

OMA IPsec Profile

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1. Scope

The set of IPsec protocols include two traffic security protocols, the Authentication Header (AH) and the Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP). The IPsec AH provides connectionless integrity, data origin authentication, and an optional anti-replay service. The IPsec ESP also provides connectionless integrity, data origin authentication, an anti-replay service as well as confidentiality. In order to make implementation more simply and to avoid interoperability problems in some implementations of IPsec in OMA Enablers, it's suggested profiling only IPsec ESP to secure OMA enablers.

This specification is to profile IPsec ESP related specifications [RFC 2401] [RFC 2406] [RFC 4301][RFC 4303][RFC 4305] to provide data origin authentication, an anti-replay service, data integrity and encryption for OMA enablers operating over the protocol IP, especially for those OMA enablers operating over the protocol UDP.

Note: the old RFCs related to IPsec (e.g., [RFC 2406][RFC 2401]) are not recommended for new implementations.

2. References

2.1 Normative References

[3GPP TS 33.203]	"3rd Generation Partnership Project; Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; 3G security; Access security for IP-based services", <u>URL:http://www.3GPP.org/</u>
[RFC2119]	"Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", S. Bradner, March 1997, URL:http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt
[RFC4234]	"Augmented BNF for Syntax Specifications: ABNF". D. Crocker, Ed., P. Overell. October 2005, URL:http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc4234.txt
[RFC2401]	"Security Architecture for the Internet Protocol", S. Kent, R. Atkinson. November 1998, obsoleted by RFC4301, <u>URL:http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2401.txt</u>
[RFC2404]	"The Use of HMAC-SHA-1-96 within ESP and AH", C. Madson, R. Glenn. November 1998, Obsoleted by RFC4305, <u>URL:http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2404.txt</u>
[RFC2406]	"IP Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP)", S. Kent, R. Atkinson. November 1998., Obsoleted by RFC4303, RFC4305, <u>URL:http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2406.txt</u>
[RFC2409]	"The Internet Key Exchange (IKE)", D. Harkins, D. Carrel. November 1998., obsoleted by RFC4306, URL: http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2409.txt
[RFC2410]	"The NULL Encryption Algorithm and Its Use With IPsec", R. Glenn, S. Kent. November 1998., <u>URL:http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2410.txt</u>
[RFC2451]	"The ESP CBC-Mode Cipher Algorithms", R. Pereira, R. Adams. November 1998., URL:http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2451.txt
[RFC3566]	"The AES-XCBC-MAC-96 Algorithm and Its Use With IPsec", S. Frankel, H. Herbert. September 2003., <u>URL:http://www.ietf.org/rfc3566.txt</u>
[RFC3602]	"The AES-CBC Cipher Algorithm and Its Use with IPsec", S. Frankel, R. Glenn, S. Kelly. September 2003., <u>URL:http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3602.txt</u>
[RFC4301]	"Security Architecture for the Internet Protocol", S. Kent, K. Seo. December 2005., <u>URL:http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc4301.txt</u>
[RFC4303]	"IP Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP)", S. Kent. December 2005., <u>URL:http://www.ietf.org/rfc/303.txt</u>
[RFC4305]	"Cryptographic Algorithm Implementation Requirements for Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) and Authentication Header (AH)", D. Eastlake 3rd. December 2005., obsoleted by 4835, URL:http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc4305.txt
[RFC4306]	"Internet Key Exchange (IKEv2) Protocol", C. Kaufman, Ed December 2005., <u>URL:http://www.ietf.org/rfc4306.txt</u>
[RFC4835]	"Cryptographic Algorithm Implementation Requirements for Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) and Authentication Header (AH)", V. Manral, April 2007, URL:http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc4835.txt
[SCRRULES]	"SCR Rules and Procedures", Open Mobile Alliance TM , OMA-ORG-SCR_Rules_and_Procedures, <u>URL:http://www.openmobilealliance.org/</u>

2.2 Informative References

[OMADICT] "Dictionary for OMA Specifications", Version 2.8, Open Mobile AllianceTM, OMA-ORG-Dictionary-V2_8, <u>URL:http://www.openmobilealliance.org/</u>

3. Terminology and Conventions

3.1 Conventions

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC2119].

All sections and appendixes, except "Scope" and "Introduction", are normative, unless they are explicitly indicated to be informative.

3.2 Definitions

None

3.3 Abbreviations

AES Advanced Encryption Standard

AH Authentication Header

AKA Authentication and Key Agreement

CBC Cipher Block Chaining

DES Data Encryption Standard

ESP Encapsulating Security Payload

HMAC Keyed-Hash Message Authentication Code

HTTP Hyperlink Text Transfer Protocol

IKE Internet Key Exchange

IPsec IP Security

MAC Message Authentication Code

MD5 Message Digest 5 (a message digest algorithm with output 128 bits)

OMA Open Mobile Alliance SA Security Association

SHA-1 Secure Hash Algorithm (a message digest algorithm with output 160 bits)

TCP Transmission Control Protocol

UDP User Datagram Protocol

4. Introduction

IPsec offers security services such as authentication, data integrity and encryption for both the higher layer protocols (e.g., TCP, UDP and HTTP) and applications (e.g., web browser). This specification is to profile IPsec related specifications (e.g., IPsec ESP) [RFC 2406] [RFC 2401] to provide data original authentication, data integrity and encryption for OMA enablers operating over the protocol IP, especially for those OMA enablers operating over the protocol UDP.

4.1 Version 1.1

This specification is to profile IPsec related specifications to provide data original authentication, data integrity and encryption for OMA enablers operating over the protocol IP, especially for those OMA enablers operating over the protocol UDP.

5. OMA IPsec Profile

OMA IPsec Profile is based on IPsec related specifications (e.g., IPsec ESP) [RFC 2406][RFC 2401][RFC 4301][RFC 4303][RFC 4305]. All OMA IPsec Profile compliant implementations MUST also conform to IPsec related specifications. This specification profiles IPsec related specifications to provide data original authentication, data integrity and encryption for OMA enablers operating over the protocol IP, especially for those OMA enablers operating over the protocol UDP.

Note: the old RFCs related to IPsec (e.g., [RFC 2406][RFC 2401]) are not recommended for new implementations.

5.1 Profile of IPsec ESP

5.1.1 Confidentiality

The confidentiality protection for OMA enablers at the IP level SHALL be provided by profiling IPsec ESP either according to [RFC 4303][RFC 4305] or [RFC 2406], however [RFC 4303] [RFC 4305] support is recommended. If [RFC 4303] [RFC 4305] is not supported, [RFC 2406] shall be supported.

The encryption key is the same for the two pairs of simultaneously established SAs. The encryption key can be
derived from the key pre-configured or established as a result of AKA [3GPP TS 33.203] or IKE [RFC 2409][RFC
4306].

The encryption algorithms SHALL comply with the following rules.

- The encryption algorithm is NULL encryption algorithm as specified in [RFC 2410], or DES EDE3 CBC as specified in [RFC 2451] or AES CBC with 128 bit key as specified in [RFC 3602].
- The Client SHALL support one of above three encryption algorithms.
- The Server SHALL support above three encryption algorithms.

5.1.2 Integrity

The integrity protection for OMA enablers at the IP level SHALL be provided by profiling IPsec ESP either according to [RFC 4303] [RFC 4305] or [RFC 2406], however [RFC 4303] [RFC 4305] support is recommended. If [RFC 4303] [RFC 4305] is not supported, [RFC 2406] shall be supported.

• The integrity key is the same for the two pairs of simultaneously established SAs. The integrity key can be derived from the key pre-configured or established as a result of AKA [3GPP TS 33.203] or IKE [RFC 2409][RFC 4306].

If [RFC 4303] [RFC 4305] is supported, the integrity algorithms SHALL comply with the following rules.

- The integrity algorithm is NULL integrity algorithm as specified in [RFC 2410], HMAC-SHA1-96 as specified in [RFC 2404] or AES-XCBC-MAC-96 as specified in [RFC 3566].
- The Client SHALL support one of above three integrity algorithms.
- The Server SHALL support above three integrity algorithms.

If [RFC 4303] [RFC 4305] is not supported, [RFC 2406] shall be supported and the integrity algorithms SHALL comply with the following rules.

- The integrity algorithm is NULL integrity algorithms as specified in [RFC 2410], HMAC-MD5-96 as specified in [RFC 2403] or HMAC-SHA1-96 as specified in [RFC 2404].
- The Client SHALL support one of above two integrity algorithms.
- The Server SHALL support both above integrity algorithms.

Note 1: Known weaknesses of SHA-1 should not affect the use of SHA-1 with HMAC.

Note 2: Due to known security vulnerabilities, the use of MD5 is deprecated. Existing implementations MAY still use it, but it is recommended to use stronger methods such as HMAC-SHA1-96, AES-XCBC-MAC-96 instead

5.1.3 Flow of IPsec ESP SA set-up

The following Figure xx is an overview of the flow of IPsec ESP SA set-up.

Note: How to establish security associations before setting up IPsec ESP SA is out of scope. The key used to protect IPsec ESP SA set-up may be pre-configured or established as a result of AKA [3GPP TS 33.203] or IKE [RFC 2409][RFC 4306].

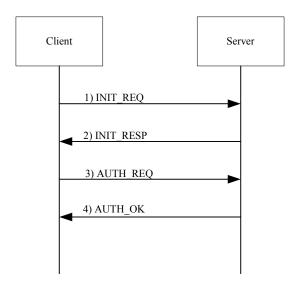


Figure 1: Flow of IPsec ESP SA set-up

Above Figure 1 is outlined as below:

- 1) The Client sends INIT_REQ message towards the Server to start the procedures of the security mode set-up.
- 2) After receiving message INIT_REQ, the Server temporarily stores the parameters received in this message together with the Client IP address from the source IP address of the IP packet header, the Client identifier.

The Server shall define the SPIs such that they are unique and different from any SPIs as received from the Client.

In order to determine the integrity and encryption algorithm the Server proceeds as follows: the Server has a list of integrity and encryption algorithms it supports, ordered by priority. The Server selects the first algorithm combination on its own list which is also supported by the Client. If the Client did not include any confidentiality algorithm in INIT_REQ message then the Server shall either select the NULL encryption algorithm or abort the procedure, according to its policy on confidentiality.

The Server then establishes two new pairs of SAs in the local security association database.

The Server calculates the Server Response from the key used to protect IPsec ESP SA set-up. It's assumed the Server can get the key used to protect IPsec ESP SA set-up.

The Server sends message INIT_RESP to the Client.

3) After receiving message INIT_RESP, the Client checks if the Server Response is correct, and determines the integrity and encryption algorithms as follows: the Client selects the first integrity and encryption algorithm combination on the list received from the Server in message INIT_RESP which is also supported by the Client. If the Server did not include any confidentiality algorithm in message INIT_RESP then the Client shall select the NULL encryption algorithm.

The Client then proceeds to establish two new pairs of SAs in the local SAD.

The Client generates the Client Response from the key used to protect IPsec ESP SA set-up. It's assumed the Client can get the key used to protect IPsec ESP SA set-up

The Client sends message AUTH REQ to the Client.

4) After receiving message AUTH_REQ from the Client, the Server shall check if the Client Response is correct, and also checks whether the integrity and encryption algorithms list received in message AUTH_REQ is identical with the corresponding parameters sent in message INIT_RESP. It further checks whether other parameters (e.g., IP address, port number) received in message AUTH_REQ are identical with those received in message INIT_REQ. If these checks are not successful the registration procedure is aborted.

The Server finally sends message AUTH OK to the Client.

After that, the Client can assume the successful completion of the security-mode setup. And the all following data message between the Client and the Server can be protected with integrity and confidentiality. The integrity key and encryption key are the same for the two pairs of simultaneously established SAs and can be derived from the key pre-configured or established as a result of AKA [3GPP TS 33.203] or IKE [RFC 2409][RFC 4306].

Appendix A. Change History

(Informative)

A.1 Approved Version History

Reference	Date	Description
n/a	n/a	No prior version –or- No previous version within OMA

A.2 Draft Version 1.1 History

Document Identifier	Date	Sections	Description	
Draft Versions	25 Dec 2009	All	Incorporates input to committee:	
OMA-TS-IPSec_Profile-V1_1	23 Dec 2007	All	OMA-ARC-SEC-2009-0086R01-	
OWA-13-11 Sec_110IIIc-v1_1			INP Baseline of SEC CF1.1 TS Development	
	15 Apr 2010	4	OMA-ARC-SEC-2010-0032R01-	
			CR_SEC_CF1.1_TS_IPSec_Profile_Introduction	
	30 Apr 2010	1	OMA-ARC-SEC-2010-0033R02-	
		5	CR_SEC_CF1.1_TS_IPSec_Profile_IPSEC_ESP	
			OMA-ARC-SEC-2010-0037R02-CR_SEC_CF1.1_TS_IPSec_Profile_Scope	
	18 May 2010	all	OMA-ARC-SEC-2010-0040-CR_SEC_CF1.1_TS_IPSec_Profile_References.doc;	
			OMA-ARC-SEC-2010-0041R01-CR_SEC_CF1.1_TS_IPSec_Profile_SCR.doc;	
			OMA-ARC-SEC-2010-0042-	
			CR_SEC_CF1.1_TS_IPSec_Profile_Abbreviations.doc.	
	01 Sep 2010	All	OMA-ARC-SEC-2010-0073-CR_Minor_Fixes_IPsec_Profile	
			OMA-ARC-SEC-2010-0077-CR_IPsec_Profile_Abbreviations	
	03 Oct 2010	All	OMA-ARC-SEC-2010-0095R01-CR_IPsec_Profile_ESP_	
	04 Oct 2010	All	Editorial fixes:	
			2010 copyright	
			Removed empty rows in tables	
			Fixed History table	
			Added Figures in Contents	
	29 Oct 2010	5.1.3	Incorporates the input: OMA-ARC-SEC-2010-0108-	
			CR_CONR_SEC_CF1.1_TS_IPSec_Profile_E001	
Candidate Version	30 Nov 2010	All	Status changed by TP:	
OMA-TS-IPSec_Profile-V1_1			OMA-TP-2010-0472-INP_SEC_CF_V1_1_ERP_for_Candidate_Approval	

Appendix B. Static Conformance Requirements

(Normative)

The notation used in this appendix is specified in [SCRRULES].

B.1 SCR for IPsec Client

Item	Function	Reference	Requirement
IPsec-C-001-M	OMA IPsec implementations conform to	Section 5.1	
	[RFC4303][RFC4305] or [RFC2406]. If [RFC 4303]	Section 5.1.1	
	[RFC 4305] is not supported, [RFC 2406] shall be supported.	Section 5.1.2	
IPsec-C-002-O	The Client SHALL support confidentiality.	Section 5.1.1	IPsec-C-005-O OR
			IPsec-C-006-O OR
			IPsec-C-007-O
IPsec-C-003-O	If OMA IPsec implementations conform to	Section 5.1.2	IPsec-C-008-O OR
	[RFC4303][RFC4305], the Client SHALL support		IPsec-C-009-O OR
	integrity.		IPsec-C-010-O
IPsec-C-004-O	If OMA IPsec implementations conform to [RFC2406],	Section 5.1.2	IPsec-C-008-O OR
	the Client SHALL support integrity.		IPsec-C-009-O OR
			IPsec-C-011-O
IPsec-C-005-O	NULL encryption algorithm as specified in [RFC2410]	Section 5.1.1	
IPsec-C-006-O	Encryption algorithm AES-CBC with 128 bit key as specified in [RFC3602]	Section 5.1.1	
IPsec-C-007-O	Encryption algorithm DES-EDE3-CBC as specified in [RFC2451]	Section 5.1.1	
IPsec-C-008-O	NULL integrity algorithm as specified in [RFC2410]	Section 5.1.2	
IPsec-C-009-O	HMAC-SHA1-96 as specified in [RFC2404]	Section 5.1.2	
IPsec-C-010-O	AES-XCBC-MAC-96 as specified in [RFC3566]	Section 5.1.2	
IPsec-C-011-O	HMAC-MD5-96 as specified in [RFC2403]	Section 5.1.2	

B.2 SCR for IPsec Server

Item	Function	Reference	Requirement
IPsec-S-001-M	OMA IPsec implementations conform to [RFC4303][RFC4305] or [RFC2406]. If [RFC 4303] [RFC 4305] is not supported, [RFC 2406] shall be supported.	Section 5.1.1 Section 5.1.1 Section 5.1.2	
IPsec-S-002-O	If OMA IPsec implementations conform to [RFC4303][RFC4305], the Client SHALL support confidentiality.	Section 5.1.1	IPsec-S-005-O AND IPsec-S-006-O AND IPsec-S-007-O
IPsec-S-003-O	If OMA IPsec implementations conform to [RFC4303][RFC4305], the Client SHALL support integrity.	Section 5.1.2	IPsec-S-008-O AND IPsec-S-009-O AND IPsec-S-010-O
IPsec-S-004-O	If OMA IPsec implementations conform to [RFC2406], the Client SHALL support integrity.	Section 5.1.2	IPsec-S-008-O AND IPsec-S-010-O AND IPsec-S-011-O
IPsec-S-005-O	NULL encryption algorithm as specified in [RFC2410]	Section 5.1.1	
IPsec-S-006-O	Encryption algorithm AES-CBC with 128 bit key as specified in [RFC3602]	Section 5.1.1	
IPsec-S-007-O	Encryption algorithm DES-EDE3-CBC as specified in [RFC2451]	Section 5.1.1	

Item	Function	Reference	Requirement
IPsec-S-008-O	NULL integrity algorithm as specified in [RFC2410]	Section 5.1.2	
IPsec-S-009-O	HMAC-SHA1-96 as specified in [RFC2404]	Section 5.1.2	
IPsec-S-010-O	AES-XCBC-MAC-96 as specified in [RFC3566]	Section 5.1.2	
IPsec-S-011-O	HMAC-MD5-96 as specified in [RFC2403]	Section 5.1.2	