCAST release of the client. This leaf node is mandatory and for this release should have the value 1.0

• Occurrence: One

Format: chr

Access Types: Get

• Values: <1.0 for this release of BCAST>

• Status: Required

F.3.3 <X>/BCASTClientID

This leaf node specifies the BCAST_Client_ID used by the Smartcard Profile as per [BCAST10-ServContProt].

Occurrence: ZeroOrOne

• Format: chr

Access Types: Get

• Values: <BCASTClientID>

• Status: Optional

F.3.4 <X>/ServiceProvider

This leaf node specifies the Service Provider identifier for the BCAST Service. It is e.g. used in the 'serviceproviders' field for protection signalling in SDP as per section 10.1.1 of [BCAST10-SrvContProt].

Occurrence: ZeroOrMore

Format: chr

Access Types: Get

Values: Identifier of the service provider, which MUST be in the form of a URI.

Status: Required

F.3.5 <X>/SGServerAddress

This interior node serves as a placeholder for the address of the BCAST Service Guide Server for the interactive mode. . In case there are multiple addresses given, the terminal MAY use any of them.

• Occurrence: ZeroOrMore

• Format: Node

Access Types: Get

Values: n/a

• Status: Required

F.3.6 <X>/SGServerAddress/Addr

This leaf node specifies the BCAST Service Guide server address for the interactive mode.

Occurrence: One

Format: chr

Access Types: Get

• Values: Dependent upon AddrType.

• Status: Required

F.3.7 <X>/SGServerAddress/AddrType

This leaf node specifies the type of address.

Occurrence: One

Format: chr

Access Types: Get

• Values: "URI", "IPv4" or "IPv6".

• Status: Required

F.3.8 <X>/SGServerAddress/Port

This leaf node specifies the port address

Occurrence: ZeroOrOne

Format: chr

Access Types: Get

Values: The port number MUST be a decimal number and must fit within the range of a 16 bit unsigned integer.

Status: Required

F.3.9 <X>/BDSEntryPoint

This intermediate node contains information about the service entry points in the different BDSs. Possible children: IPDC, MBMS

Occurrence: One

Format: Node

Access Type: Get
 (It is RECOMMENDED to also include Add, Delete and Replace rights on the implementations, in order to support write access on the sub-nodes to provision the necessary sets of information).

• Status: Optional

F.3.10 <X>/BDSEntryPoint/<X>

This node acts as a placeholder for each set of BDS-specific information.

If more than one instance of this node are present, the terminal MAY use suitable means (like the reception quality or user selection) to choose the most appropriate one.

Occurrence: ZeroOrMore

Format: Node

· AccessType: Get

• Status: Optional

F.3.11 <X>/BDSEntryPoint/<X>/IPDC

For a terminal using IPDC as the BDS, it is necessary to provision some information how to tune the device to the DVB-H broadcast network and to discover the IP flows in it.

If this intermediate node is present, a terminal using the DVB-IPDC BDS SHOULD use this information to tune its receiver, to discover the IP flows which carry the service, and to resolve the actual Service Guide to use in a multi provider scenario.

This node acts as a placeholder for all the BDS-specific information regarding IPDC over DVB-H. BCAST Terminals MAY support this node and its sub-nodes.

Occurrence: ZeroOrOne

• Format: Node

AccessType: Get

• Status: Optional

F.3.12 <X>/BDSEntryPoint/<X>/IPDC/Tuning

This optional node contains tuning parameters for the DVB-H receiver.

Occurrence: ZeroOrOne

• Format: Node

AccessType: Get

• Status: Optional

F.3.13 <X>/BDSEntryPoint/<X>/IPDC/Tuning/Frequency

This leaf node carries the center frequency of the DVB-H channel to tune to.

• Occurrence: One

• Format: int

AccessType: Get

- Value: Frequency in kHz. This MUST be a decimal number and MUST fit within the range of a 32 bit unsigned integer.
- Status: Optional

F.3.14 <X>/BDSEntryPoint/<X>/IPDC/Tuning/UseLPChannel

DVB-H may use an optional hierarchical modulation mode in which case the receiver needs to make a selection between a "high priority" (HP) channel and a "low priority" (LP) channel.

This optional leaf node provides the information which is needed to tune to a hierarchically modulated DVB-H channel.

- Occurrence: ZeroOrOne
- Format: boolean
- AccessType: Get
- Value: If present and **true**, the terminal SHALL use the LP channel in DVB-H hierarchical modulation. If not present or **false**, the terminal SHALL use the HP channel in DVB-H hierarchical modulation or assume that no hierarchical modulation is used.
- Status: Optional

F.3.15 <X>/BDSEntryPoint/<X>/IPDC/IPPlatformID

DVB uses the concept of IP platforms to disambiguate the IP address ranges of several sources of IP traffic sharing a DVB channel. For a DVB-H terminal, the IP platform ID is required as side information to discover the IP flows.

According to [ETSI 102 470], section 4.2, an IP platform ID value is either registered with DVB in which case it is globally unique, or it is scoped to the network ID (see next section).

This leaf node provides this information.

- Occurrence: One
- Format: int
- AccessType: Get
- Value: The IP Platform ID. This node MUST contain a decimal number and MUST fit within the range of a 24 bit unsigned integer.
- o Status: Required

F.3.16 <X>/BDSEntryPoint/<X>/IPDC/DVBNetworkID

There are cases where the IP platform ID is not globally unique but scoped to a DVB network ID which is registered with DVB.

This optional leaf node provides the network ID. It SHALL be present only if the IP platform ID is not globally unique according to [ETSI 102 470], section 4.2.

- Occurrence: ZeroOrOne
- Format: int
- AccessType: Get

- Value: DVB network identifier in case IPPlatformID is not globally unique. This node MUST contain a decimal number and MUST fit within the range of a 16 bit unsigned integer.
- o Status: Required

F.3.17 <X>/BDSEntryPoint/<X>/IPDC/ESGProviderID

In a DVB-IPDC deployment, multiple service providers can share a DVB-H channel. The Service Guide bootstrap session can therefore contain multiple Service Guides (one per service provider and IP platform). To select and receive a service guide via the DVB-IPDC BDS, the terminal needs to know the ID of the service guide provider to be used.

This leaf node provides this information.

- Occurrence: One
- Format: int
- AccessType: Get
- Value: Service Guide Provider ID for SG bootstrapping. This node MUST contain a decimal number and MUST fit within the range of a 16 bit unsigned integer.
- Status: Required

F.3.18 <X>/BDSEntryPoint/<X>/MBMS

This node acts as a placeholder for all the BDS-specific information regarding MBMS. BCAST Terminals MAY support this node and its sub-nodes.

- Occurrence: ZeroOrOne
- Format: Node
- AccessType: Get
- Status: Optional

F.3.19 X>/BDSEntryPoint/<X>/MBMS/SG

This optional node contains bootstrap parameters for SG reception over MBMS broadcast bearer or SG retrieval over MBMS unicast bearer.

- Occurrence: ZeroOrMore
- Format: Node
- AccessType: Get
- Status: Required

F.3.20 <X>/BDSEntryPoint/<X>/MBMS/SG/IPSourceAddress

This leaf node contains the IP Source Address for a broadcasted SG.

- Occurrence: ZeroOrOne
- Format: chr
- AccessType: Get

• Value: IP Source Address of SG delivery session

• Status: Required

F.3.21 <X>/BDSEntryPoint/<X>/MBMS/SG/IPMulticastAddress

This leaf node contains the IP Multicast Address for a broadcasted SG.

• Occurrence: ZeroOrOne

• Format: chr

AccessType: Get

• Value: IP Multicast Address of SG delivery session

Status: Required

F.3.22 <X>/BDSEntryPoint/<X>/MBMS/SG/Port

This leaf node contains the port number for a broadcasted SG.

Occurrence: ZeroOrOne

• Format: int

AccessType: Get

• Value: port number of SG delivery session

Status: Required

F.3.23 <X>/BDSEntryPoint/<X>/MBMS/SG/TMGI

This leaf node contains the Temporary Mobile Group Identity (TMGI) for a broadcasted SG. An MBMS Bearer service is uniquely identified by the TMGI

• Occurrence: ZeroOrOne

Format: int

AccessType: Get

• Value: Temporary Mobile Group Identity (TMGI) as defined in [3GPP TS 24.008]

• Status: Required

F.3.24 <X>/BDSEntryPoint/<X>/MBMS/SG/URL

This leaf node contains the URL where an SDP describing the delivery session of a broadcasted SG can be fetched

• Occurrence: ZeroOrMore

• Format: chr

AccessType: Get

• Value: URL of an SDP describing the delivery session of a broadcasted SG

• Status: Required

F.3.25 <X>/BDSEntryPoint/<X>/MBMS/APN

This leaf node contains Access Point Name (APN) information. An MBMS bearer is identified by IP multicast address and APN.

Occurrence: ZeroOrMore

• Format: chr

AccessType: Get

• Value: URI of a usable Access Point Name (APN).

• Status: Required

F.3.26 <X>/BSMSelector

This interior node is a placeholder for the BSMSelector structure associated with the BSM of the Home or Roaming Broadcast Service Provider.

Occurrence: ZeroOrMore

Format: Node

• Access Types: Get

Values: n/a

• Status: Required

F.3.27 <X>/BSMSelector/Name

This leaf node specifies a user readable name of BSMFilterCode associated with the BSM of the Home or Roaming Broadcast Service Provider of the user.

Occurrence: ZeroOrOne

• Format: chr

Access Types: Get

• Values: the name of the BSM

• Status: Optional

F.3.28 <X>/BSMSelector/BSMFilterCode

This leaf node specifies the value of the BSMFilterCode the BSM.

Occurrence: One

• Format: xml

Access Types: Get

- Values: BSMFilterCode associated with the BSM. This value is used in comparisons against the BSMFilterCode values in BSMSelectors in Service Guide Delivery Descriptors and RoamingRules. The value is a BSMFilterCode XML structure as defined in [BCAST10-SG] section 5.4.1.5.2.
- Status: Required

F.3.29 <X>/BSMSelector/IsHomeBSM

This leaf node specifies the whether BSM that is associated with the BSMSelector is the Home Broadcast Service Provider of the user. Absence means "false".

- Occurrence: ZeroOrOne
- Format: boolean
- Access Types: Get
- Values: "true" (BSMSelector belongs to Home Broadcast Service Provider of the user);
 "false" (BSMSelector does not belong to Home Broadcast Service Provider of the user)
- Status: Required

F.3.30 <X>/BSMSelector/RoamingRule

This leaf node that contains the RoamingRule structures associated with the BSMSelector.

- Occurrence: ZeroOrMore
- Format: xml
- Access Types: Get
- Values: The value is a RoamingRule XML structure as defined in section 5.4.1.5.2 of [BCAST10-SG]. This
 element enables the use of OMA DM as a method to manage and update roaming rules at the terminal. This leaf
 node SHALL apply for <X>/BSMSelector elements which have <X>/BSMSelector/IsHomeBSM set to "false".
- Status: Optional

F.3.31 <X>/Roaming

This interior node is a placeholder for the Roaming structure.

- Occurrence: ZeroOrMore
- Format: Node
- Access Types: Get
- Values: n/a.
- Status: Optional

F.3.32 <X>/Roaming/HomeRoamingRuleRequestAddress

This leaf node specifies the address of the Server that the terminal can use to send Roaming Requests related to BSMSelector in case no other contact points are signalled in the Service Guide Delivery Descriptors associated with BSMSelector, or, in case the <X>/Roaming/ForceHomeRoamingRuleRequestAddress is set to "true".

Occurrence: One

• Format: chr

Access Types: Get

Values: Address of the default server to send Roaming Request messages. Value as URL.

• Status: Required

F.3.33 <X>/Roaming/ForceHomeRoamingRuleRequestAddress

This leaf node specifies whether Terminal SHALL override any other RoamingRuleRequestAddresses and always contact the address represented by <X>/Roaming/HomeRoamingRuleRequestAddress for Roaming Requests.

Occurrence: ZeroOrOne

Format: boolean

Access Types: Get

- Values: "true" Terminal SHALL always use <X>/Roaming/HomeRoamingRuleRequestAddress when sending RoamingRuleRequest message. "false" Terminal uses <X>/Roaming/HomeRoamingRuleRequestAddress as the backup address in case BSMSelector in SGDD does provide any other addresses for RoamingRuleRequests. In the absence of this, default value "true" is assumed.
- Status: Required

F.3.34 <X>/Roaming/IgnoreUnIdentifiedBSM

This leaf node specifies whether Terminal SHALL ignore fragments that are not associated with BSMSelector(s).

Occurrence: ZeroOrOne

• Format: boolean

Access Types: Get

- Values: "true" Terminal SHALL ignore fragments that are not associated with any BSMSelector.. "false" Terminal can interpret, handle, access and render fragments that are not associated with any BSMSelector without any restrictions. In the absence of this, default value "true" is assumed if the terminal has any nodes of type "<X>/BSMFilterCode" present. Otherwise default value "false" is assumed.
- Status: Required

F.3.35 <X>/Roaming/UseVisitedServiceProvisioningMode

This leaf node specifies whether Terminal SHALL initiate the service provisioning requests through Visited BSM or Home BSM.

Occurrence: ZeroOrOne

• Format: boolean

Access Types: Get

- Values: "true" terminal SHALL initiate the service provisioning requests through Visited BSM. "false" terminal SHALL initiate the service provisioning requests through Home BSM. Default value "true" is assumed.
- Status: Required

F.3.36 <X>/Ext

The Ext is an interior node for where the vendor specific information about BCAST MO is being placed (vendor meaning application vendor, device vendor, OS vendor etc.). Usually the vendor extension is identified by vendor specific name under the ext node. The tree structure under the vendor identified is not defined and can therefore include a non-standard sub-tree.

• Occurrence: ZeroOrOne

Format: Node

• Access Types:

• Values: N/A

Status: Optional

Appendix G. Guidelines for extending the XML schemas in future versions of BCAST

This appendix describes the extension rules which MUST be obeyed to ensure that the XML schemas defined in future versions of BCAST keep backward compatibility.

Future versions of BCAST SHALL make sure that extensions are defined in a backward compatible way such that decoders which are not aware of these extensions can safely ignore them but still are provided all expected information. To ensure this, the following rules SHALL be obeyed when extending a BCAST XML schema in future versions of BCAST:

- 1) Derivation-by-extension MAY be used to derive new types from existing ones, in accordance with the rules set out in [XMLSchema].
- 2) Wherever possible, an extended schema SHALL only add functionality and not replace existing functionality. This will allow a decoder which is only aware of a previous version to maximally understand an instance of the extended version.
- 3) Existing element names SHALL never be re-used for new elements. New element names SHALL be defined under their own XML namespace.

If a desired extension can not be done in accordance with the above rules, it is REQUIRED not to extend existing elements or types but to define new ones or to specify new signalling such that decoders which do not support the extension are able to ignore them.

Appendix H. Media-Type Registrations

H.1 Media-Type Registration Request for application/vnd.oma.bcast.sprov+xml

This section provides the registration request, as per [RFC 2048], to be submitted to IANA.

Type name: application

Subtype name: vnd.oma.bcast.sprov+xml

Required parameters: none
Optional parameters: none
Encoding considerations: binary

Security considerations:

Service Provisioning messages are passive, meaning they do not contain executable or active content which may represent a security threat. The format does not include confidential fields. As Service Provisioning messages convey information which services a user accesses, there is some risk that unintentional information may be exposed. The information present in this media format is used to configure the receiving application. Thus, the usage of the format may be vulnerable to attacks modifying or spoofing the content of this format. Depending on the system architecture, it is recommended to use source authentication and integrity protection.

Interoperability considerations:

This content type carries Service Provisioning information within the scope of the OMA BCAST enabler. The OMA BCAST enabler specification includes static conformance requirements and interoperability test cases for this content.

Published specification:

OMA BCAST 1.0 Enabler Specification – Mobile Broadcast Services, especially section 5.1. Available from http://www.openmobilealliance.org

Applications, which use this media type:

OMA BCAST Services

Additional information:

Magic number(s): none
File extension(s): none

Macintosh File Type Code(s): none

Person & email address to contact for further information:

Uwe Rauschenbach

Uwe.Rauschenbach@nsn.com

Intended usage: Limited use.

Only for usage with Service Provisioning for Mobile Broadcast Services, which meet the semantics given in the mentioned specification.

Author/Change controller: OMNA - Open Mobile Naming Authority, OMA-OMNA@mail.openmobilealliance.org

Intended usage: Limited use.

Only for usage with Service Provisioning for Mobile Broadcast Services, which meet the semantics given in the mentioned specification.

Author/Change controller: OMNA - Open Mobile Naming Authority, OMA-OMNA@mail.openmobilealliance.org

H.2 Media-Type Registration Request for application/vnd.oma.bcast.drm-trigger+xml

This section provides the registration request, as per [RFC 2048], to be submitted to IANA.

Type name: application

Subtype name: vnd.oma.bcast.drm-trigger+xml

Required parameters: none Optional parameters: none Encoding considerations: binary

Security considerations:

DRM trigger messagesare passive, meaning they do not contain executable or active content which may represent a security threat. The format does not include confidential fields. However, the information present in this media format is used to configure the receiving application. Thus, the usage of the format may be vulnerable to attacks modifying or spoofing the content of this format. Depending on the system architecture, it is recommended to use source authentication and integrity protection.

Interoperability considerations:

This content type carries DRM trigger information within the scope of the OMA BCAST enabler. The OMA BCAST enabler specification includes static conformance requirements and interoperability test cases for this content.

Published specification:

OMA BCAST 1.0 Enabler Specification – Mobile Broadcast Services, especially section 5.1. Available from http://www.openmobilealliance.org

Applications, which use this media type:

OMA BCAST Services

Additional information:

Magic number(s): none
File extension(s): none

Macintosh File Type Code(s): none

Person & email address to contact for further information:

Uwe Rauschenbach

Uwe.Rauschenbach@nsn.com

Intended usage: Limited use.

Only for usage with Service Provisioning for Mobile Broadcast Services, which meet the semantics given in the mentioned specification.

Author/Change controller: OMNA - Open Mobile Naming Authority, mailto: OMA-OMNA@mail.openmobilealliance.org

H.3 Media-Type Registration Request for application/vnd.oma.bcast.smartcard-trigger+xml

This section provides the registration request, as per [RFC 2048], to be submitted to IANA.

Type name: application

Subtype name: vnd.oma.bcast.smartcard-trigger+xml

Required parameters: none
Optional parameters: none
Encoding considerations: binary

Security considerations:

Smartcard trigger data are passive, meaning they do not contain executable or active content which may represent a security threat. The format does not include confidential fields. However, the information present in this media format is used to configure the receiving application. Thus, the usage of the format may be vulnerable to attacks modifying or spoofing the content of this format. Depending on the system architecture, it is recommended to use source authentication and integrity protection.

Interoperability considerations:

This content type carries Smartcard trigger information within the scope of the OMA BCAST enabler. The OMA BCAST enabler specification includes static conformance requirements and interoperability test cases for this content.

Published specification:

OMA BCAST 1.0 Enabler Specification – Mobile Broadcast Services, especially section 5.1. Available from http://www.openmobilealliance.org

Applications, which use this media type:

OMA BCAST Services

Additional information:

Magic number(s): none
File extension(s): none

Macintosh File Type Code(s): none

Person & email address to contact for further information:

Uwe Rauschenbach

Uwe.Rauschenbach@nsn.com

Intended usage: Limited use.

Only for usage with Service Provisioning for Mobile Broadcast Services, which meet the semantics given in the mentioned specification.

Author/Change controller: OMNA - Open Mobile Naming Authority, OMA-OMNA@mail.openmobilealliance.org

H.4 Media-Type Registration Request for application/vnd.oma.bcast.imd+xml

This section provides the registration request, as per [RFC 2048], to be submitted to IANA.

Type name: application

Subtype name: vnd.oma.bcast.imd+xml

Required parameters: none
Optional parameters: none
Encoding considerations: binary

Security considerations:

InteractivityMediaDocument data are active, meaning that upon the reception of the InteractivityMediaDocument, the terminal will interpret it and act based on the commands and structures in the document. There is a possibility that a maliciously formed InteractivityMediaDocument will cause unwanted operations. To protect the user and terminal against these operations, the terminal should notify or prompt the user in case the interpretation of InteractivityMediaDocument will cause a critical operation at the terminal (sending outbound data, accessing system areas, etc.). InteractivityMediaDocument data do not include confidential fields. However, the information present in this media format is used to configure the receiving application. Thus, the usage of the format may be vulnerable to attacks modifying or spoofing the content of this format. Depending on the system architecture, it is recommended to use source authentication and integrity protection.

Interoperability considerations:

This content type carries service interactivity information within the scope of the OMA BCAST enabler. The OMA BCAST enabler specification includes static conformance requirements and interoperability test cases for this content.

Published specification:

OMA BCAST 1.0 Enabler Specification – Mobile Broadcast Services, especially section 5.3.6.1. Available from http://www.openmobilealliance.org

Applications, which use this media type:

OMA BCAST Services

Additional information:

Magic number(s): none
File extension(s): none

Macintosh File Type Code(s): none

Person & email address to contact for further information:

Uwe Rauschenbach

Uwe.Rauschenbach@nsn.com

Intended usage: Limited use.

Only for usage with Service Interactivity for Mobile Broadcast Services, which meet the semantics given in the mentioned specification.

Author/Change controller: OMNA - Open Mobile Naming Authority, OMA-OMNA@mail.openmobilealliance.org

H.5 Media-Type Registration Request for application/vnd.oma.bcast.notification+xml

This section provides the registration request, as per [RFC 2048], to be submitted to IANA.

Type name: application

Subtype name: vnd.oma.bcast.notification+xml

Required parameters: none
Optional parameters: none
Encoding considerations: binary

Security considerations:

BCAST Notification message data are passive, meaning they do not contain executable or active content which may represent a security threat. The format does not include confidential fields. However, the information present in this media format is used to configure the receiving application. Thus, the usage of the format may be vulnerable to attacks modifying or spoofing the content of this format. Depending on the system architecture, it is recommended to use source authentication and integrity protection.

Interoperability considerations:

This content type carries notification information within the scope of the OMA BCAST enabler. The OMA BCAST enabler specification includes static conformance requirements and interoperability test cases for this content.

Published specification:

OMA BCAST 1.0 Enabler Specification – Mobile Broadcast Services, especially section 5.14. Available from http://www.openmobilealliance.org

Applications, which use this media type:

OMA BCAST Notification client

Additional information:

Magic number(s): none
File extension(s): none

Macintosh File Type Code(s): none

Person & email address to contact for further information:

Uwe Rauschenbach

Uwe.Rauschenbach@nsn.com

Intended usage: Limited use.

Only for usage with the BCAST Notification message, which meet the semantics given in the mentioned specification.

Author/Change controller: OMNA - Open Mobile Naming Authority, OMNA - Open Mobile Naming Authority, Omna - Open Mobilealliance.org, Omna - Open Mobilealliance.org, <a href="Mailton-Omna@mailton-Omna